

PRAGUE

THE BEST OF





PRAGUE

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St. Vitus Cathedral – wall painting in St. Wenceslas Chapel

PRAGUE

the best of

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PRAGA CAPUT REI PUBLICAE

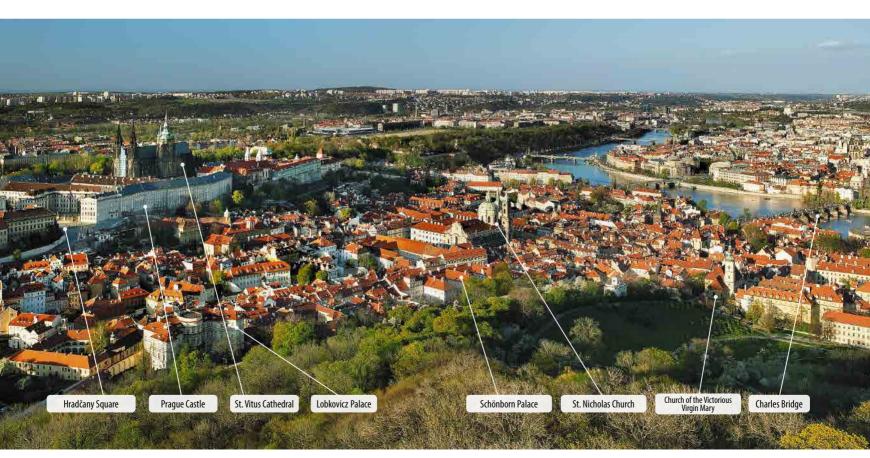
Prague, the capital city of the Czech Republic, extends along the Vltava River, in the middle of the Czech Basin. Czech Republic's biggest city, Prague covers over 500 square kilometres and houses 12 % of its population. Prague's beautifully preserved historic core earned it a place on the UNESCO list in 1992.

The earliest settlements date from the 4th millennium B.C. The most important **prehistoric** finds come from Šárka or Únětice, near present-day Prague. At that time, it was the most significant

settlement in the Czech Basin. This area was also a very substantial part of the **Celtic** world during the Hallstatt period in the 6th century B.C. Around 1 A.D., the **Germanic tribes** arrived. They took over this region from the Celtic Boii tribe, later calling it Boiohaemum, "the home of the Boii" now Bohemia. Bohemia then became their home for the next five hundred years. The Slavs replaced them at the turn of the 5th and 6th centuries and it is with them that the creation of Prague in its present position is first associated. The increasing requirements of the state led to the creation of Prague Castle, which served as the residence of Bohemian princes from as early as the 9th century.

The Přemyslid Empire and Přemyslid Prague grew with the spread of Christianity, which Saints Cyril and Methodius brought to the people in the Slavic language in 863. Prague was already an imposing city in the 10th century, as Jewish traveller Ibrahim Ibn Jakob described it as a rich "stone town." The rise of the capital city reflected the prosperity of the Czech Lands. After more than five hundred years on the throne, the Přemyslids not only ruled Bohemia, Moravia and Silesia from Prague but they had also obtained the

Polish and Hungarian Kingdoms. The riches of the Kutná Hora silver mines inspired frenzy comparable to the 19th century Klondike gold rush, and silver Prague aroschen represented one of the most stable currencies in Europe for the following three centuries. Unfortunately, the state immediately disintegrated when young Wenceslas III, the last of the Přemyslids, was murdered in Olomouc in 1306. The city of Prague remained a shining example of power and beauty for central Europe, which the Luxembourgs and Jagiellonians emulated. Later, the Habsburgs restored and united central Europe.





The head of Héro the Celt

The Luxembourgs ruled for nearly one hundred and thirty years (1310-1437). Wenceslas, son of John of Luxembourg, and raised in the Paris court, took the name of Charles as their most distinguished representative. He obtained the imperial crown and was from then on known as Charles IV. Prague, the capital city of Bohemia and the Holy Roman Empire, transformed itself into a city unlike any other in Europe at that time. Charles' son, Wenceslas IV, was unable to follow his successful father's example during difficult times. The old world collapsed, Bohemian fine arts boomed, and the stage for the first Reformation was set in Prague.

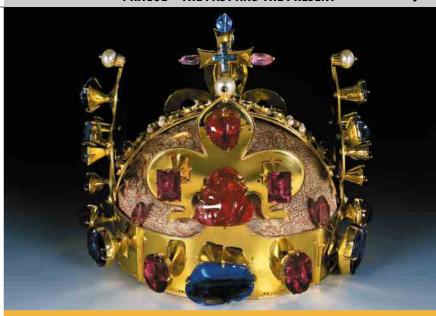
The Czech Reformation happened one hundred years earlier than the European Reformation. The Czech Lands paid a cruel price for this, with numerous civil wars, a plethora of crusades and forbidding papal laws, which plagued the Bohemian countryside for most of the 15th century. Not even the capable Hussite King George of Poděbrady was

able to turn around this unfavourable development. A golden age had ended. The rulers of the **Jagiellonian Dynasty**, who wanted to lead the country out of crisis, had a lot of great ambitions, but unfortunately lesser abilities. The tragic death of King Louis in the Battle of Mohács (1526) ended the more than fifty year reign of the Jagiellonians, and opened the way for the Turks to invade Hungary and for the Habsburgs to gain power.

The Habsburgs held together the states of Austria, Bohemia and Hungary for almost four hundred years until 1918. The age of the Renaissance accompanied them in their accession to the Czech throne, and a newly Protestant



Prague groschen (1st half of the 14th century)



St. Wenceslas' Crown

Charles IV had the symbol of Czech statehood made for his coronation as King of Bohemia in 1347. The crown, kept in St.Vitus Cathedral in Prague Castle, is made of pure gold, and is richly decorated with sapphires, rubies, and emeralds.

environment emerged. Emperor Rudolf II moved his residence to Prague in 1584, and it seemed the city would recover its glory. Rudolf II's Prague became a centre of Mannerism in Europe, artfully pursuing the representation of idealized beauty.

After the death of Rudolph II, the conflict of the Protestant majority with the Catholic Habsburgs ended in the rebellion of the estates, which ushered in the **Thirty Years' War** (1618–1648). The Czech Protestants lost, and the Czech lands became a provincial backwater as most of the Czech nobles, intelligentsia and patricians emigrated. A period of cruel re-Catholicization took place. The rampaging wars murdered half of the population of the Czech Lands and the

troops plundered the Royal Bohemian and Rudolphine collections. Even so, during the war the ambitious imperial general Albrecht of Wallenstein tried to maintain the Rudolph II's artistic tradition. His imposing palace in the Lesser Town (Malá Strana) thus ushered in the monumental buildings of Prague's **Baroque Period.** Prague changed its appearance again. The cooperation of talented artists and generous patrons runs from the last half of the 17th and to the first part of the 18th century.

The Enlightenment of the 18th century brought the decline of artistic vigour and a lapse into provincialism. The enforcement of German as the official state language coupled with the cultural barbarity of the Josephine reforms



devastated the country and threatened the survival of the Czech language. The National Revival movement swiftly followed, as a response to this "century of Enlightenment". It did not only involve the Czech nation, but also the Germanspeaking minority. The tragic manner of defining a nation by language laid the foundations for the national rift between the Czech-and German-speaking Czechs. Paradoxically, at this time, excellent Czech literature written in German was published, climaxing at the turn of the 19th and 20th centuries with authors such as Franz Kafka, Gustav Meyrink (Mever), and Franz Werfel.

The works of the 19th century, including Prague Art Nouveau, complemented the Baroque character of Medieval Prague, but did not change its character. In the end, not even the **modern movements** of the beginning of the 20th century damaged the appearance of old Prague. An example of this can be found in Prague's unique pre-World War I Cubist architecture.

World War I swept away the Habsburg Monarchy. On October 28th, 1918, the formation of the **Czechoslovak Republic** was proclaimed, Prague became a thriving capital city, and Prague Castle welcomed the first President of the Czechoslovak Republic, Thomas Garrique Masaryk. In the late 1920's, Art Nouveau was replaced by Functionalism and Surrealism. The twenty-year period of the First Republic was the second golden age in the country's history, terminated by the Munich Agreement in 1938, when Britain and France delivered the country to Hitler. The **occupation** by fascist Germany once again threatened the existence of the Czech-speaking majority. The atrocities that the Nazis committed made relations between Czechs and Czech Germans - 98 % of whom later chose to be German Germans - impossible. The Prague Uprising in May 1945 heralded the return of freedom. The post-war expulsion of 2.5 million Germans from the Czech lands ended 700 years of cohabitation between Czech and German-speakers. After the Munich experience with the western allies and impressed by the liberation of most of the Czech lands by Russia, many Czechs believed it would be possible to combine democracy with communism. 40 % of the votes sufficed for the communists to mount a coup d'etat in 1948.

With creative enthusiasm, the **Communist Dictatorship** attempted to destroy everything that was reminiscent of a bygone era. Fortunately, the communists did not have as much strength as they would have wished.

Charles IV of Luxembourg

The Holy Roman Emperor and Bohemian King lived from 1316 to 1378. In the Czech Lands he has been known since his death as "Father of Bohemia" His exceptional abilities as a statesman, and skill at marrying into noble families enabled him to expand the borders of Bohemia. Prague was the centre of his empire and one of the richest and most advanced cities in Europe. He founded significant institutions here such as Charles University, The New Town (Nové Město), St. Vitus Cathedral, Charles Bridge, Karlštejn Castle, and many churches, monasteries, and castles. You can see his likeness in the sculptural group from E. J. Hähnel (1848) near the Old Town Bridge Tower.





PRAGUE CASTLE www.hrad.cz

Prague and its castle are inextricably linked. The significance of Prague Castle as a political and religious centre has not actually changed at all from its most ancient origins and has been the most sacred centre of Bohemia for 1,200 years. Prague Castle's vantage point above the Vltava was advantageous for protection, and a settlement started on the banks of the Vltava. Archaeological evidence shows that a market grew up on the site of the present-day Lesser Town from the 8th century. A settlement developed on Hradčany during this period and it is highly probable that the religious and political function of Prague Castle arose at this time.

The oldest written records about the complex date from 880. At that time the Přemyslid Prince **Bořivoj** had it fortified and transferred his residence here from Levý Hradec, where he had built a palace earlier, and founded the Church of the Virgin Mary which is the second oldest in the Czech Republic. Archaeologists have established that **the Prague Castle heights were the religious and political centre of Bohemia by 850 A.D.** Bohemian nobles assembled, chose their Princes, and put them on the throne. At the same time, they worshiped the old pagan pre-Christian gods.

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Entrance to the Castle through the Gate of the Giants, with Matyáš Gate in the background

After the tanks from "friendly" soviet block countries crushed an attempt at "socialism with a human face", the era of normalization arrived, in which devastation of Czech cultural heritage

On November 17th, 1989, The Velvet **Revolution** enabled Czechs to return to a self-determining state. Prague once again woke up to freedom. Free elections meant the division of Czechoslovakia, also known as The Velvet Divorce, as

progressed more systematically.

irreconcilable differences mounted between the Czechs and Slovaks, about how to run the state mounted between the Slovaks and the Czechs. Since 1993, Prague has been the capital city of the Czech Republic, which on March 12th, 1999 entered NATO and on the May 1st, 2004 the European Union.

PRAGUE CASTLE THE NEW PALACE, FIRST AND SECOND COURTYARDS

Nowadays, Prague Castle's New Palace is the administrative seat of the President of the Czech Republic. The Viennese court architect, Nicola Pacassi, built its wings in the late 18th century to unify the individual castle palaces, particularly those from the time of Rudolf II.

The main entrance to Prague Castle was always on the western side facing Hradčanské náměstí (Hradčany





2nd Courtyard — the Chapel of the Holy Cross and the Renaissance Well and Baroque Kohl Fountain

Square). At one time, there was a ravine separating the spur of Prague Castle from the adjoining Hradčany on the site of the present-day First Courtyard. During the 10th century, the ravine was transformed into a deep moat, and in the 14th century, two more moats were added. Nicola Pacassi changed the thousand-year entrance to the castle by filling in the ditches and creating the area of the First Courtyard. It is actually an honorary courtyard, dominated by the Gate of the Giants [1] with sculptural decoration and the Late Manneristic Matyáš Gate from 1614, which continues into the western wing of the **New Palace.** Its architectural appearance demonstrates what the corresponding Rudolphine buildings could have looked at Prague Castle.

The entrance hallway of the Matyáš Gate divides the west wing: the southern part boasts Rococo decorated interiors from the 18th century and the monumental Column Hall of Josip Plečnik, constructed in the early 1920s, dominates the northern part. Its original, yet traditionally respectful style enchanted the President T. G. Masaryk.

The northern part of the west wing continues up to the most impressive space of the presidential part of Prague Castle – the **Spanish Hall.** Rudolph II commissioned its construction in 1602 for court celebrations.

Built at the same time as the north wing, where there had been stables from the beginning of the 16th century, the Prague Castle Picture Gallery cannot compete with its previous Rudolphine



Third Courtyard of Prague Castle

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riches. Nevertheless, the collection here is a worthy successor with works by Lucas Cranach the Elder, Hans von Aachen, Tizian, and Peter Paul Rubens. The area of the Second Courtvard is dominated by the Baroque Fountain

The windows of Vladislav Hall have

a Renaissance character

built in 1686, a Renaissance well with a decorative cover from the 18th century and the Chapel of the Holy Cross [2] built in the mid-18th century. The period fittings of its interior were installed during the 19th century.

The Palace Wings around the Second Courtyard now serve as representative and presidential offices. The Rococo and Classicist interiors were linked by the tasteful adaptations of Josip Plečnik, T. G. Masaryk's architect in the 1920s. He was responsible for the Impluvium as the central space of the presidential flat at the division of the south and west wings, the Harp Stateroom, but also the **Lift** and other spaces).

Tradition at Prague Castle goes hand in hand with a vibrant present. In the 1990s, contemporary art chosen by Václav Havel's architect, Bořek Šípek enlivened the New Palace wing on the Second Courtyard.



Vladislav Hall

THE THIRD COURTYARD AND THE OLD ROYAL PALACE

Part of the courtyard south of the cathedral is decorated by a monolith of black granite 131, erected in 1928 as a memorial to the victims of the First World War. There is also a replica of the bronze group of statues of St **George** (the original dating from 1373 is now in the National Gallery) and the **Old** Provost's Office [3], which is located at the Palace of the Prague Bishops. The original appearance of this palace has been preserved on the surface of the facade from which part of the stonework and an associated Romanesque window from 1142 protrude. The original group of statues of St. George is the oldest preserved bronze equestrian statue in central Europe.

Under the **Old Royal Palace** we come across Romanesque halls dating from 1135, when Prince Soběslav had his breathtakingly beautiful seat built here "in the manner of a Roman town". as a contemporary chronicler recorded. A barrel vault spans the preserved cellar halls and it is possible to see the uncovered remains of a much older rampart fortification, perhaps dating from the 10th century. Originally, these



The so-called Vladislay's Bedroom





Riding Staircase

rooms served as food stores, wine cellars and occasionally, as a prison or dungeon. The **Gothic ground floor** from the Luxemburg period is above the Romanesque cellars. It dates from the time of Charles IV (1333). Arcades, which Wenceslas IV had partially walled up (around 1400), opened onto the courtyard. A series of halls is located behind them — the most notable is the **Column Hall of Wenceslas IV** (around 1400). Its Late Gothic-styled living area is one of the most luxurious in the palace.

The Late Gothic and Renaissance floor [4] is located above the Luxembourg Gothic ground floor. It mainly dates from the Jagiellonian period (1471–1526) and mainly served for courtly purposes from the earliest times. The outer windows and inner portals illustrate the first echoes of the Italian Renaissance in Bohemia.

The Late Gothic **Vladislav Throne Room** [5] dominates the whole floor.
Architect Benedict Ried, replaced the

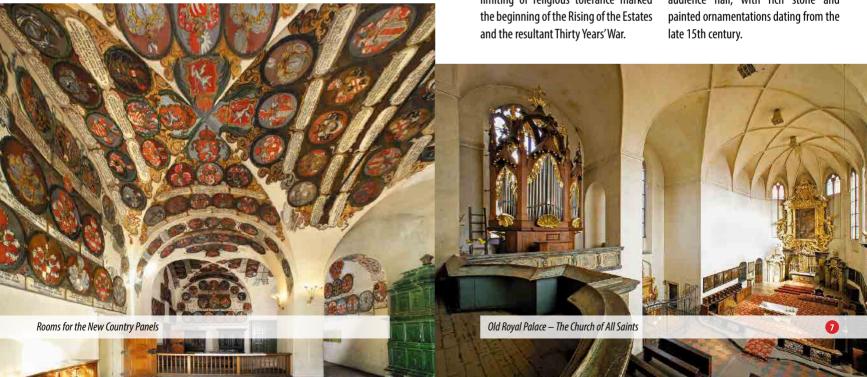
original halls of the Luxembourg Palace between 1486 and 1502, creating the largest vaulted space without internal buttressing in the European world. This was the venue for coronation celebrations, representational banquets and ceremonies. Here you would find important parliaments assembled, tournaments taking place and luxury goods sold as well. Today, this is the venue for announcing newly elected Presidents of the Czech Republic and other significant political ceremonies.

The seat of the Bohemian Court Office was located in the Renaissance-styled **Ludwig's Wing 181** in 1509, named after Ludwig Jagiellon. Czech Protestants threw the Catholic vice regents of the estates out of the window of the second room of the Bohemian Court Office on May 23rd, 1618. This protest against the erosion of provincial freedom and the limiting of religious tolerance marked the beginning of the Rising of the Estates and the resultant Thirty Years' War



Old Parliament

Late-Gothic **Vladislav's Bedroom 63** is located in the wing above Wenceslas' Columned Hall. It is, in reality, a small audience hall, with rich stone and painted ornamentations dating from the late 15th century.



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Ludwig 's Wing

The Renaissance wing of the Royal Palace was entered in the history books on the 23rd of May, 1618, as Protestant aristocrats threw some royal vice regents out of the window. Although all of them survived, the act of protest provoked the unleashing of the rising of the estates, which started the Thirty Years' War in Europe. This was already the **Third Defenestration of Prague**: The first, in 1419, led to the occupation of **Prague** by the Hussites and subsequently to the Hussite Revolution; the second, in 1483, took place during the uprising of the Protestants against the Catholics.

The **Church of All Saints** [7] adjoins the Royal Palace from the eastern side. Its original, 12th century Romanesque appearance made way for Gothic renovations, commissioned by Charles IV. In the late 14th century, architect Petr Parléř finished the church, which was destroyed by fire in 1541. In 1580, the church was restored, extended and directly connected to Vladislav Hall. In 1588, the remains of St. Prokop, Bohemian patron saint were placed here. He was the founder of Sázava Monastery, where the Great Moravian Old Slav Liturgy was kept until the end of the

11th century. The present-day fittings of the church are mainly Baroque, but the side altar triptych of the Holy Angels from the end of the 16th century is the work of an excellent painter from the Rudolphine Court — perhaps by Hans von Aachen himself.

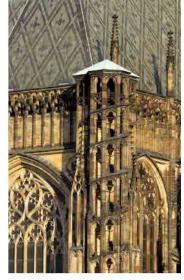
ST. VITUS CATHEDRAL

The true heart of the Czech state and the most sacred place for all Czechs is situated in the middle of the main Third Courtyard. In earlier times, the Rotunda of St. Vitus founded by St. Wenceslas in 925, was located here on the present day site of **St. Vitus Cathedral** [9]. In the 11th century, the Chapel of St. Wenceslas succeeded the Romanesque Basilica that once stood here. It served as a Cathedral to the Prague Archbishops, as well as a coronation and burial place for Bohemian rulers.

The body of St. Wenceslas, eternal king and protector of Bohemia reposes in the Chapel of St. Wenceslas [12] and the Crown Jewels [13] are deposited above the chapel in the Coronation Chamber. St. Wenceslas Chapel, built under Charles IV by Petr Parléř (1367) demonstrates the significance of this place. Its square ground plan actually disrupts the usual scheme of a cathedral ground plan of the day, because it was not possible to relocate the holy grave of the main patron of the country. It was the wish of Charles IV to demonstrate this. Covered with bright semi-precious stones and frescoes, the walls of St. Wenceslas Chapel dating from the 16th century recount the legend of St. Wenceslas. The two-metre stone **Statue**



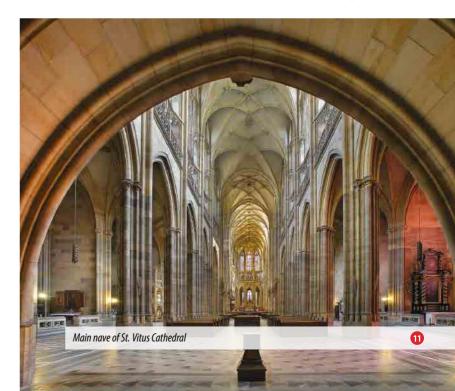




Spiral staircase



of St. Wenceslas (1373) and frescoes depicting the Passion and the portraits of Charles IV and his fourth wife, Eliška Pomořanská date from the time of Charles IV. The completely exceptional star vault of the chapel also dates to the reign of Charles IV. The other fittings are Renaissance, except for the Neo-



22 ST. VITUS CATHEDRAL ST. VITUS CATHEDRAL 23



Crown Jewels of the Bohemian Kings

The Czech Crown Jewels are stored in the Royal Chamber of St. Vitus Cathedral behind a door with seven locks. In this way, under the additional symbolic protection of St. Wenceslas, the patron saint of the country, the most valuable Czech treasure — the Coronation Insignia of the Bohemian Kings — is protected.

The crown was first used in 1347 (more on page 7). The apple and sceptre come from a later period, probably from the 1st half of the 16th century, made from very fine gold, sapphires and pearls.

Gothic gilded chandelier and the altar tombstone of St. Wenceslas dating from 1913.

A dominant feature of the southern façade is the **Great Southern Tower** capped with a Renaissance gallery and a Baroque onion cupola. The core is, however, by Petr Parléř as is the adjacent **spiral staircase [10]**, a technical marvel of its era. Its axis changes direction in three places and the whole construction evokes an unusually lightweight effect as the outer casing consists of a decorative network of ribs. Its creator was probably Petr Parléř or his sons. A Renaissance clock from the end of the 16th century



St. Wenceslas Chapel

was added to the Great Tower as was a gilt window grate. Rudolph II donated this latter feature and the biggest bell is behind it — the sixteen ton, Zikmund (1549).

The **Golden Gate** forms the monumental entrance to the cathedral between the Great Southern Tower and the St. Wenceslas Chapel. Its vaulted entrance hall was constructed in an unbelievably complicated manner by using "free rib

technique", where free space is lined with structural buttresses. Although it is a work of the 1360s, it anticipated practices which were in use about one hundred years later. The outer frontal wall of the Golden Gate is decorated with a **mosaic [15]** from the time of Charles IV on which he is portrayed with his fourth wife, Eliška Pomořanská. Venetian mosaic makers made it in 1371 according to designs by Czech painters. It is the

biggest and oldest outdoor mosaic north of the Alps.

Petr Parléř's workshop not only made the Chapel of St. Wenceslas and the Golden Gate with the South Tower, but also the presbytery of the cathedral up to the **Old Sacristy**, roofed with a bold vault with a suspended apex stone. Built in 1356, this was a technically superlative performance in its day. **The Vault of the Presbytery** built in 1385 by Petr

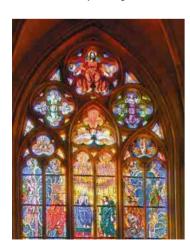
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St. Vitus' Cathedral – view in the direction of the main altar

Parléř, is one of the oldest net vaults in Europe. Late Gothic architectural designs produced during construction of the Prague cathedral were replicated almost a century later throughout central Europe.

The busts of the lower triforium are rare not only in regards to their

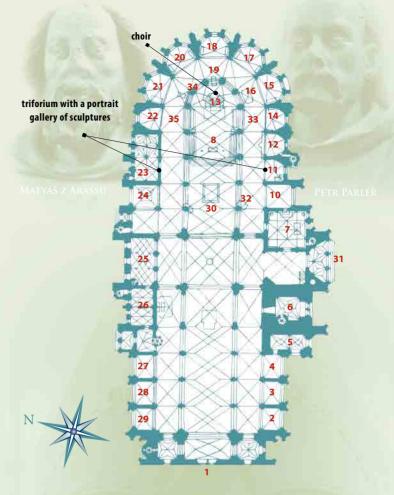


Window panes by M. Švabinský

realistic design, but in their subject matter. Members of noble houses and the highest church dignitaries in the kingdom are depicted as well as both of the cathedral architects (Matyáš of Arras and Petr Parléř) and five building directors. Paying tribute to the artists themselves was quite unusual in the Middle Ages and demonstrates the pre-Renaissance character of the Prague Court of Charles IV.

Some of the original painted decorations have also been preserved in the individual chapels of the presbytery - Gothic wall paintings from the end of the 14th century.

The remains of older buildings have been preserved under the cathedral, where you'll find the eastern Crypts of St. Cosmas and Damion from the 11th century, the southern masonry and northern apses of the St. Vitus Rotunda, as well as tombs for the Kings of Bohemia and their wives.



- main entrance (west facade)
- Chapel of St. Ludmilla
- Chapel of the Lord's Tomb
- Thun Chapel
- Capitular Library
- Hasenburg Chapel entrance to the tower gallery
- Chapel of St. Wenceslas (Coronation Cabinet)
- Royal Mausoleum
- 10 Chapel of St. Andrew (Martinická)
- 11 Chap. of the Holy Cross, entrance to the Royal Crypts
- 12 Royal oratory
- 13 Main altar
- 14 Chapel of St. Mary Magdalene (Vladštejnská)
- 16 Tombstone of St. John Nepomuk
- 17 Chapel of the Holy Relics (Saská or Šternberská)
- 18 Chapel of Mother Mary (Císařská)

- 19 Altar of St. Vitus
- 20 Chapel of St. John the Baptist
- 21 The Archbishop's Chapel (Pernštejnská)
- 22 Chapel of St. Anne (Nostická)
- 23 The Old Sacristy, former Chap. of St. Michael
- Chapel of St. Sigmund (Černínská)
- Choir Chapel
- The New Sacristy
- The New Archbishop's Chapel
- The Schwarzenberg Chapel
- Chapel of the Bartons of Dobenín
- Exit from the crypts
- The Golden Gate (southern facade)
- 32 Monument to Field Marshal Count Leopold Šlik
- 33 Two-part carved picture of the devastated Cathedral of St. Vitus
- 34 Bronze statue of the kneeling Cardinal Bedřich Schwarzenberk



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Around Prague Castle, Hradčany

The Royal Crypt was built at the end of the 16th century into the remains of the Romanesque buildings of the St. Vitus Chapter House. Its present-day appearance is the result of renovations made in the early 20th century. Pride of place belongs to Charles IV († 1378), but his son Wenceslas IV († 1419) is also buried here with his spouse Johanna of Bavaria as well as Kings Ladislav Pohrobek († 1457), George of Poděbrady († 1471) and Rudolph II. († 1612), who is stored in his original, richly decorated tin coffin.

After the death of Petr Parléř in 1399, building work slowed down, and after the outbreak of the Hussite Wars in 1420, it stopped completely. Over the following centuries, only the cathedral was completed. The Late Gothic **Royal Oratory** was built in 1493 in tribute to the Jagiellonians.

The Renaissance-styled **Royal Mausoleum** with the graves of Ferdinand I, Anna and Maxmilian II was built in the late 16th century during the reign of Habsburg dynasty.

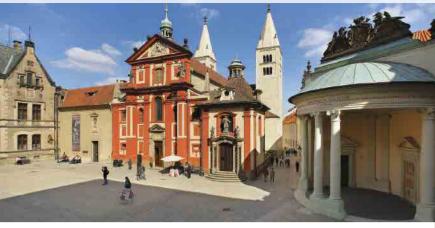
The **silver tombstone of Jan of Nepomuk** that decorates the Baroque cathedral was completed with allegorical statues and angels in 1746.

Work on the completion of the cathedral continued well into the 20th century. The decoration of the cathedral became an opportunity for modern Czech artists to show their abilities. Josef



The Golden Gate — detail of the mosaic of the Last Judgement





The open space in front of the Convent of St. George

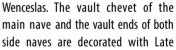


Václav Myslbek's Tomb of Cardinal B. Schwarzenberk, completed in 1895, was granted an award in Paris in 1900. Regarding modern works, the original Art Nouveau symbolic altars by the sculptor František Bílek, or the stained glass window displays [14] by famous Czech artists (i.a. Alfons Mucha, Max Švabinský) are certainly captivating.

THE CONVENT OF ST. GEORGE. VIKÁŘSKÁ AND JIŘSKÁ STREET

The Benedictine Convent of St. George [16] ranks amongst the oldest standing buildings of Prague Castle. The Baroque facade of its church conceals a basilica from the year 920, founded by the father of St. Wenceslas - Vratislav I. Today the

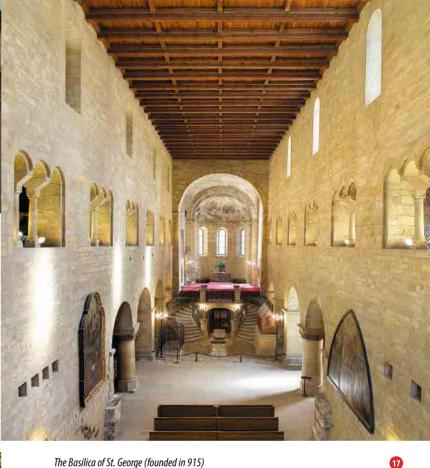




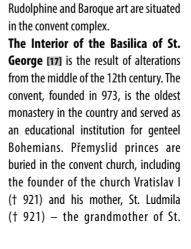
Romanesque paintings from the first half of the 13th century.

The Renaissance-styled southern portal of St.George's Basilica has a tympanum with St. George slaying the dragon [18].

Vikářská ulice (Vikářská Street) joins to the northern side of Jiřské náměstí (St. George's Square). From here, you can walk along to the northern fortification with the Mihulka artillery Tower







National Gallery and its collections of



liřská Lane

built at the end of the 15th century. Suprisingly, it never served any military purpose. During the reign of Rudolph II, alchemists kept their workshops here. Later, gunpowder was stored here, causing an explosion in 1645. Luckily, the tower was so well-built that it remained standing.

Jiřská Lane (St. George's Lane) [19] slopes down around the southern side of the Convent of St. George. The classicist Institute of Nobles runs down Jiřská Lane opposite St. George's Basilica. Built in 1753, on the site of the Renaissance styled Rožmberk Palace, Jiřská Lane runs along the length of the Lobkowitz Palace,

where you will find a National Museum exhibition, and the Renaissance-styled buildings of the Highest Burgrave, built in 1555, to the Black Tower.

The extensively restored premises of the medieval seat of government, The **Highest Burgrave**, boast interiors with perfectly preserved Renaissance fittings. The Romanesque Black Tower [21], built in 1135, served as a prison. The Renaissance **East Gate** from 1560, stands beside the Black Tower and opens onto the **Old Chateau Steps [22]** in the direction of the Malá Strana (Lesser Town) and to the Opyš, where there is a wonderful viewing terrace on the site of the original fortification, and from where, at one time, a canon shot announced midday to the citizens of Prague.

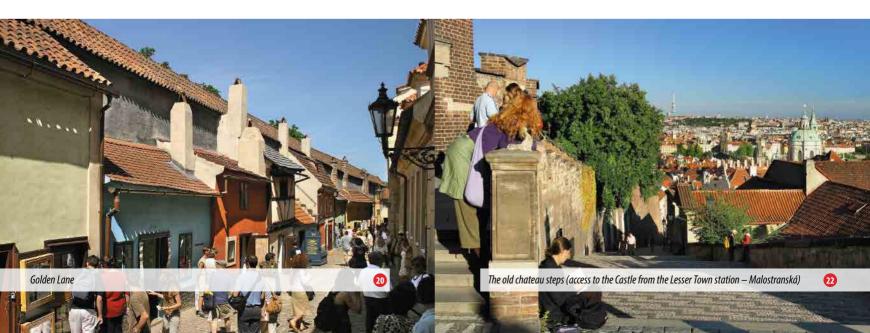
You can turn from Jiřská Lane onto the picturesque Zlatá ulička (Golden Lane) [20]. This attractive Renaissance styled quarter, connected to the castle fortifications, gives us a view of what the lodgings for castle servants and



The Black Tower



personnel probably looked like. From 1591, "useless menials", as well as castle marksmen and later, goldsmiths, lived here. Franz Kafka stayed here for a short time between 1916 and 1917.





South Gardens — Bellevue Pavilion



THE PRAGUE CASTLE GARDENS

Gardens spread out in the area immediately surrounding Prague Castle. They have been growing here from as early as 1534, during the reign of Ferdinand I. They conceal a series of Renaissance and Baroque statues

by eminent artists and noteworthy buildings, such as the 17th century Baroque **Riding Hall [27]**. Since 1948, it has been an exhibition hall.

Situated in the Royal Garden, The Renaissance **Ball Game Pavilion** [25], built in 1569, is the oldest walled sports hall in Europe. In 1557, the first tulips



The Ball Game Pavilon (Míčovna) is richly decorated with Renaissance sgraffito (1567–1569) 25

north of the Alps bloomed in the Royal Garden and from here, they found their way to Holland.

Modern-day artist, Eva Jiřičná created

the **New Orangery**, a modern technical wonder, between 1995 and 1998, on the original foundations of the Rudolphine orangery, dating from the 17th century. The Renaissance Folly of Queen Anne Jagiellon [26] is the most famous building in the gardens of Prague Castle. Ferdinand I had it built for his wife in the Royal Gardens in the mid-16th century. Decorated with dozens of Renaissance styled historical- and courtesan-themed reliefs, it was, in its day, the most Italianate building north of the Alps. Water, spurting from the bronze Singing Fountain made in 1564, tinkles in front of the Folly.

The South Garden and connecting **Na Valech garden [23]** are also worthy of attention. These gardens underwent many changes from the time of their foundation in 1559. Their present

appearance corresponds to alterations carried out in the 1920s: the main entrance is from Hradčany Square, but the **Bull steps** also connect them to the Third Courtyard. The garden ornaments include a sizable circular **Bowl** [24] made from a single piece of granite, a **marl pyramid** and a series of viewing

33



Nocturnal Allegory (1734)

34 THE PRAGUE CASTLE GARDENS HRADČANY 35



Queen Anne's Folly

26

Hradčany Square with Salmov Palace on the right



pavilions (**Bellevue** [23]) as well as varied architectural and sculptural designs from Baroque to modern times. Two sandstone **obelisks** mark the spot where the vice-regents landed after their defenestration in 1618. They were surprisingly unharmed by the fall. The Protestant chronicler, Pavel

Skála of Zhoř, attributed their survival to a pile of manure located in the spot; Catholics attributed their survival as assistance from winged angels or the Virgin Mary.

HRADČANY

Hradčany, settled since the 3rd millennium B.C., spreads out to the west of Prague Castle. Around 1320, a medieval town was built, and in 1598, Hradčany was first granted municipal privileges. Hradčany was not a typical

town. Diminutive burgher houses from the 14th century huddle in the **Lesser Town (Malá Strana)** in the shadow of the palaces. Today, these houses, with their simpler Renaissance and Early Baroque facades, contrast with the noble monumentality of the palaces, creating a poetic magic.





Loreta – every hour one can hear unique chimes from the end of the 17th century



At its centre is **Hradčanské náměstí** (**Hradčany Square**) [28], which opens onto the main entrance of the first courtyard of Prague Castle. Grand palace courts and ecclesiastical institutions decorate the square, such

as the Renaissance **Lobkowicz** (later called **Schwarzenberg**) **Palace** built with sgraffito decoration completed in 1563, in which the Military Museum now has an exhibition. The gate leading to the Sternberk Palace leads us around



Strahov Monastery (1143) – Its unique collections contain a picture gallery and library





Around Prague Castle, Hradčany and the Lesser Town

the corner to the Rococo facade of the **Archbishop's Palace [29]**, which contains the very valuable European art collections of the **National Gallery**. Besides the gracious noble palaces and their luxurious gardens, such as the Černín Palace garden, churches such as the exquisite **Loreta [30]** (1626; baroque facing of the complex by K. I. Dienzenhofer, dating from 1722), dominate Hradčany.

THE STRAHOV MONASTERY, PETŘÍN AND MALÁ STRANA (THE LESSER TOWN)

The **Strahov Monastery** [31], founded in the mid-12th century, spreads out to the south of Hradčany. Frequently reconstructed throughout its history, its Baroque face is the most distinctive, but the Rudolphine **Church of St. Roch**, dating from the 17th century is also worthy of attention as well as the Romanesque walls of the monastery buildings. The above indicates the

complexity of the building development of this district. The spacious buildings today serve as part of the Monastery, **The Museum of Czech Literature** and the rich **Strahov Gallery**. The library, containing thousands of books





Malostranské náměstí (square), the steeple of the Church of St. Thomas is in the background

36

and manuscripts, the oldest of which date from the 9th century, is especially noteworthy. The bookcases in the Theological and Philosophical Halls, built in Baroque style in the late 17th century, are original.

Vrtbovská Garden

The Strahov Monastery is connected to the **Petřín Orchards**, located on the remains of the original hunting grounds. In the 12th century, vineyards and gardens took over the grounds and today, a two-kilometre long walking path runs through Petřín, offering a view from the **Petřín View Tower** [32], a

60 m high copy of the Paris Eiffel Tower. In addition, there is a curious mirror **Labyrinth**, which, like Petřín, was made in celebration of the Jubilee exhibitions in 1891. There are also dozens of statues or groups of statues and a **funicular railway** that takes you to the top of Petřín Hill.

Wallenstein Garden

Malá Strana (Lesser Town) can be found in the area under Petřín and Prague Castle. In the 8th century, a mercantile settlement existed for a few hundred years, until Prince Břetislav moved the Jewish settlers to the other

side of the Vltava in the 11th century. The Lesser Town became the residential town for Bohemian nobility and foreign envoys. Perhaps not surprisingly, this is the home to many embassies today. The Lesser Town obtained municipal

privileges from Přemysl Otakar II in 1257. Its centre at that time was Malostranské náměstí (Lesser Town Square) [32] with the Church of St. Nicholas [38]. St. Nicholas Church and its adjacent Jesuit College represents the most monumental religious building of the Prague Baroque.

The originally Protestant Church of the Most Holy Trinity, handed over to the



The Lesser Town — Mostecká Street





The Church of St. Nicholas

A dominant feature of the Lesser Town, the 79 m high Church of St. Nicholas, is one of the foremost central European Baroque monuments. Christopher Dienzenhofer, a German builder who worked in Bohemia, and his son Kilián Ignác, who continued with his father's work, created it. The Jesuits commissioned the building on the site of an older church. Works of Baroque masters are represented in the richly decorated interiors. The adjacent bell tower, which signalled the outbreak of fires, is the last warning tower in Prague. Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart played in the church on his visits. The cathedral and the tower are accessible today.

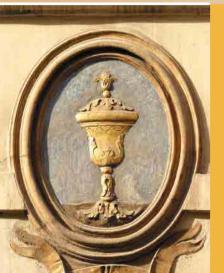
Catholics after the lost uprising and dedicated to **Our Lady of Victory** [39], was the first Baroque church in Prague. In 1628, it became the home of the **Miraculous Infant Jesus of Prague**.

The Augustinian **St. Thomas Church** [36] conceals a Baroque treasure in the shape of an altar by Peter Paul Rubens, commissioned in 1636. This altar is accessible to the public.

The magnificence of baroque palaces, such as Thunovský Palace built in 1726

in Nerudova Street, and the charm of baroque gardens such as the **Vrtbovská Garden** [33] with statues from 1730, or the Ledeburská Garden made in 1720, attracted many dignitaries such as Prince Albrecht of Wallenstein. He made use of the Post-White Mountain confiscation of Protestant Property to build his imposing residence of 22 houses, a brickworks and several gardens to form the **Albrecht of Wallenstein Palace** [35, 35] in the early 17th century. Today, it is the



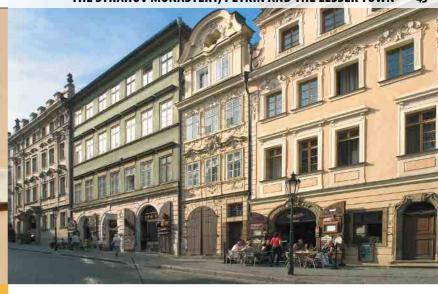


Lesser Town residential signs

Residential signs made in the 14th century decorate the historic houses in the Lesser Town and other historic parts of Praque. This system survived until 1770, when house numbers were introduced. The signs were most often made in plaster or painted on the facade, and used as advertisements for goldsmiths, violin makers or apothecaries. The great variety of displayed symbols gave the houses names that found their way into the public consciousness. Here are some examples from buildings in Nerudova Street: U Dvou slunců (At the Two Suns), U Tří housliček (At the Three Little Violins), U Zlaté číše (At the Golden Goblet), U Tří pštrosů (At the Three Ostriches) and so on.



home of the Czech House of Parliament. The Swedes plundered the wonderful Wallenstein garden, decorated with bronze statues made by Adrien de Vries, in 1648. The original statues are now in Drottningholm, Sweden; what you see are copies.



Nerudova Street in the Lesser Town

The local aristocratic residences were considerably more modest before Albrecht's of Wallenstein' time, such as the Smiřický Palace on Malostranské Náměstí (Lesser Town Square), with its partially-altered façade dating from after 1763. The **Šternberk Palace**, located next to the Smiřický Palace suffered from a terrible fire that started in 1541, badly damaging The Lesser Town, and Prague Castle.

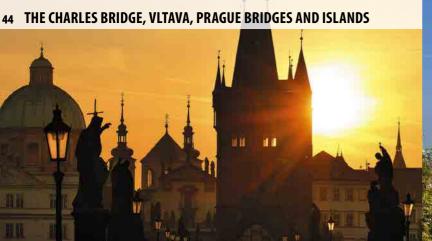
The Johannine Church of the Virgin Mary under the Chain [40], dating from 1169, is probably the most impressive of Lesser Town structures. Its Gothic hall and tower appears in front of the remains of the Romanesque walls, behind which the presbytery was converted in Baroque style. The Knights of St. John, known as the Maltese Knights after 1530, were supposed to protect the stone bridge.



The Church of the Victorious Virgin Mary 639 (in the foreground) and the Virgin Mary under the Chain (in the middle)







Charles Bridge at dawn



THE CHARLES BRIDGE, VLTAVA, PRAGUE BRIDGES AND ISLANDS

In 1169, Prague already had a stone bridge, named **Judith Bridge** in honour of the wife of King Vladislav I. It stood roughly on the site of the present-day Charles Bridge, but it was lower, had more arches and was longer, because it pointed more in the direction of the flow of the river from the Lesser Town bank. The **Lesser Town Bridge Gate**, built on the site of a 12th century Romanesque tower, still respects the angle of the original Judith Bridge and is thus somewhat out of sync with the

Charles Bridge. The Judith Bridge was swept away by a flood in 1342 and so Charles IV had a new stone bridge — **The Charles Bridge** – built from 1357 [41]. Its outstanding construction relates the genius of Petr Parléř. The bridge is 520 metres long by 10 metres wide, and sixteen arches support it. The bridge pillars form the bases for sculptural **decoration**. Now the bridge is decorated with twenty eight sculptures, mainly dating from the Baroque period. The oldest preserved statue on the Charles Bridge is St. John Nepomuk [42] from 1683. It stands on the spot from where his body was thrown into

Charles Bridge

41

The most famous bridge in Bohemia was built in 1357 by Charles IV on the site of the older Judith Bridge, which had been destroyed by a flood. Prague's most visited monument, it has survived natural disasters and the turmoil of war over the centuries. The statues of Charles Bridge look down on the citizens of Prague and tourists from all over the world who stroll and pause beside the musicians, painters and souvenir sellers.





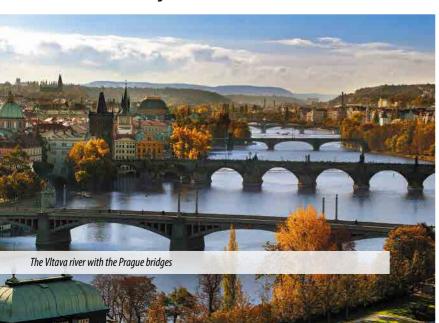
Reliefs on the base of the statue of St. John Nepomuk (touching them apparently brings luck)

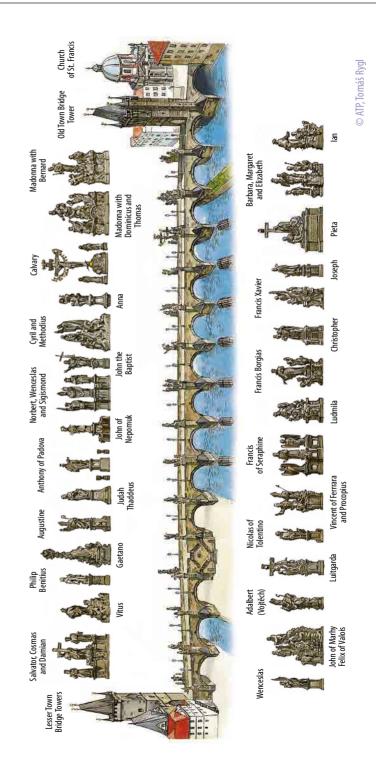
the river. The cult of this saint and the custom of placing his statues on bridges spread out from here.

The ecclesiastical orders and the university faculties competed with each other in the magnificence of their celebrations of their holy protectors.

On the Old Town riverbank, the bridge ends at the Old Town Bridge Tower

[44], which boasts rich decoration from the 1380s. Depictions of the reigning Charles IV, his son Wenceslas IV, and their kingdom under the protection of the country's saints, lead the eye to another aspect of their era with disgraceful scenes on the cornices on the ground floor of the tower.





48 THE CHARLES BRIDGE, VLTAVA, PRAGUE BRIDGES AND ISLANDS



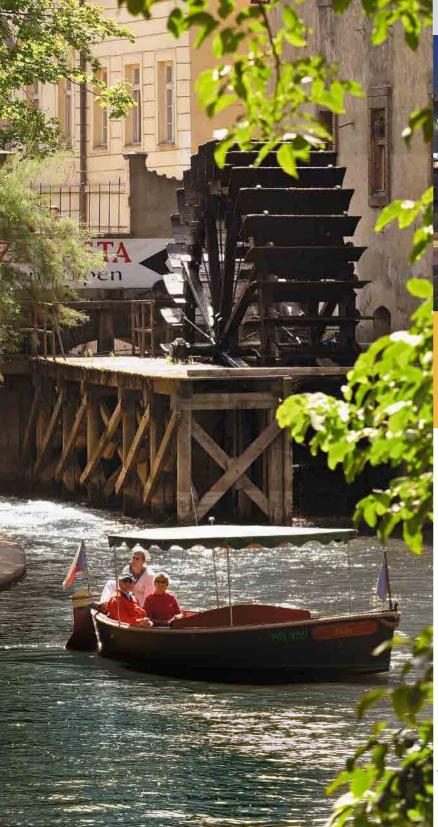
Not even in winter does Prague lose anything of its magical atmosphere. . .

... view of the Charles Bridge and the Castle from the river bank

The small, but picturesque **Kampa island [43]** spreads out by the Lesser Town river bank under the arches of the Charles Bridge. Like the Lesser Town, it is full of ostentatious palaces, beautiful

gardens and parks, but also romantic nooks, where you will perhaps meet figures from old Prague fairytales or qhosts. Eight islands stretch through Prague along the Vltava. Apart from Kampa, the main one is **Slav Island** (originally Barvířský, later called Žofín until 1918) — a centre of social life. Concerts by Liszt,

Berlioz and Tchaikovsky were played on in the restaurant in the early 19th century. In 1848, the Slav Congress took place here, attended by representatives of all the Slavic nations, but revolution





Prague of a "Hundred Spires"

Prague's many epithets — The Mother of Cities (Praga mater urbium), The Head of the Kingdom (Praga caput regni), Golden Prague, A Pearl amongst Cities, The Heart of Europe, Rome of the North and Prague of a Hundred spires — all relate to Prague's glory. Prague, however, has more than one thousand. Here is the view of the Old Town Bridge Tower in the Old Town; in the middle we can see the gable of the Church of St. Salvador.

broke out before they could agree on anything.

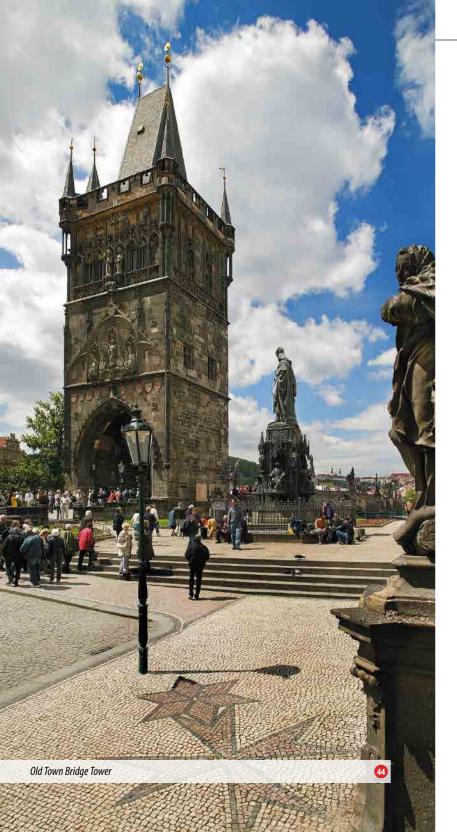
It is possible to sail in tourist boats along the Vltava today, but the more able-bodied can hire pedal boats and romantically paddle amongst the Prague weirs. The average depth of the Vltava is around 2.5 m.

STARÉ MĚSTO (THE OLD TOWN) AND THE JEWISH QUARTER

The Old Town, or Staré Město, is the oldest and richest Prague quarter. Its international market, operating here since the 9th century, earned the

admiration of the Jewish merchant and chronicler, Ibrahim Ibn Jakob, in 965. At that time, the centre was most likely located near the river on the site of an old ford, on the edge of the Jewish quarter, where Palackého náměstí (square) is today and by the Mánes Bridge ford. In the 11th century, the centre moved south and it has remained there to this day — on the Old Town Square. Medieval Prague used to be very cosmopolitan. German traders settled to the north and north-east of the square, merchants from Romance countries to the south and south-east. Czechs to the east of the square and Jews to the north-west.







Staré Město (the Old Town) – the surroundings of the Old Town Square

More than seventy of the oldest preserved Romanesque **stone houses** lie along the streets of the Old Town, a unique feat in central Europe. The **Palace of the Lords of Kunštát** ranks amongst the most well-known. The foundations have survived to the present thanks to the artificially-raised ground of around 7 m, which were required in the 13th century after the construction of weirs on the Vltava. Rafts transported wood along these waterways from as far away as the Šumava Forest.

Mary's Column, Mariánský sloup, was built on the **Old Town Square [47]** on the site of the Prague Meridian in 1680. This column also served as a sundial, and suffered damage during the Proclamation of the Czechoslovakian Republic in 1918. The **Jan Hus Memorial**, created in Art Nouveau style in 1915, depicts the founder of the Czech Reformation.

Just around the corner we'll find the **Kinský Palace**, one of the most

beautiful Prague Rococo buildings built in 1765; it now houses the **graphic collections of the National Gallery**.

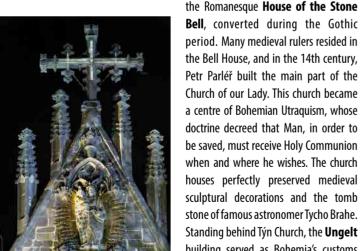
The picturesque **Týn School** with arcades from the 13th century, and the main **Church of our Lady in front of Týn (46)** looming behind it stands beside



Street musicians add colour to the Prague streets



St. Nicholas Church in the Old Town



Tympanum of the Gothic Cathedral of the Virgin Mary in front of Týn

a centre of Bohemian Utraquism, whose doctrine decreed that Man, in order to be saved, must receive Holy Communion when and where he wishes. The church houses perfectly preserved medieval sculptural decorations and the tomb stone of famous astronomer Tycho Brahe. Standing behind Týn Church, the **Ungelt** building served as Bohemia's customs house and business centre in the 11th century. Later, in the 16th century, Ferdinand I gave it to the burgher Jakub Granovský, who had the Ungelt converted into a Renaissance municipal palace around 1560.

The remains of the Town Hall with Chapel and Tower date from the 14th century and stand on the western side of Old Town Square. Crosses in the pavement of Old Town Square commemorate the execution of twenty seven leaders during the Rising of the Estates from 1618. The actual building of the Old Town Hall comprises several burgher houses that were eventually connected together to build a town hall in 1338.

The still functional **Astronomical clock** [49] decorates the southern facade of the town hall. Mikuláš of Kadaň built it in 1410, but Master Hanuš later improved it in 1490. The Astronomical clock has been repaired many times since then. In 1864,

Josef Mánes, the most famous artist of the Czech National Revival, created calendar panel for the astronomical clock.

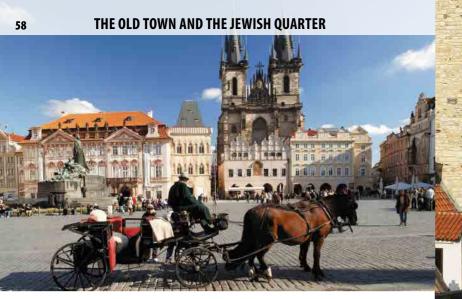
The German army destroyed the Neo-



Štorch House







Gothic part of the city hall during the Prague Uprising in May 1945. This opened a view onto the **St. Nicholas Church** [45] built by K. I. Dienzenhofer in 1735. The remaining structures from the old Jewish Ghetto, demolished in 1896, include the **Old-New Synagogue** [50] from the 13th century, the oldest preserved synagogue in central Europe, and the exceptional **Jewish Cemetery** [51, 52] that was in use between the 15th and 18th centuries. Amongst the twenty thousand gravestones, you can find the grave of the celebrated Rabbi Löwe, reputed to have created the legendary

Old Town Square

Golem – an artificial man – here during the Rudolphine era. The rich collections of the Jewish Museum document the often troubled history of Judaism in Bohemia. Most of the Jewish quarter made way for Art Nouveau buildings. Pařížská ulice (Paris Street), in particular, holds The Rudolphinum [54] and has been a sanctuary of the arts since 1883, when it was built to honour the visit of Crown Prince Rudolph, son of Emperor Franz Joseph. Josef Zítek and Josef Schulz, chief architects of the Czech National Theatre, built it.

Founded by Agnes Přemyslid in 1234 for

Old Town City Hall with the Astronomical Clock

Founded as the administrative centre of the Old Town in 1338, the Old Town City Hall is actually a row of Gothic houses, whose history stretch back to Romanesque times. The 66 m high tower, dating from 1364, is one of the most significant Prague attractions with the Astronomical Clock located on its southern side. Created by Mikuláš of Kadaň and Jan Šindel in 1410, a bustling mechanical performance has taken place every hour for hundreds of years. As the twelve apostles walk around in two windows, a skeleton pulls a bell on a string and after the crowing of a cock the clock mechanism starts to chime the hour. The Astronomical Clock has four main moving components: the zodiacal ring, an outer rotating ring, an icon representing the Sun, and an icon representing the Moon.



47







Built in the 13th century, the Old-New Synagogue is the oldest preserved synagogue in Europe and remains the most valuable historic monument in the Jewish Quarter. The synagogue is associated with many legends, especially the legend of Golem, an artificial man created by Rabbi Löwe in the 16th century that was hidden in a secret place in the attic of the synagogue. After walking around Josefov, we recommend refreshments in Les Moules café restaurant on Pařížská Street.



Ceremonial Hall at the Jewish Cemetery



Franciscans and Poor Clares, the most famous of the Old Town monasteries, St. Agnes Convent [53] on Na Františku, holds the impressive Collection of Medieval Art of the National Gallery.

The Štorch House [48], with frescoes by Mikoláš Aleš in a style that links Art Nouveau with the Neo-Renaissance tradition of the National revival, stands on the boundary of Old Town Square and Celetná Street. A jewel of modern architecture made between 1909 and 1911 – the Cubist



Old Jewish Cemetery



Convent of St. Agnes





Josefov — The Jewish Quarter and surrounding area Rudolphinum (1876—1885), the seat of the

House at the Black Mother of God [55] by Josef Gočár majestically spreads out in the middle of Celetná Street on the corner of the Fruit Market.

The Classicist building of the Stavovské Theatre dominates the Fruit Market and witnessed the celebrated premiere of Mozart's Don Giovanni in 1787.

A diverse complex of university buildings bordering on Celetná Street form **the**

Carolinum [56]. They are mainly clad with facades from the Baroque or 19th century, but many interiors conceal a Gothic core. Charles University, the oldest in central Europe, was founded by Charles IV in 1348. The core of the whole block is the Rothlev Building, which Wenceslas IV gave to the university in 1383. Since 1611, the rectory of the university has remained here.



Czech Philharmonic Orchestra



www.jewishmuseum.cz

www.ngprague.cz

www.czechphilharmonic.cz



House at the Black Mother of God — a perfect example of Cubist architecture

Celetná Street runs into the Late Gothic Prašná brána (Powder Gate) [57] built in 1475. This structure clearly illustrates how the Jagiellonians wished to compete with the Luxembourg dynasty. The Powder Gate nearly adjoins

62

The Royal Court, which used to be the favourite private residence of Bohemian rulers. Later, it became the Obecní dům (Municipal House) [57]. Built in 1911, this is a perfect example of Prague Art Nouveau, and is still a lively



Carolinum – the seat of Charles University founded by Charles IV in 1348



cultural centre that features many highly acclaimed exhibits.

The Coronation Path of the Bohemian Kings runs through the western and south-western parts of the Old Town and connects Vyšehrad Castle with Prague. The Romanesque Rotunda of the Holy Cross [59] from the 11th century is one of the many treasures that are to be found along this way.

The Bethlehem Chapel [60], originally built in 1391, demolished in 1786, and rebuilt in 1953, was where the reformer Jan Hus preached.

Built on Křížovnické Náměstí (Křížovnické Square) in 1556, a Jesuit college, later called the **Clementinum** in honour of St. Clement Cathedral, grew into an extensive complex following the Thirty Years' War. The Baroque-styled interiors of the cathedral with its Mirror Chapel or the Library and Mathematical Hall, illustrate the development of Baroque art in Bohemia in the early 19th century. The

Clementinum also served as a library. The present-day National Library continues this tradition, containing more than six million volumes and a large collection of precious medieval manuscripts.

The San Salvador Church, part of the



Vlašská (Italian) Chapel



www.obecnidum.cz www.cuni.cz



Rotunda of the Holy Cross

59

Clementinum, connects to the **Italian Chapel [58]**. Built from 1590 to 1597, it is the oldest European cathedral built on an elliptical ground plan. Italian architects of the time could only dream of what their Italian colleagues put into practice during the reign of Rudolf II.

Wenceslas I founded **Havelské město** (**Havel's town**) in 1234. Originally designed to be an isolated new market place, its privileges also expanded to cover the older settlement. Havel's town



Bethlehem Chapel



became the main municipal market place and it still serves this function today. During the reign of Charles IV, a gigantic basilica served as a kind of medieval department store in this area. The remains of its central nave on V Kotcích Street are lined with Gothic arcades, where you will still find a permanent market.

NOVÉ MĚSTO (THE NEW TOWN)

Charles IV founded Nové Město (the New Town) in 1348, although people were already living here as early as the 10th century. Unlike the cosmopolitan Old Town, the New Town was mainly inhabited by Czech burghers who regarded themselves as craftsmen. The rivalry of both Prague towns influenced history until their official joining in 1784. The medieval outline of the New Town was incredibly far ahead of its time by several centuries, containing 360 hectares of land within the rampart boundaries demarcated by Charles IV. Its streets, up to twenty seven metres wide in places, imposed order on the chaotic scattering of settlements, and were suitable for traffic until the second half of the 20th century.

German merchants settled around the Romanesque **Church of St. Peter** from the 12th century. The Church was rebuilt in Gothic style between the 14th and 15th centuries. From time immemorial, it was called Poříčí (river basin) and the main local street — Na Poříčí — was named after it. **Na Poříčí** is dominated by the celebrated Cubist **Legiobank** building [61] built by Josef Gočár in 1923,



Old and New Town — around Národní třída (National Avenue)

a good example of unique Czech Cubist architecture.

After the demolition of the Old Town ramparts in the 1780s, a circular grand avenue (in three parts: now called Revoluční, Na Příkopech and Národní) was built in their place above the filledin castle moat. This avenue connects with Na Poříčí Street at náměstí Republiky (Republic Square). The history of this Square dates back to the 12th century, when Romanesque houses were built here, the remains of which can be seen in the **Palladium shopping centre**. A dominant feature of Náměstí Republiky is not only the Municipal House and Powder Gate, but also the House at the Hibernians, an Empire building customs house named after the local monastery of Irish Franciscans.

The dominant feature of Národní třída and the embankment is the **National Theatre [62]**, built by Josef Zítek with monies donated from generous patrons

and the common people. After the conflagration in 1881, Josef Schulz repaired it. Important artists of the day participated in its decoration. The Neo-Renaissance style gradually changed into Art Nouveau.

Dating from the end of the 15th century, the **Water Tower** stands within sight of the National Theatre opposite the banks





Národní divadlo (National Theatre)

The greatest show of nationalism of the 19th century was the building of the National Theatre by architect Josef Zítek, inspired by the North Italian Renaissance. The National Theatre celebrated its opening in 1881 with a performance of Smetana's Libuše. After an extensive fire broke out, the theatre had to be rebuilt, this time by architect Josef Schultz in 1883. The most distinguished Bohemian artists of the day, later known as the "National Theatre Generation," decorated the theatre. One of the first theatre buildings in Europe to boast electrical lighting, it remains a unique display of 19th century Bohemian art.

of Slav Island, and incorporated Late Gothic and Functionalist styles in 1930 to create the modern building of the **Mánes Artists' Association**.

The noteworthy **Dancing House [63]** built by Croatian architect Vlado Milunić and American architect Frank O. Gehry in 1996, breathes new life onto the Vltava riverbank.

Václavské Náměstí (Wenceslas Square) [65] was until 1848 a horse market, but became the main centre of modern Prague from the second half of the 19th century. Its magnificent medieval dimensions, occupying an area of 41 400 square metres, fully suit the needs of modern times. The imposing houses and palaces of Wenceslas Square illustrate the development of Czech modern architecture with The National Museum as its dominant feature.

62

The National Museum [65], a Neo-Renaissance building built in 1890 by Josef Schulz, was not intended to be a mere museum, but a centre of Czech sciences and cultural and political ambitions. The allegorical sculptures depicting the Czech lands and Czech rivers and its lavish interiors conceal rich collections, and Pantheon hall



Dancing House

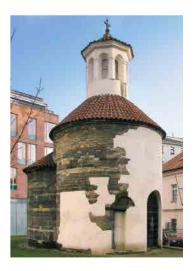


dedicated to the memory of exceptional personalities from the Czech lands.

In front of the National Museum in the upper part of Wenceslas Square stands the St. Wenceslas Equestrian Memorial [65], built in 1924 by the founder of modern Czech sculpture J. V. Myslbek. Its Baroque predecessor dates from 1680 and is located in the Lapidarium. This memorial depicts the main protector of the Czech lands accompanied by his grandmother St. Ludmila, St. Prokop, St. Agnes of Bohemia and Bishop St. Vojtěch. The citizens of Prague gather under this monument for amorous meetings or political demonstrations, as exemplified by the demonstrations against communism that convened here in 1989.

The Romanesque **Rotunda of St. Longin [64]** from the 11th century stands a short way from the Parish Church of St. Stephen here. The Church of

St. Stephen used to be the parish church of the settlement called Rybníček, hence, Na Rybníčku Street.



Rotunda of St. Longin





Václavské Náměstí (Wenceslas Square)

Wenceslas Square, founded in 1348 as the centre of the New Town was quite exceptional in the 14th century due to its immense size. Known as the Horse Market until the mid 19th century, its social significance increased, evolving into a venue where significant events in Czech culture and politics took place. Important buildings such as the National Museum were built at the top of the square in 1890. The bronze equestrian sculpture of Vaclav (St. Wenceslas) sits majestically atop the square, accompanied by four Czech patron saints: St. Ludmilla, St. Agnes, St. Adalbert and St. Prokop. Today, Wenceslas Square is the centre of Prague life, lined with shops, fast-food eateries, hotels, theatres, and cinemas.

Žitná Street runs from St. Stephen's to what was once a livestock market, now known as Karlovo Náměstí (Charles **Square)** [67]. Covering 80,500 square metres. Charles IV founded it as the main centre of new Prague. The New Town City Hall [67] is also located here, serving its purpose until 1784. The building of the town hall, built from 1377 to 1418, bore witness to the first Czech Defenestration in 1419, during which aldermen involuntarily left their functions and offices, and this world. Their deaths were the cause of Wenceslas IV's heart attack; the king's demise then set off the avalanche of the Hussite Wars. The monumental Baroque Church of **St. Ignatius**, completed in 1670 stands centred on the eastern side of Charles Square, and is a part of the extensive Jesuit College now the Teaching Hospital of Charles University. The church interiors are mainly Rococo.

Resslova Street runs from the



The Art Nouveau Topič salon

façade of St. Ignatius down to the river. Its dominant feature is the Baroque **Cathedral of St. Cyril and Methodius**, built in 1736. In 1942, Czechoslovakian parachutists carried out the assassination of



Villa America (K. I. Dienzenhofer, 1712–20) – is now the Antonín Dvořák Museum



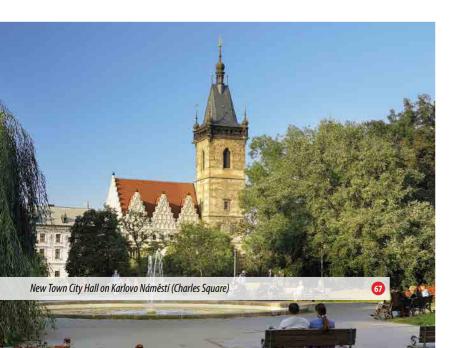


New Town — around Karlovo náměstí (Charles Square)

a Reichsprotektor, hid in its crypt, and died.

Emause Monastery [68] is located south of Karlovo Náměstí (Charles Square). Built between 1347 and 1372, it is the only new building to have been completed in Charles IV's lifetime,

and exceptional care was taken in its decoration. A unique cycle of frescoes complements this beautiful, treblenave monastery church. These frescoes represent the largest preserved group of medieval wall paintings outside Italy. The monastery, destroyed by bombing





Church of St. John Nepomuk on the Cliff and the Emause Monastery

at the end of the Second World War was given a new roof in 1967, and this bold construction became the new dominant feature of the embankment.

The beautiful Gothic **Church of St. Apollinaris** from the second half of the 14th century looks down from above to the centre of the New Town towards Karlovo náměstí (Charles Square). Gothic wall paintings from the end of the 14th century and a rich Baroque interior, including a painting of the Virgin Mary of Karlovská, the patroness of pregnant women, have been preserved here. There is, in fact, a maternity hospital nearby.

The admirable, eight-sided Cathedral of the Augustinian Capitulary, dedicated to the **Virgin Mary and Charlemagne**, is located in Na Karlově. Charles IV intended this building to recall Charlemagne's Chapel at Aachen as he regarded himself as the great Emperor's successor. The present-day cupola is Renaissance styled, dating from 1575. Its gigantic star vault deliberately evokes the distant past, joining Renaissance and Gothic historicism together.

Designed as a French type suburban villa, the baroque-styled **Villa America [66]** dates from 1712 and was decorated with statues made around 1730. Since 1932, it has housed the Antonín Dvořák Museum.



72 VYŠEHRAD 73



Vyšehrad

Few places in the Czech Republic are associated with as many tales and legends as Vyšehrad, where we can trace the origin of Čech, the great forefather of the Czechs. The descendants of his tribe were the Přemyslids, founded by Přemysl the Ploughman. Princess Libuše ruled her people from Vyšehrad until she took Přemysl as her husband after the men had refused to submit to a female ruler. It was here at Vyšehrad, where she uttered her prophecies about the future fame of Prague. The reality, however, was a little different. The hill on the right bank of the Vltava was indeed already settled in the stone age, but Přemyslid castle was founded at a later date than Prague Castle. It did not become a provisional princely seat until the 11th century, when Vyšehrad's Church of St. Peter and Paul and the Romanesque rotunda of St. Martin were built.

VYŠEHRAD

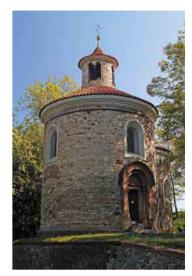
Vyšehrad dates from the 10th century and is the legendary seat of the Přemyslid princes. Although it is newer than Prague Castle, this does not detract from its significance. It reached its period of greatest glory in the second half of the 11th century. At that time, Bohemian

King, Vratislav II often resided here as he hated his ambitious brother Jaromír, who was Bishop of Prague. At that time, the king also founded the capitulary **Church of St. Peter and Paul 691** here. The bishopric lost authority over the church when it was subordinated to the Pope. Its present-day appearance corresponds to the Neo-Gothic period

of the 19th century. However, the actual memorial to Vratislav II — the rotunda of St. Martin — is located nearby.

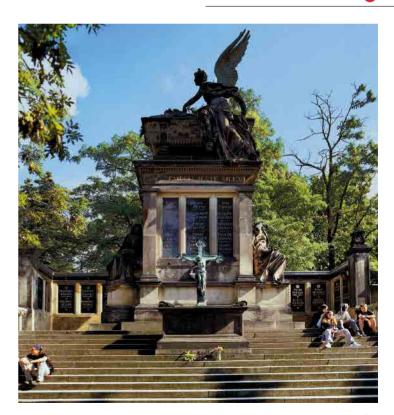
The Rotunda of St. Martin [70] is the oldest preserved Prague rotunda. Today it looks the same as it did in the 11th century.

After the death of Vratislav II, Vyšehrad functioned as Prague's high royal fortress for eight hundred years. Charles IV gave Vyšehrad an opportunity to shine in the 14th century when he incorporated it into his coronation way. The ruler set out from here on his ceremonial symbolic pilgrimage through the town on his way to be crowned King of Bohemia

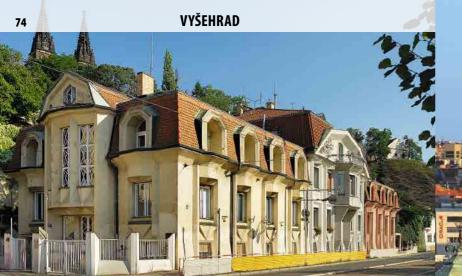


Rotunda of St. Martin





Slavín – the burial place of famous personalities



Cubist Villa by Josef Chochol (1912–14) on the river bank under Vyšehrad

72

with the crown of St. Wenceslas in the cathedral. Even though Vyšehrad more resembled a craftsman's settlement than a fortification during the 15th century, it retained its symbolic and mythic significance. The 17th century restored its role as a fortress. The interesting **Baroque defences**, completed by 1670, recall a system of ramparts and gates created by Carlo Lurago in the style of North Italian Baroque Classicism.

When the defensive function of Vyšehrad was no longer necessary, the Vyšehrad Cemetary began its expansion in 1866, later becoming the **national cemetery** — **Slavín [71]**. Architecturally reorganized between 1890 and 1902, this cemetery features the most distinguished personalities from the Czech lands. The **Myslbek group of statues from Palacký Bridge** has stood in the Vyšehrad orchards since 1947, at the site of the

Royal Palace. Legendary figures from the past come allegorically to life here. In the 17th century, the majority of Vyšehrad inhabitants moved into the area under the castle, creating a new municipal district, separated from the New Town by the Botič Stream. The Vyšehrad quarter joined Prague in 1883. Here you will find completely exceptional Cubist buildings: The Tenement Houses on Neklanova Street and the Family Villa [72] by Josef Chochol built between 1912 and 1914, standing directly under Vyšehrad on the riverbank. These buildings are evidence of the strength and attraction of Cubism here, a new style of modern art reflecting modern life in Bohemia. The First World War, however, interrupted its development and the post-war era brought other worries.



FACTS-AT-A-GLANCE FACTS-AT-A-GLANCE

FACTS-AT-A-GLANCE About the Czech Republic

- Country name: Czech Republic
- System of government: Parliamentary republic (two chambers), head of state – President
- Established: January 1, 1993 (former Czechoslovakia established in 1918)
- Capital city: Prague, population: 1.16 million
- Membership: EU, UN, Council of Europe, OSCE, NATO
- Number of inhabitants: 10.3 million (women 51.3 %, men 48.7 %)
- Population density: 131 people / km²
- Ethnic groups: Czech (90.4% or 9.25 million);
 Moravian (more than 380,000); Slovak (193,000);
 Roma (171,000); Silesian (11,000); Polish (52,000);
 German (39,000); Ukrainian (22,000); and
 Vietnamese (18,000)
- Official language: Czech
- Religions: Roman Catholic, Protestant
- Average age: women 77, men 70
- Average life expectancy: women 78.5, men 72.3
- <u>Largest cities:</u> Prague (1.2 mil. inhabitants), Brno, Ostrava, Plzeň, Olomouc
- Regions: The Capital City of Prague, Central Bohemian Region (Prague), South Bohemian Region (České Budějovice), Plzeň Region (Plzeň), Karlovy Vary Region (Karlovy Vary), Ústí nad Labem Region (Ústí nad Labem), Liberec Region (Liberec), Hradec Králové Region (Hradec Králové), Pardubice Region (Pardubice), Vysočina Region (Jihlava),



Lipno — the largest body of water in the Czech Republic



Karlovy Vary — the most well-known spa water source in our country is Vřídlo (73 °C), its geyser reaches a height of 14 m

South Moravian Region (Brno), Olomouc Region (Olomouc), Moravian-Silesian Region (Ostrava), Zlín Region (Zlín)

- Area: 78 864 km²
- Physical attributes of the country: landlocked country, mainly made up of hills and highland areas
- Borders: total length 2,300 km, with Germany 810 km, with Poland 762 km, with Austria 466 km, with Slovakia 252 km
- <u>Average temperature:</u> January: 3 °C (26.6 F); July: 20-24 °C (68 F)
- Average height above sea-level: 430 m
- Highest point: Sněžka 1,602 m
- Lowest point: Hřensko 116 m
- <u>Longest rivers:</u> Vltava 433 km, Elbe 370 km, Dyje 306 km
- <u>Biggest pond:</u> Rožmberk 4.89 km²
 In the middle ages (16th century) 21,000 ponds in Bohemia, today around a quarter remain
- Biggest dam: Lipno 48,7 km²
- Ground cover: 33 % forested, 40 % arable land
 11 % pasture, 16 % other
- National Parks: Czech "Switzerland", Krkonoše (Giant Mountains), Podyjí, Šumava
 Spas, Spa towns: Karlovy Vary, Mariánské Lázně, Františkovy Lázně, Teplice, Bílina, Lázně Bělohrad, Poděbrady, Jeseník, Luhačovice

Transport:

a dense railway network (9 454 km), seven major toll motorways

D1: Prague-Brno

D2: Brno-Slovakia

D3: Prague—Tábor—České Budějovice— Austria (under construction)

D5: Prague-Plzeň-Germany

D8: Prague-Ústí nad Labem-Germany

D11: Prague-Hradec Králové-Poland (of 154 km

42 km in operation)

D47: Lipník nad Bečvou—Ostrava—Poland (under construction).

Motorway stickers: p. 80 ►

STATE OBSERVED HOLIDAYS:

On these days, public transport is drastically reduced. Bank and state offices are closed.

January 1st - New Year

Easter Monday – a fluctuating holiday

 $\boldsymbol{-}$ always the first Monday after the first

Spring day of Spring, March 21st

May 1st - Labour Day

May 8th - Liberation from Fascism Day

July 5th — Cyril and Methodius Day

July 6th - John Hus Day

September 28th – Day of Czech Nationhood

October 28th - Day of the Foundation

of Independent Czechoslovakia

November 17th – The day freedom

and democracy were fought for

December 24th - Christmas Eve

December 25th - Christmas Day

<u>December 26th</u> – Boxing Day

STATE SYMBOLS:

Czech Republic Coat-of-Arms has four fields. The
individual fields symbolize the historic lands of the
Czech Republic — Bohemia, Moravia and Silesia
while the fourth one represents the Republic as
a whole. In the upper left, there is a leaping silver



Czech Switzerland National Park – Pravčická Gate (the largest rock bridge in our country has a span of 26,5 m)

double-tailed lion with a gold crown on a red background. In the upper right, a red-silver checked eagle with a gold crown is set on a blue background. In the lower left field, there is a black eagle with red armour and a golden crown on a gold background. A silver half-moon with salient terminated by clover leaves decorates the black eagle. The lower right field repeats the upper left field, with the double-tailed lion.

- The Czech flag: is made up of a blue wedge on the left and a lower red stripe and an upper white stripe
- State colour: white, red and blue



the Czech flag



the Czech coat-of-arms

GENERAL INFORMATION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Kde domov můj?

/Fr. Škroup — J. K. Tyl (1834)/

Kde domov můi?

Kde domov můj?

Voda hučí po lučinách

Bory šumí po skalinách

V sadě skví se jara květ

Zemský ráj to na pohled

A to je ta krásná země Země česká, domov můj

Země česká, domov můj

Where is my home?

/Fr. Škroup - J. K. Tyl (1834)/

Where is my home?

Where is my home?

Water murmurs across meadows

Pinewoods rustle on the rocky heights

Spring blooms burst forth in the orchard

An earthly paradise to behold

And that is this beautiful country

The Czech lands, my home

The Czech lands, my home



Praque, the most popular tourist destination in the Czech Republic, is visited annually by more than eight million foreigners (most of them from Great Britain, France, Germany and the USA)

SOS

IMPORTANT TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

112 Emergency

Emergency services

Police POLICE 158

> Fire brigade 150

Municipal police

1230, 1240 Road accident service 12 444 General information 1180 Czech telephone numbers info. 1181, 1188 International tel. numbers info.





National Anthem. The words of the anthem were written by dramatist and writer J. K. Tyl (1808-1856) in the barracks on today's Republic Square. Instead of the barracks the Palladium shopping centre stands here today.

INFORMATION:

PRAGUE CITY TOURISM INFORMATION CENTRES ARE LOCATED AT:

www.prague.eu

- Na Můstku, Rytířská No. 12
- Old Town Hall, Old Town Square No. 1
- Václav Havel Airport Prague (terminals 1 and 2)

We are open every day of the week.

TELEPHONING THE CZECH REPUBLIC

Dialling code + 420 + local number (9-digit number)

Dialling codes: Australia 0011 • Canada 011 New Zealand 00 • South Africa 09 • UK 00 • USA 011

Telephoning from the Czech Republic

00 + country code + local number

Dialling Codes: Australia 61 • Canada 1

New Zealand 64 • South Africa 27 • UK 44 • USA 1

International operator: 1181

COMMUNICATIONS

POST

Post offices around Prague's centre are open on weekdays from 8 am to 6 pm. The main post office at Jindrišská 14 (close to the metro station Můstek) is open daily from 7 am to 8 pm. In order to be served, you must use the Q-matic machine, located at the door to the huge entrance hall. If you're buying stamps it's wise to buy a few at a time. The minimum price for sending a letter is 17 CZK for EU destinations and 18 C7K for all other destinations.

INTERNET

Internet cafes with high speed internet access dot the city centre and offer good rates. Most are open on weekends.

MOBILE PHONES

Almost everyone has a mobile phone using the major mobile networks O2, Vodafone and T-Mobile. If you decide to bring your mobile phone from home, make sure you enable your roaming programme so that you can receive calls once you're in Prague. Prague uses GSM 900/1800. T: +420/220 400 611







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Foreigners' Police in Prague:

Olšanská 2, 130 00 Prague 3 T: 420/974 820 229, cppkr@mvcr.cz

EMBASSIES

GREAT BRITAIN

Thunovská 14, Prague 1, 118 00

T: 420/257 402 111, www.britain.cz

"A" Malostranská

■ <u>USA:</u>

Tržiště 15, Prague 1, 118 00

T: 420/257 530 663, www.usembassy.cz

"A" Malostranská

CANADA

Muchova 6, Prague 6, 160 00

T: 420/272 101 800, www.canada.cz

"A" Hradčanská

AUSTRALIA

Klimentská 1207/10, Prague 1

T: 420/296 578 350

"B" Náměstí Republiky

SOUTH AFRICA

Ruská 65, Prague 10 - Vršovice

T: 420/267 311 114

"A" Skalka — "138" Tolstého

JAPAN

Maltézské nám. 6, Prague 1, 118 01

T: 420/257 533 546, www.cz.emb-japan.go.jp

"A" Malostranská

NETHERLANDS

Gotthardská 6/27, Prague 6–Bubeneč

www.netherlandsembassy.cz

T: 420/233 015 200

"A" Hradčanská – "131" Sibiřské n.

GENERAL OPENING HOURS:

State Offices:

Mon–Fri: 8.00–12.00 and 13.00–15.00 (on Mon and Wed till 17.00), closed Sat and Sun.

Embassies:

Mon-Thu: 8.30-16.00, Fri: 8.30-15.00. Submit visa applications in the mornings.

Closed Sat and Sun.



The tourist season is from 1 April to 31 October



The school year starts on September 1st and finishes on June 30th

- Banks: Mo-Fri: 9.00-17.00, closed on Sat and Sun.
- <u>Shops grocery stores:</u> 7.00 –18.00,

Sat 7.00–12.00, closed Sun. Supermarkets and hypermarkets are open every day, some with 24 hour service.

<u>Pharmacies:</u> Mon–Fri: 8.00–18.00, Sat and Sun closed.

Pharmacies with non-stop service in Prague: Letná, Fr. Křižíka 22, Prague 7 U Anděla, Štefánikova 6/250, Prague 5 Palackého 720/5, Nové Město, Praque 1

Museums, galleries:

Tue—Sun: 9.00—18.00. Many are closed on Mondays, with the exception of July and August.

- Monuments, sights, castles and chateaux:
- Tue—Sun: 9.00—15.00 (season 9.00—18.00) The last tour usually starts an hour before closing time. Many castles and chateaux are closed in the winter months.
- Admission to sights:

Expect to pay between 20 CZK to 200 CZK. Some galleries and museums accept international discount cards: GO 25, ISIC,

ITIC and Euro 26. Larger tourist groups and families also may receive a discount.

THE SCHOOL YEAR

The school year starts on September 1st and finishes on June 30th.

- <u>Summer school holidays</u> are in summer (July, August).
- Winter break is during the Christmas period (around two weeks)
- <u>Spring Break</u> varies from region to region, but is commonly a week between February and March.

Please note: Public transport schedules change during school break.

THE TOURIST SEASON

As a rule, the tourist season begins April 1st and ends October 31st. During this period most monuments are open. Outside the season (with the exception of the Christmas and New Years' holidays) accommodation and some tourist services tend to be cheaper.

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(km)	P	RAHA					
Amsterdam	891	Dublin	1820	Luxsembourg	731	Sofiya	1281
Athína	1946	Genève	919	Madrid	2300	Stockholm	1541
Belfast	2045	Helsinki	2178	Minsk	1149	Tallin	1562
Beograd	904	Istanbul	1836	Moskva	1855	Tiranë	1422
Berlin	341	København	927	Paris	1031	Valencia	2048
Bratislava	328	Kyjïv	1389	Rïga	1260	Vilnius	1042
Brussel	902	Lisboa	2814	Roma	1281	Warszawa	612
București	1304	Ljubljana	664	Sarajevo	1046	Wien	285
Budapest	522	London	1272	Skopje	1324	Zagreb	645
						-	

Brno	200
České Budějovice	150
Hradec Králové	115
Karlovy Vary	130
Liberec	100
Plzeň	95
Olomouc	280
Ostrava	380
Ústí nad Labem	95

MOTORWAY PERMITS/2023/		
	up to 3.5 t	3,5 t – 12 t
1 year	1 500 CZK	toll
1 month	440 CZK	toll
10 days	310 CZK	toll

ROAD TRANSPORT IN THE CZECH REPUBLIC

712 km of road are toll roads, of which 500 km are motorway and the remainder high-speed roads (D1, D2, D3, D5, D8, D11, 47).

- Motorway permits: several types are on sale, they apply to cars and trucks
- The highest permitted speeds in the Czech Republic; built-up areas 50 km/h, outside urban areas 90 km/h, motorways 130 km/h
- <u>Lights:</u> you must drive at all times with your headlights on

Border Crossings:

Germany: Varnsdorf, Hřensko, Cínovec, Boží Dar, Aš, Rozvadov, Folmava, Železná Ruda Austria: Dolní Dvořiště, Slavonice, Mikulov, Poštorná Poland: Český Těšín, Bohumín, Krnov, Náchod Slovakia: Mosty u Jablunkova, Horní Bečva, Střelná, Brumov-Bylnice, Starý Hrozenkov, Strání, Hodonín, Břeclav, Lanžhot

 Import—export: EU regulations apply. Tax-free limits for selected goods: 800 cigarettes, 10 litres of spirits, 90 litres of wine, 110 litres of beer, 1 kg of tobacco

MONEY, EXCHANGE OFFICE:

- Currency: Czech Crown 1 CZK (100 heller)
- Coins: 1 CZK, 2 CZK, 5 CZK, 10 CZK, 20 CZK, 50 CZK
- Banknotes: 100 CZK, 200 CZK, 500 CZK, 1 000 CZK, 2 000 CZK, 5 000 CZK
- Exchange: you can change money in the bank, at the Post Office and in Exchange Offices.
- A word to the wise: In exchange offices, the sale exchange of the currencies is often displayed we sell. This is confusing, as the rate they will buy your foreign notes is different. Ask about the transaction charges, before you commit.

Don't change money in the street!

Swindlers will offer you a better rate, but you may end up either with forged banknotes or banknotes from another country (most often Bulgarian Leva). ATMs, or automatic teller machines, are on almost every street corner in the centre of Prague.

Credit and debit cards are accepted in most places — most often VISA, MasterCard a AmEx. It is becoming more and more common to pay in Euro.



100 CZK – Charles IV of Luxembourg (1316–1378) – He was King of Bohemia and Germany and from 1355 Emperor of the Holy Roman Empire. A prominent and active European ruler in the late Middle Ages.

200 CZK – Jan Amos Komenský (1592–1670) – Thinker, pedagogue, theologian, writer and historian. In 1628, he had to emigrate from the country.

500 CZK – <u>Božena Němcová</u>
(1820–1862) – She is considered to
be the most prominent Bohemian
writer. She is the author of small
prose works with patriotic and social
themes.

1 000 CZK – <u>František Palacký</u> (1798–1876) – Scientist and historian – he recorded the national history. An important figure in Bohemian cultural and political life.

2 000 CZK – <u>Ema Destinnová</u> (1878–1930) – An opera singer who sang in Berlin and the Metropolitan Opera in New York.

5 000 CZK – <u>Tomáš Garrigue</u>

<u>Masaryk</u> (1850–1937)

– The founder and first president of indocendant Goods education (forms)

independent Czechoslovakia (from 1918). Philosopher, statesman, and sociologist.













The person whose work adorns the banknotes is graphic artist Oldřich Kulhánek (1940–2013).

84 PRAGUE AT A GLANCE TRANSPORT IN PRAGUE 85

PRAGUE AT A GLANCE

- Area: 496 km²
- Number of inhabitants: 1,178,600
- Geographical situation:

latitude 50.05 N; longitude 14.22 E

- Average height above sea-level: 230 m
- River: a stretch of 30 km of the VItava runs through the city, maximum width 330 m, with nine islands along the edge of the city
- Administrative division of the city:
- 22 administrative districts, 57 municipal parts
- Historic districts: Hradčany (Castle Quarter),
 Mála Strana (Lesser Town), Staré Město (Old Town), Josefov (Jewish Quarter), Nové Město (New Town), Vyšehrad



The U Fleků Brewery

is probably the most famous Prague restaurant, dating from the 15th century. It now houses a Brewery Museum.

SOME PRAGUE SUPERLATIVES

- The oldest preserved fountain: the singing fountain (1568) in the Royal Garden
- · The oldest café Slávia (opened in 1881)
- The oldest meteorological observatory: —
 Klementinum (meteorological observations since 1752)
- · The oldest bridge: Charles Bridge (1357)
- · The oldest railway station: Masaryk (1845)
- · The oldest hospital: Na Františku (1354)
- · The oldest brewery: U Fleků (founded in 1499)
- The oldest rotunda: St. Martin's in Vyšehrad (11th century)
- · The oldest pipe organ: Týn Cathedral (1673)
- · The longest bridge: Negrelli Viaduct (1 110 m)
- · The longest street: Strakonická (15.5 km)
- The deepest underground/subway station: Náměstí míru (53 m deep)
- The longest stretch of underground/subway between stations: 2,749 m (Holešovice Station -Kobylisy, line C)
- · <u>The shortest street:</u> Jiřího Červeného, at Kampa (measures 27 m)
- The lowest point: 172 m above sea-level (at the place where the Vltava leaves the borders of Prague
- on the riverbed)
- The biggest square in Prague and Czech Republic: Karlovo náměstí (80,500 m²)
- The biggest swimming pool: Podolský Swimming
 Stadium
- · <u>The biggest stadium:</u> Strahov Stadium (area 310.5 × 202.5 m)
- · <u>The biggest bell:</u> Zikmund (St. Vitus Cathedral, diameter 256 cm, height 203 cm, 16,500 kg)
- The highest building: the former Czech Radio building in Pankrác (height 109 m, 30 floors)
- · <u>The highest bridge:</u> Nuselský Bridge (length 485 m, width 26 m, height 40 m)
- <u>The highest construction:</u> Žižkov Television Tower (216 m)
- <u>The highest point:</u> 399 m above sea-level, Teleček hill, Prague 5



The most well-known Prague café

Café Slávia on Národní Street, opposite the Národní Divadlo (National Theatre) is probably the most well-known Prague café. From the 19th century until now, this café has been a meeting place for distinguished personalities from Czech's cultural scene.

TRANSPORT IN PRAGUE:

■ Single Tickets:

Adults (15-60 years)

transferable: 40 CZK (90 minutes),

non-transferable: 30 CZK (30 minutes)

Large pieces of luggage transferable: 20 CZK

<u>Please note:</u> Remember to frank your tickets in the yellow boxes with arrows found on trams and buses and the entrance to underground metro stations

- Non-transferable tickets are valid for buses and trams for a maximum of 30 minutes for a single journey. They are valid for a maximum of 4 stops on the underground/subway and you can change lines. These tickets are valid for a maximum of 30 minutes. From 20.00 until 5.00 and at the weekends they are valid for 30 minutes.
- <u>Transferable tickets</u> are valid for **90 minutes** on every type of public transport (bus, tram, underground/subway, cable car).

PUBLIC TRANSPORT PASSES:

■ one day for all zones (24 h):

120 CZK, reduced 60 CZK (adults 60+ years)

■ 3-day (72 h):

330 CZK

• <u>Transportation zones:</u> Prague is divided into five zones. A standard two-zone ticket suffices for movement within the area of the capital city.

A WORD TO THE WISE: Don't ride in the black. There are metro controllers everywhere in Prague, and they level a hefty fine to anyone riding without a properly franked ticket. Fines start at 1 500 CZK. To make matters worse, there are people dressed as metro controllers, lurking around stations for the unwary traveller. Do not hand over your passport in any situation, and the metro controller must show you a golden badge with the public transport logo on it, and give you a receipt for your fine. Once you've paid the fine, you can ride public transport free for the next hour.

The tickets can be purchased whenever a mobile phone can be used.

86 TRANSPORT IN PRAGUE TRANSPORT IN PRAGUE 87



When visiting Prague it is better to leave the car outside the centre and to use public transport

Lost and found:

Karolíny Světlé 5, Prague 1, 110 00 Tel.: +420/296 191 817; +420/224 235 085

UNDERGOUND/SUBWAY

A: green (Nemocnice Motol—Depo Hostivař)
B: yellow (Zličín—Černý Most)

<u>important stops</u>: Florenc (the main bus station), Anděl (bus station), Smíchovské nádraží (railway station).



The ticket is valid on all types of public transport in Prague – travellers are required to frank their tickets immediately on entering the vehicle.
This is a transfer ticket that costs **CZK 40**.
(See page 83)

C: red (Háje-Letňany)

important stops: Hlavní nádraží (the main railway station), Vyšehrad, Nádraží Holešovice (railway station), Roztyly (bus station), Florenc (the main bus station)

Operates daily, 5.00 until 24.00.

TRAMS



numbers 1 to 26 operate during the day night service: 9 lines from nr. 51 to 59 The central point for night time tram service is at Lazarská stop.

Operate daily, 4.30 until 24.00.

Night service at 30 minute intervals from 0.30 till 4.30.

BUSES



180 routes daily and 16 night routes numbered from 502–514 and 601–603.

Daily service, 4.30 until 0.30.

Night time service at intervals of 30 minutes from 0.30 until 4.30.

TAXI



- Order taxis via a non-stop dispatching service and find out the cost of your ride beforehand
- Only choose the kind of taxi service vehicles that are equipped with a securely attached roof light with TAXI written on it and that are marked with a registration number, company name, price list with a basic rate, rate per kilometre, and the rate for one minute of waiting
- Make sure the car has a taxi-fare meter and that it is turned on
- After you reach your destination always ask for a receipt printed on the printer of the taxi-fare meter, which should also include the kilometres and price.

Every company has its own rates. The maximum prices are:

25 CZK per 1 km for trips within Prague,
A one-off fee of 34 CZK for getting in the taxi,
5 CZK per 1 minute for waiting. Prices may increase during the year. Prices for trips outside of Prague are not limited.

Taxi services:

AAA radiotaxi, tel.: +420/222 333 222
Profi -Taxi, tel.: +420/844 700 800
Taxi Praha, tel.: +420/222 111 000
Citytaxi, tel.: +420/257 257 257
Taxi Sedop, tel.: +420/271 722 222
Halotaxi, tel.: +420/244 114 411

Modrý anděl (Blue angel)
 Driving your car for you:

+420/272 700 202

PARK AND RIDE, CAR PARKS



It is better for visitors to Prague to leave their cars at designated park and ride stops, indicated by the

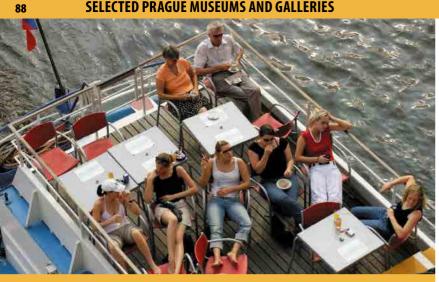


Tram

park and ride car parks are located along underground/subway lines: line A (Skalka); line B (Zličín, Nové Butovice, Palmovka, Rajská zahrada, Černý most); line C (Nádraží Holešovické, Opatovice). In the city centre, there are multi-storey car parks and guarded car parks. The solution for your parking in the centre of Prague can be the underground garages (24/7) of the Palladium shopping centre. Paid parking in the centre is divided into three zones: Orange — max. 2 hours; green — max. 6 hours (both zones have parking ticket machines); blue — only for residents and local companies dispaying a parking pass. Please note: ilegally parked cars will be clamped or towed away. Do not leave valuable items visible in cars outside guarded parking areas.

P+R sign, and to continue by public transport. The

22 - DAILY SERVICE (4.30-24.00) 54 - NIGHT TIME SERVICE (0.30-4.30)	M		•
	A – MALOSTRANSKÁ	22, 23 – PRAŽSKÝ HRAD	- Total
PRAGUE CASTLE	A – HRADČANSKÁ	22, 23 – POHOŘELEC	Mile
(PRAŽSKÝ HRAD)		1,8 – HRADČANSKÁ	ON THE REAL PROPERTY.
		12, 18 – MALOSTRANSKÁ	
	A, C – MUZEUM	3, 9, 14, 24	
WENCESLAS SQUARE	A, B – MŮSTEK	VÁCLAVSKÉ NÁMĚSTÍ	
(VÁCLAVSKÉ NÁMĚSTÍ)		54, 55, 56, 58 VÁCLAVSKÉ NÁMĚSTÍ	
MAIN DAILWAY CTATION	C – HLAVNÍ NÁDRAŽÍ	5, 9, 26	504, 505, 509, 511, 513
MAIN RAILWAY STATION		HLAVNÍ NÁDRAŽÍ	HLAVNÍ NÁDRAŽÍ
MAIN BUG STATION	A, C – FLORENC	8, 24 – SOKOLOVSKÁ	207, 133, 135 – FLORENC
MAIN BUS STATION		52 – SOKOLOVSKÁ	
	A – STAROMĚSTSKÁ	17, 18 Novotného Lávka	
CHARLES BRIDGE			- Land
		53 – NOVOTNÉHO LÁVKA	



www.evd.cz

Boat transport in Prague

gives you a unique view of the town centre and a pleasant, romantic trip along the Vltava, seeing many tourist attractions on the way. The EVD Company offers daily one-hour boat trips from 10.00 to 18.00, two-hour excursions from 15.00–17.00, a lunch and music cruise from noon – 14.00 and a dinner and music cruise from 19:00-22:00.

Embark next to the Čechův Bridae.

evd@paroplavba.cz; tel.: +420/224 810 030, +420/724 202 505, fax: +420/224 810 003

SIGHTSEEING TOURS OF PRAGUE AND ITS ENVIRONS

Visitors to Prague can make use of various offers of travel agencies for excursions around Prague. Tours with local, English-speaking tourist guides are provided by the «PREMIANT CITY TOUR» company. Reservations: +420/224 946 922, NONSTOP: +420/606 600 123, E-mail: info@premiant.cz

Selected Prague museums and galleries:

THE NATIONAL MUSEUM

Wenceslas Square 68, 115 79 Prague 1

■ The Natural Science Museum Departments: rocks and mineral; fossils, fungi,

plants; insects; animals; human history; chemical research laboratory; wood dating laboratory

Museum of History

Departments: Classical Archaeology, Early Czech History, Ethnic Studies, Modern Czech History, National Museum Archive, Numismatics, Physical Education and Sport, Pre- and Proto-history, Theatre

Permanent exhibitions:

The Prehistory of Bohemia, Moravia and Silesia (main building of the National Museum) Monuments of the National Past (Prague Castle – Lobkowitz Palace)

Monuments of Stone Sculpture in Bohemia 11th-19th century (Lapidárium - Výstaviště 422, Exhibition area, Prague 7);

Pharmaceutical culture and a view of Bohemian pharmacies from the Renaissance until the 19th Century (Nerudova Str. 32, Prague 1)

■ Library of the National Museum Sections: basic library; manuscripts and old prints; book culture; services; international publication exchange; the Chateau Library; magazines

■ Náprstkovo Museum of Asian, African and American Culture Old Town, Betlémské náměstí 1, Prague 1

Asian Culture, Náprstkovo Museum Library, Near-East and Africa, Non-European Ethnography, Non-European Numismatics, Prehistory and Ancient History

■ Czech Museum of Music

Novotného lávka 1, Prague 1

Departments: Musical History: Musical Instruments: Bedřich Smetana Museum; Antonín Dvořák Museum

Permanent exhibition:

Museum of Musical Instruments (Karmelitská 2/4): Bedřich Smetana Museum; Antonín Dvořák Museum (Villa America, Ke Karlovu 20, Prague 2); Antonín Dvořák Memorial: Smetana Jabkenice Lodge; Josef Suk Memorial Křečovice; Jaroslav Ježek Memorial (the Blue Room, Kaprova 10, Prague 2)

MUSEUM OF THE CAPITAL CITY OF PRAGUE

■ main building (™ "B" Florenc) Na Poříčí 52; Prague 8, www.muzeumprahv.cz

Permanent exhibition: Historic Prague. History of the town and its inhabitants from prehistory until 1784; A unique model of Prague by Langweil from the years 1826-1834

■ Villa Müller, the work of the architect Adolf Loos Prague 6 – Střešovice Nad Hradním vodojemem 14/642; must book in advance. Tel. +420/224 312 012

 Podskalská customs office in Výtoň Rašínovo nábřeží 412, 120 00 Prague 2 Exposition: Vanished Podskalí – Rafts and Ships on the Vltava

OTHER PRAGUE MUSEUMS

National Technical Museum



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Kostelní 42, Prague 7;

Národní technické muzeum je největší české muzeum specializované na sbírky technického charakteru. V expozici Doprava, Astronomie, Fotografie, Chemie, Měření času, Tiskařství, Technika v domácnosti, Architektura, Hornictví a Hutnictví naleznete množství cenných předmětů i zajímavých příběhů.

 Prague Jewellery Cabinet Hergetova Brickyard, Cihelna 2, Prague 1; www.cihelna.info Permanent exhibition: Jewels and Luxurious

Decorations from the 17th Century till the Present. Collections of the Museum of Industrial Art in Prague

■ Franz Kafka Museum

Hergetova cihelna, Cihelná 2, Prague 1;

(▼M▼ "B" Malostranská)

www.kafkamuseum.cz

The world of famous Prague native, Franz Kafka. Audiovisual programmes, first editions of Kafka's works, photography, manuscripts, drawings and three-dimensional exhibits.

Mucha Museum

Panská 7, Prague 1; www.mucha.cz Unique collection of art nouveau works by Alfons Mucha.

Dannaman ...

Bertramka

The W. A. Mozart and Mr and Mrs Dušek Museum: permanent exhibition: Personal mementos, musical instruments, period engravings, pictures and documents recording Mozart's visits to Betramka and Prague

(▼MF "B" Anděl)

Mozartova 169, Prague 5

■ Franz Kafka Exhibition Náměstí Fr. Kafky 10, Prague 1

Kampa Museum

František Kupka; Otto Gutfreund; Modern Central European Art;

U Sovových mlýnů 503/2, Prague 1

Museum of Childrens Drawings

U Radnice 13, Prague 1 – Staré Město, dům U Zelené žáby (House at the Green Frog)

Museum of Communism

Exhibition: Prague and Czechoslovakia during the Communist Era:

Na Příkopě 10, Prague 1

■ Miniatures Museum

Strahovské nádvoří 11, Prague 1 (the Strahov Monastery complex)

Police Museum

Ke Karlovu 1, Prague 2

History, origin, development and activity of the Czech security service, criminology and well-known criminal cases, air services, the foreigners' and border police, the former state security service.



Bertramka – Now a museum, it was here that W. A. Mozart composed Don Giovanni

■ National Agricultural Museum

Kostelní 44, Prague 7

Food production in the 19th and 20th centuries, old craft tools and workshop equipment.

 Museum of National Literature Strahovské nádvoří 1. Prague 1

J.A. Comenius Pedagogical Museum in

Prague

Malá Strana (Lesser Town), Valdšteinská 20

J. A. Comenius and the Czech School, Collection of old school books and educational aids, a 19th century classroom.

■ U Fleků Brewery Museum

Křemencova 11, Prague 1

■ Postal Museum

Nové mlýny 2, Prague 1

■ Family Postcard Museum

Liliová 4, Prague 1 – dům U Červené židle (The House at the Red Chair); More than a thousand historic postcards from 1890-1930

■ Wax Figures Museum

Two locations: Melantrichova 5, Prague 1;

Mostecká 18, Prague 1

Czech and world personalities from the areas of culture, science and sport, Kaleidoscope Cinema highlighting famous historical Czechs

■ THE JEWISH MUSEUM IN PRAGUE

U Staré školy 1, 3, Prague 1

www.jewishmuseum.cz/en

Maisel Synagogue

History of the Jews in Bohemia and Moravia from

the 10th to the 18th century;

Maiselova 10, Prague 1

Spanish Synagogue

The History of the Jews in Bohemia and Moravia from emancipation till the present

Dušní, Prague 1

Winter Synagogue

house of prayer (1st floor) - exhibitions

Vězeňská 1, Prague 1



Kunsthalle Praha

Galerie – Café – Bistro – Design Shop Klárov 5, 118 00 Praha 1

www.kunsthallepraha.org

Opening hours (also during holidays)

Mo: 11 am-7 pm, Tue: closed

Wed: 11 am-9 pm Thu-Sun: 11 am-7 pm

Pinkas Synagogue

Memorial to the holocaust victims from Czech and

Moravia

Široká 3, Prague 1

Klausen Synagogue

Jewish traditions and customs

U Starého hřbitova 3a, Prague 1

Ceremonial Hall

Jewish traditions and customs

U Starého hřbitova 3a, Prague 1

Old Jewish Cemetery

entrance only from Široká 3, Prague 1

Education and Culture Centre

Reading room and research room

U Staré Školv (At the Old School) 1, 3, Prague 1

The Jewish Cemetery in Žižkov

Fibichova, Prague 3







The Spanish Synagogue



LEADING GALLERIES

■ THE NATIONAL GALLERY IN PRAGUE

Staroměstské nám. 12, Prague 1

KINSKÝ PALACE

Housing a collection of drawings and graphic works

Staroměstské nám. 12, Prague 1

ŠTERNBERSKÝ PALACE

permanent exhibition: Epochs and personalities -

European Art from Antiquity until the End of the Baroque.

Hradčanské nám. 15, Prague 1

THE MONASTERY OF ST. GEORGE

Art in Bohemia from the time from Emperor

Rudolf II's court to the 19th century

Jiřské nám. 33, Prague 1 – Castle

THE MONASTERY OF ST. AGNES OF BOHEMIA

Medieval art in Bohemia and central Europe from

1200 to 1550

U Milosrdných 17, Prague 1

ZBRASLAV CHATEAU - Asian art

Zbraslav, Prague 5

(™ "B" Smíchovské nádraží – BUS "129, 241,

314, 318" Zbraslav)

VELETRŽNÍ PALACE

19th, 20th and 21st century art Dukelských hrdinů 47, Prague 7

"C"Vltavská)



CZECH MUSEUM OF VISUAL AND GRAPHIC ARTS:

- modern art;

Husova Street , Prague 1

GALLERY OF THE CAPITAL CITY OF PRAGUE
 All expositions and exhibitions are closed on
 Mondays.

U ZLATÉHO PRSTENU (HOUSE AT THE GOLD RING),

20th century Czech Art

Týnská 6, Prague 1 - Ungelt

ZÁMEK TROJA (CASTLE TROJA)

19th Century Czech Art

U Trojského zámku 1, Prague 7

("C" Nádraží Holešovice – BUS "112" Z00

Troja)

BÍLKOVA VILLA

František Bílek Studio

Mickiewiczova 1, Prague 6 - Hradčany

Exhibitions:

HOUSE AT THE BLACK MOTHER OF GOD

- Czech Cubism

Celetná 34, Prague 1

MUCHA MUSEUM

Exhibit of works by Alfons Mucha

Panská 7, Prague 1

PRAGUE MUSEUM OF INDUSTRIAL ART

The Story of Materials
17. listopadu 2, Prague 1

YEARLY CULTURAL EVENTS

- FEBIOFEST international review of films, television and videos /January/
- PRAGUE SPRING festival of classical music / January/
- SLOVAK THEATRE IN PRAGUE Slovak theatre / February/
- EUROPEAN FILM DAYS festival of contemporary European films /March/
- EUROPEAN FESTIVAL COMPETITION OF ACCORDION ORCHESTRAS / March/
- INTERFESTIVAL OF MAGIC international festival of magic arts /March/
- AGHARTA PRAGUE JAZZ FESTIVAL
 leading jazz personalities and orchestras /March—
- PRAGUE FESTIVAL OF AUTHORS international meeting of literary authors /April/

December/

- MUSICA ECUMENICA festival of classical music /April/
- ONE WORLD international human rights film festival /April/
- PRAGUE WORLD OF BOOKS international book fair /May/

Prague Spring International Music Festival "Pražské jaro"

the few world-class festivals to cultivate young performers.

– is a constant parade of excellent artists, symphony orchestras and chamber groups. Since 1946, a host of personalities such as Ančerl, Bernstein, Sir A. Boult, Firkušný, Krombholc, Kubelík, Lympany, Mravinsky, Munch, Neveu, Novotná, Oborin, Oistrach, Panenka and others have performed. Since 1952 the festival has opened with the cycle of symphonic poems My Country by Bedřich Smetana and has closed with Ludwig van Beethoven's 9th Symphony. The Praque Spring International Music Festival is one of

- PRAGUE SPRING international music festival /Mav/
- KHAMORO international festival of Roma culture /May/
- GOLDEN PRAGUE international television festival of music and dance programmes /May/
- INTERNATIONAL CHOIR FESTIVAL OF FOLK SONGS /May/
- WORLD FESTIVAL OF PUPPETEERING
 /May—June/
- FESTPOL FESTIVAL OF POLICE ORCHESTRAS AND CHOIRS /June/
- DANCE PRAGUE international contemporary dance and theatre movement festival /June/
- MUSICA SACRA PRAGA festival of sacral choirs /June/
- RESPECT festival of ethnic and world music / June/

- SUMMER CELEBRATION OF OLD MUSIC international music festival /June—July/
- ETHNIC FESTIVAL the biggest review of folk arts /June to September/
- ORGAN SUMMER international festival of organ concerts /July to August/
- OPEN-AIR OPERA FESTIVAL in the courtyard of the Lichtenstein Palace /July to August/
- SUMMER SHAKESPEARE FESTIVAL Open-air Shakespeare /July to September/
- INTERNATIONAL ORGAN FESTIVAL organ concerts /August/
- INTERNATIONAL FESTIVAL OF STRING QUARTETS festival in honour of Antonín Dvořák /Aug to Sept/
- YOUNG PRAGUE international music festival /August to September/

DISTINGUISHED PERSONALITIES DISTINGUISHED PERSONALITIES

DISTINGUISHED PERSONALITIES WITH A CONNECTION TO PRAGUE

Aostalli, de Sala Ulrico (1525–1597)

94

Renaissance builder and architect of Prague Castle
 Appollinaire, Guillaume (1880–1918) – poet;
 his visit to Prague inspired him to write "A Prague
 Walker"

from Arras, Matyáš (1290–1352) – builder and architect; started construction of St. Vitus Cathedral

Barrande, Joachim (1799–1883) – geologist and palaeontologist; the Barrandov Quarter is named after him

Beethoven, Ludwig van (1770-1827)

 composer; he staged a number of public performances in 1796 in Prague

Bolzano, Bernard (1781–1848) — mathematician and philosopher, the forerunner of modern logic

Brahe, Tycho (1546–1601) — astronomer; active at the court of Rudolf II; buried in Týn Cathedral **Braun, Matyáš Bernard** (1684–1738) — sculptor; creator of the statues on Charles Bridge (e.g. St. Luitgard)

Brod, Max (1884–1968) – author; published the writings of Franz Kafka

Brokoff, Ferdinand Maxmilián (1688-1731)

- sculptor; author of statues on Charles Bridge $\,$

Tchaikovsky, Peter llyich (1840-1893)

 composer; conducted his work on several visits to Prague

Čapek, Karel (1890–1938) – famous Czech author; works include The White Illness, Mother

Dienzenhofer, Kilián Ignác (1689–1751)

– baroque architect; works include Cathedral of St. Mikuláš

Dvořák, Antonín (1841–1904) – Czech composer, known for Slavonic Dances



Master Jan Hus

He is one of the most striking figures in Czech history. The Bohemian thinker and reformer of the Church was labelled a heretic for his opinions and in 1415 was burned at the stake by the Council of Constance. Even while at the stake, he did not recant his teachings. Hus's death was one of the impetuses for beginning the Hussite revolution, which affected not only Bohemia but a large part of Europe. The picture shows the Master Jan Hus monument on Old Town Square by artist Ladislav Šaloun (1915).

Einstein, Albert (1879–1955) – physicist; professor at the German University in Prague (1911–1912)

Hašek, Jaroslav (1883–1923) – Czech author who wrote The Adventures of the good Soldier Švejk during World War I

Holar, Václav (1607–1677) – engraver and draughtsman; author of graphic sheets, drawn maps and portraits

Hus, Jan (around 1371–1415) – religious reformer; preacher in the Bethlehem Chapel (1402-1412)

Ibn Yaqub, Ibrahim († after 970) – Jewish trader and diplomat; first to include Prague in his chronicles

Kafka, Franz (1883–1924) – Czech-German author who wrote The Trial, The Castle, America Kubelík, Rafael (1914–1996) – Czech conductor and composer for the Czech Philharmonic (1942–1948)

Liszt, Ferenc (1811–1886) – Hungarian composer, conductor and pianist; frequently gave concerts in Praque

Mahler, Gustav (1860–1911) – composer and conductor

Mozart, Wolfgang Amadeus (1756–1791)

- composer; premiered the opera Don Giovanni in Prague in 1787

Mucha, Alfons (1860–1939) – painter; he became famous for his theatre posters during the Art Nouveau period.

Myslbek, Josef Václav (1848–1922) – sculptor; author of the St. Vaclav memorial on Wenceslas Square

Negrelli, Alois (1799–1858) — railway engineer and builder; creator of the unique Negrelli viaduct

Nestroy, Johann Nepomuk (1801–1862)

— dramatist; in the 1840s he staged his works in Praque

Parléř, Petr (1332–1399) – Late Gothic architect and sculptor; builder of St. Vitus Cathedral



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Franz Kafka

Born in Prague in 1883, Kafka was a writer in the "Prague German literature" circle. Prague, the city in which he lived for most of his life inspired works such as The Trial, containing existential elements and set in mysterious, magical surroundings. Today, Prague and Kafka belong together, and that is why you will come across his likeness in many parts of Prague. (The statue in the photograph is by J. Róna and is on Dušní Street).

Plečnik, Josip (1872–1957) – architect; carried out repairs to Prague Castle between 1920–1931 Rilke, Rainer Maria (1875–1926) – poet and author; Prague native

Seifert, Jaroslav (1901–1986) – poet; awarded the Nobel Prize for Literature

Šaljapin, Fjodor (1873–1938) – opera singer **Škréta, Karel** (1610–1674) – baroque painter; decorated the Cathedral of St. Nicholas

de Vries, Adrian (around 1545–1626) – court sculptor to Rudolf II; made the statues for the Wallenstein Palace 96 PRAGUE OVER THE CENTURIES PRAGUE OVER THE CENTURIES 97

Weber, Carl Maria von (1786–1826) – composer and conductor; director of the opera in the Stavovské Theatre

Werfel, Franz (1890–1945) – author; wrote Class Reunion, Forty Days of Musa Dagh

PRAGUE OVER THE CENTURIES

From 4000 BC – the oldest traces of prehistoric settlement around Prague

5th to 2nd centuries BC – Celtic hill fort and oppidum in Závist u Zbraslavi (near Prague) was the centre of Celtic culture

9 BC — Marbod leads the Marcomanni into Bohemia (aristocratic seat in Bubeneč)

539 — Langobard King Wacho dies

5th-6th century - arrival of the Slavs

6th century — Slav culture of the Prague type with its centre in Roztoky u Prahy

8th century – the oldest settlement in the old Prague (a village in the Lesser Town)

8th–9th century – foundation of Prague Castle (there is evidence that it was a princely seat prior to

880 – the beginning of the rule of the Přemyslids)

926 – foundation of St. Vitus rotunda at Prague Castle

973 – foundation of Prague bishopric

11th century – building of stone Romanesque houses in Praque

1135–82 – Romanesque renovation of Prague Castle

1169 – construction works starts on the stone Judith bridge

1232–34 – Old Town acquires municipal rights and ramparts

1257 — New Town founded, later referred to as the Smaller and now Lesser Town

1310 – beginning of the reign of the Luxembourgs

1316 - last conflagration in the Old Town

1338 — Old Town obtains the right to have a town

1344 – Prague bishopric is elevated to an archbishopric; Gothic reconstruction of St. Vitus Cathedral commences

1348 – Charles IV founds Charles University and the New Town

1357 — work starts on the construction of a stone bridge (the Charles Bridge)

1402–13 – protestant reformer Jan Hus preaches in the Bethlehem Chapel

1419 – first defenestration of the aldermen and the start of the Hussite wars

1471 – beginning of the reign of the Jagiellonians

1483 – Second Prague defenestration of the aldermen and the onset of religious toleration

1486–1502 – the Late Gothic renovation of Prague Castle

1526 — beginning of the reign of the Habsburgs

1541 – fire in the Lesser Town, Hradčany and Prague Castle

1584–1612 – Prague is the residence of Emperor Rudoph II.

1618 – Third Prague defenestration and beginning of the thirty-years-war

1620 – Battle of the White Mountain and the defeat of the Uprising of the Estates

1648 – Swedes plunder the Rudolphine collections, Prague Castle and the Lesser Town

1784 — unification of the Prague towns into a single town of Prague

1787 – world premiere of Don Giovanni by Mozart

1818 – foundation of the National Museum

1848 - Slav Congress and revolution in Prague

1868 – festive ground breaking for the National Theatre

1891 – Jubilee Exhibition and the flowering of

On August 20, 1968,

the military forces of the Warsaw Pact (Soviet Union, Poland, East Germany, Bulgaria, and Hungary) entered Czechoslovakia and ended the democratization process, culminating into events known as the Prague Spring.



Art-Nouveau in Prague

1909–11 – construction of the Cubist House at the Black Mother of God

1918 – Proclamation of the Czechoslovak Republic

1939 — Hitler's occupation of Prague;

Czechoslovakia becomes the Protectorate of Bohemia and Moravia

1945 – The May uprising and liberation of Prague

1948 - Communist military coup

1965 – breaking ground for the underground subway system (1974 came into service)

1968 – Warsaw Pact forces occupation of Czechoslovakia

1969 – student Jan Palach sets himself on fire in Prague to protest the occupation – two months later, student Jan Zajíc does the same

1989 — Velvet Revolution and the reintroduction of democracy

1993 – the division of Czechoslovakia into two separate countries: Czech and Slovak Republic; Prague is placed on the UNESCO list of monuments

1999 — Czech Republic enters NATO

2004 - Czech Republic joins the EU

2006 – The International Astronomical Union congress (IAU) took place in Prague

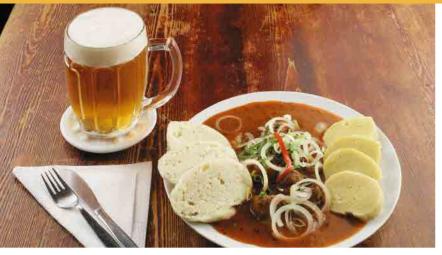
2009 – The Czech Republic's presidency of the EU Council

November 1989

- the "socialist" State power harshly suppressed a peaceful student demonstration. This action evoked a wave of demonstrations against the State system, which culminated in establishing democracy in society. Due to their peaceful nature, the events in November received the name "Velvet Revolution". On January 1, 1990, Václav Havel, a dissident of totalitarianism, became President.



98 DINING OUT 99



Goulash with potato and bread dumplings

DINING OUT

- USEFUL DINING PHRASES
- · I would like a table for . . . people.

Prosím, stůl pro . . . osob.

· Waiter/waitress!

Prosím Vás!

· May I have the bill, please?

Zaplatím, prosím.

· Could I have it well-cooked /medium/rare/, please? Může to být hodně /středně/jen lehce/ propečené, prosím?



A delicacy of Czech cuisine — **Svíčková na smetaně** — sirloin of beef in cream sauce with bread dumplings, garnished with cranberries

- · I am a vegetarian. Does this contain meat? Jsem vegetarián. Není v tom maso?
- · Where is the toilet (restroom) please? Kde je záchod, prosím?
- · I would like a cup of /two cups of/ coffee (tea).

 Prosím šálek /dva šálky/ kávy (čaje).

more on pp. 105, 107

■ BEST BITES:

Czech food is tasty and hearty, and not for dieters. The following items are most commonly found on a Czech restaurant menu, and are definitely worth a taste. Most of the Prague restaurants have an English menu, or the waiters speak English. Just ask, "Anglický prosím?" (English, please?) and see what happens. If you choose to eat in a pub rather than a tourist restaurant, you'll be hard-pressed to spend more than 15 Euro for your soup, main and drink.

Bramboračka – potato soup

Hemenex – ham and eggs

Omeleta – omelette

Svíčková na smetaně – cut of beef in an orange
vegetable cream sauce with dumplings, usually
garnished with a dollop of whipped cream and
cranberry sauce

Kapr – Carp, from local fish-ponds, served
"smažený" (fried) or "přírodní" (natural)

Guláš – Goulash, served with bread dumplings

Smažený sýr – Breaded and fried cheese

Vepřová, knedlíky a zelí (traditional roast pork with dumplings and sauerkraut),

ovocné knedlíky (fruit-filled dumplings with cream or special sweet cheese)

or jablečný závin (apple strudel).

■ TIPPING:

The expected tip for good service is between 5 and 10 per cent, but if you think service was bad or unfriendly, you can forget the tip.

FAST FOOD

You can find "rychlé občerstvení" (fast-food windows) on just about any street corner in Prague. Try a "párek v rohlíku" (hot dog with ketchup and/ or mustard) or a "langoš" (fried dough with garlic, cheese or cinnamon suqar on top).

CZECH BEER

Pivo (beer) is the secret to a happy life. Czechs must be a very happy people; as they are the world leaders in per capita beer consumption at 320 half-litres a year per capita. The first written record of Bohemian beer production goes back to 1088, but the history of brewing beer is much older.

Served cool by the half-litre with a thick, frothy head, it must be cool, not cold. A proper pilsner takes seven minutes to pour. To feel at home in Prague, you need to learn just one simple phrase: "Jěstě jedno pivo prosím" (One more beer, please).

you most often come across draught beer which
is popularly called "desítka" (ten) — it contains up
to 4 % alcohol and also "lager" type beer called
"dvanáctka" (twelve) which contains approximately
 5.5 % alcohol. Occasionally, you will find special
beers with higher alcohol content.



Sitting and relaxing on a terrace on Old Town Sauare

 most produced beers are light and clear and range from the bitter pilsner type to the light and slightly sweet bavarian type. The range is supplemented by dark beer; light and dark beer mixed together in the glass is called cut beer — popularly known as "řezaný".

A small snack with your beer?

<u>"Utopener"</u> (Drowned man) — so-called because it consists of soft, strong, spicy sausage filled with onion and spicy paprika, seasoned with pepper and covered or "drowned" in a liquid made from water, vinegar and salt. After several days in cold storage, the smoked meat becomes a spicy delicacy.

<u>Pivní sýr</u> – a little cream is added to dairy cheese and it is whipped up into a froth into which a small amount of fresh garlic is pressed.

<u>Topinka</u> — This is a piece of dark bread fried in salt, garlic and lard or oil. It is traditionally served with scrambled eggs, grated cheese, meat mixture, or spicy cheese spread.

<u>Pickled Hermelin</u> — Hermelin is a camembert-type cheese. This one has been marinated in oil with onion, garlic, hot peppers and spices.

100 SELECTED RECIPES SELECTED RECIPES 101



Beer – "The golden vintage" – is the Czechs' favourite beverage and even evokes a feeling of national pride. Every Czech drinks on average 320 beers a year – leaving Czechs as the world leaders in per capita beer consumption. Beer has to be well-chilled (around 6-8 °C) and must have a strong flavour! Such as the "Pilsner" beer at U Pinkasů, not far from Wenceslas Square.

<u>Salty pastries</u> — various types of salty pastries are also usually available in our country to accompany beer. Pretzels are particularly popular.

SELECTED RECIPES

SIRLOIN OF BEEF IN CREAM SAUCE

— is served with bread dumplings. It is an excellent dish based on larded beef which is baked or braised with a vegetable base. Afterwards this base is used in the preparation of a thicker cream sauce which is sweetened to taste. Sirloin of beef in cream sauce is decorated on the plate with a spoonful of cranberry sauce and a slice of lemon.

GOULASH:

You will need to prepare the following to feed four sturdy lads:

Pork (shoulder)	500 g
Pork liver	250 g
Pork kidneys	200 g
Onion	400 g
Pork lard	100 g
Minced sweet pepper	20 g
Salt	20 g
Garlic	50 g
Smooth flour	80 g
Marjoram, caraway, ground black pepper	
Pork stock	

Procedure:

- Cut the pork into smaller pieces, add salt, pepper and garlic, mix thoroughly and leave it to stand in its juices overnight.
- Sauté the evenly chopped onion in the lard. When it starts to change colour add cubes of home-made bacon. As soon as the onion browns, sprinkle it with sweet pepper and after briefly simmering it pour in the stock. Add the marinated meat, cumin and simmer with the lid on.
- When the meat is semi-soft add the small chopped pieces of cleaned kidneys and liver.
 Simmer everything and afterwards slightly thicken the mixture with béchamel (see below).
 It is also traditional to thicken the mixture with breadcrumbs.
- Finally flavour everything with ground dried marjoram or pepper. It is often the case at pig-killings that the boiled heart, tongue, spleen and the like are put into the goulash.

<u>Béchamel</u> — also referred to in Czech cuisine as "zásmažka" — is smooth flour combined under heat with fat or oil. It is either prepared in a light colour or in various darker shades, according to the duration of the frying of the flour in fat and with regard to the dish which is to be thickened with the béchamel.

VARIETIES OF GOULASH IN BOHEMIA:

- the most usual form is beef gulash made from shins
- goulash with peppers and tomatoes and beans is popular
- Znojmo goulash is made with sweet and sour pickled cucumbers
- pieces of various smoked meats are very often put into gulash
- during the mushroom-picking season, try goulash with freshly steamed mushrooms
- a traditional dish is potato goulash, prepared with onions, smoked meat and boiled potatoes – naturally combined with pepper sauce – and in some cases, further refined with cream



Roast duck delights every gourmet

ROAST PORK WITH STEWED SAUERKRAUT AND DUMPLINGS

 a very popular dish colloquially known as pork-dumpling-cabbage ("vepro-knedlo-zelo").
 Naturally roasted pork with salt, caraway and garlic served with potato or bread dumplings and stewed sauerkraut or sweet cabbage and fried onion. It has a sweet and sour taste.

Recipe for stewed sauerkraut and dumplings:

bread dumplings for ten people : wholemeal flour.....

nilk	400 ml
iced stale rolls	250 g
east	50 g
ggs	2
alt and a little cugar	

900 a

salt and a little sugar

 Put two pinches of sugar into tepid milk, salt, yeast and a third of the flour. Mix everything well and let it rise.



Czech buns



102 SELECTED RECIPES SELECTED RECIPES 103



Don't miss roast knee with horseradish!

- After the yeast has risen add the eggs and the remaining flour and mix everything into a smooth non-sticky dough. Slightly coat the rolls – finally work the balls into the dough, cover and let rise.
 Afterwards mix the dough again, cut it into equal parts and roll out oblong dumplings.
- After leavening, boil them in salted water for 15–20 minutes. Turn them over several times while boiling. After removing the boiled dumplings from the water, it is necessary to prick them with a fork or skewer so that the boiling dough can exhale the bitterness and won't go hard.
- You cut regular round slices from the roll with a knife or thread.

These light bread dumplings are the perfect accompaniment to sauces and gravies that go with meat in Bohemia.

STEWED SAUERKRAUT - 10 PORTIONS:

White sauerkraut	1 500 g
onion	200 g
rendered lard or fat	100 g
smooth flour	50 g
granular sugar	50 g
salt, cumin, water	



"Na zdraví!" (Cheers!)

- Cut the sauerkraut into short pieces, add boiling water, add a little cumin and put it on to boil. Stir occasionally.
- Fry the finely chopped onion in lard, fat or oil.
 When it starts to brown, sprinkle it with flour, let it stand for a short while and afterwards take it off the heat.
- Add sugar to the half-stewed cabbage and mix it well with the onion mixture and simmer while constantly stirring until it is completely stewed.
- Salt according to taste or make it more sour or sweet.

CZECH BUNS

– on a tray in the oven
 smooth flour800
 wholemeal flour400

eggs	3 pcs
milk	500 g
yeast	40 g
sugar	200 g
vanilla sugar	25 g
butter or fat	200 g
oil	150 g
lemon peel from a single lemon	
salt	20 g
poppyseed, cottage cheese and jam	
filling of around	800 g

- Slightly heat the milk and mix the sugar, yeast, wholemeal flour and salt into it. Sprinkle on the smooth flour and leave it to rise in a covered casserole dish.
- Sprinkle sieved flour onto the leavened dough, add the eggs, lemon peel, vanilla sugar and the melted butter. Mix everything carefully and knead it into the smooth non-sticky dough. Then leave it to rise in a warm place.
- Mix the risen dough stiffen it and spread it out on a pastry board with a rolling pin. At the same time, sprinkle flour on the dough. Then cut it into approx. 4×4 centimetre squares, put the filling in the middle of them and then seal them well and place them on the oiled tray and oil the individual scones where they touch the other ones.
- After rising bake them in the oven at medium temperature until golden.
- Remove cooled scones from the tray and sprinkle them with castor sugar.

■ PRAGUE SPECIALITY

PRAGUE HAM (pražská šunka)

This ranks amongst the typical delicacies of Prague cuisine. The ham is baked in bread dough. Unfortunately, you can only get this excellent starter in just few places. Don't hesitate If you come across it.



104 TIPS FOR EXCURSIONS TIPS FOR EXCURSIONS 105





The most famous Czech football clubs are also great rivals

SM-O-TIS-AIR

A 1st hockey league match

THE MOST POPULAR SPORTS

The most popular sports in the Czech Republic are football and ice-hockey. The highest-level competitions are played in Prague.

■ Football

The most popular clubs in Czech are the "Pražská S (Prague S)":

<u>AC Sparta Praha</u> (epet ARENA stadium, Prague-Letná)

"C" Hradčanská – #1, 8, 25, 26" – Sparta (One stop only)

"C" Vltavská – 1, 8, 25, 26" –

Sparta

www.sparta.cz

SK Slavia Praha (Fortuna Arena stadium)

"A" Flora – "136, 213" – "Slavia"
"6, 7, 22, 23, 24" – "Slavia"
www.slavia.cz
Season: VIII–XI, II–VI.

Hockey

The O₂ Arena is the most modern multi-purpose hall in the republic (built for the Ice-hockey World Championships in 2004). The Ice Hockey World Championship will be played here in 2024. One Prague team plays in the Czech ice-hockey Extra league:

HC Sparta Praha (O₂ Arena)

"B" Českomoravská www.hcsparta.cz

TIPS FOR EXCURSIONS

PRAGUE AND THE SURROUNDING AREA

■ Boat trips on the VItava

Tourist boats depart from the riverbank near Čechův most (bridge) on sightseeing trips along the Vltava. (See page 86, Boat Transport in Praque)

■ Troja

The Baroque chateau of the same name is located in this district of Prague. The Prague Botanic Gardens and Prague Zoo are nearby.



Praque Zoo

www.zoopraha.cz/en





Smíchov

A district on the left bank of the VItava in front of the Lesser Town, the most visited attraction is the Villa Bertramka that hosted W. A. Mozart during his life, and hosts a a museum to the composer today. The Barrandov cliffs are nearby, where prehistoric fossils were discovered and the Barrandov film studios, where Czech films stars have been discovered since the 20th century.

CZECH REPUBLIC

Český Krumlov

Located 150 km from Prague, in southern Bohemia, this impressive UNESCO town has a compact medieval core. The residence of the powerful House of Rožmberk until 1601, Český Krumlov's castle complex is the second largest in Czech Republic after Prague Castle, and its uniquely preserved Baroque Theatre is one of its many treasures.

www.ckrumlov.cz www.visitceskykrumlov.cz

Karlovy Vary

130 km south west of Prague, the most well-known and biggest spa town in our country has twelve hot springs, which are particularly therapeutic in the treatment of the digestive system. Its history reaches back to the 14th century, when Charles IV founded the town.

www. karlovyvary.cz

Olomouc

270 km east of Prague, this lively university town and seat of the archbishopric was the centre of Moravian Margraves until the 17th century. Olomouc boasts the largest urban preservation area after Prague, and contains many architectural treasures, such as the UNESCO-protected Baroque



Český Krumlov





column of the Most Holy Trinity on its town square.
www.olomouc-tourism.cz
www.olomoucko.cz

Karlštejn

20 km south west of Prague, this is probably the most popular and most visited castle in Bohemia today. Founded in 1348 by Charles IV, the crown jewels of the Holy Roman Empire are rumoured to be hidden in the castle. The Gothic assemblage

106 TIPS FOR EXCURSIONS TIPS FOR EXCURSIONS

of 129 panelled paintings from the workshop of Master Theodoric in the Chapel of the Holy Cross is unique.

www.hradkarlstejn.cz www.obeckarlstejn.cz

■ Kutná Hora

This town 70 km east of Prague is entered on the UNESCO list. The discovery of an extensive bed of silver here in the 13th century played an important role in its history as it became one of the richest towns in Europe over the next 300 years. The town's Gothic and Late Gothic monuments, such as the Cathedral of St. Barbora, are worthy of attention.

www.kh.cz

Lednice-Valtice complex

About 250 km south east of Prague, this large UNESCO protected area in South Moravia is formed by the artificial landscape surrounding the Lednice and Valtice chateaux and features a range of historical monuments until the 19th century when its English park was created.

www.radnice-valtice.cz www.lednice.cz

Kroměříž

270 km east of Prague, this historic UNESCO town prides itself on its chateau complex and gardens that were once the archbishop's summer residence.

Mariánské Lázně

160 km west of Prague, this spa resort with mineral springs makes up the "spa triangle" with Karlovy Vary and Františkovy Lázně.

www.marianske-lazne.info

www.marianskelazne.cz

www.marianskelazne.com

Hluboká nad Vltavou

140 km south of Prague, this romantic Windsor--styled chateau ranks as one of the most attractive tourist destinations in our country.

www.visithluboka.cz : www.hluboka.cz

Litomyšl

This town located 160 km east of Prague is known



(Lednice



Karlštejn

as the birthplace of Bedřich Smetana. Its UNESCO protected chateau is a typical example of central European Renaissance architecture with rich sgraffito decoration.

www.litomysl.cz

■ Třehíč

170 km south east of Prague, this sleepy town has a uniquely preserved and UNESCO protected Jewish quarter.

www.trebic.cz

■ Telč

150 km south east of Prague, the town's UNESCO protected Gothic and Renaissance buildings hearken back to the 16th century.

www.telc.cz

■ Žďár nad Sázavou

150 km south east of Prague, the most valuable

monument in the town is found on the summit of the Green Mountain — the UNESCO-protected Gothic Baroque pilgrimage church of St. John Nepomuk.

Holašovice

140 km south of Prague, this tiny, South Bohemian UNESCO-protected hamlet pleases visitors with its "Peasant Baroque" farmsteads surrounding a small park and fish pond. www.holasovice.cz

Brno

200 km south east of Prague, this is the second biggest city in the Czech Republic. The centre of Moravia, this modern city with a historic core features such UNESCO-listed gems as the early 20th century Functionalist Villa Tugendhat.

Ostrava

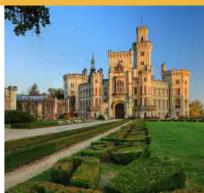
360 km east of Prague, the third largest city in Czech Republic is located in North Moravia. It boomed in the early 19th century in connection with coal mining. Today, Ostrava is a modern city with interesting industrial architectural monuments. Stodolní Street, with its many bars and pulsating night life is a popular attraction.

www.ostravainfo.cz

■ Příbram Mining Museum

The largest mining museum in the Czech Republic was founded in 1886 and presents the rich mining past of the Příbram region, linked with the mining of silver since medieval times. The tour includes a ride in two mining trains, riding in an elevator underground, and descending into a mine via a slide. Two historic steam mining machines and a large underground waterwheel are unique exhibits. The museum also presents mining folklore in a traditional miner's cottage and has a valuable mineralogical collection.

www.muzeum-pribram.cz

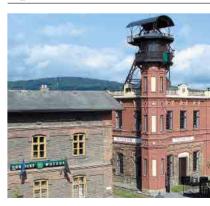


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Hluboká nad Vltavou



(Litomyšl



Příbram Mining Museum

108 SHORT DICTIONARY SHORT DICTIONARY 109

GREETINGS		
Good day	Dobrý den	
Good bye	Na shledanou	
Hi / Bye	Ahoj / Čau	
Good morning	Dobré ráno	
Good night	Dobrou noc	
BASIC COMMUNIC	ATIVE EXPRESSION:	
Yes	Ano	
No	Ne	
Thank you	Děkuji	
Please	Prosím	
How are you?	Jak se máte?	
Very well thank you.	Děkuji, dobře.	
And you?	A vy?	
Excuse me.	Promiňte.	
Do you speak English?	Mluvíte anglicky?	
I understand.	Rozumím.	
I don´t understand.	Nerozumím.	
Write it down for me, please.	Napište mi to, prosím.	
Can you help me?	Můžete mi pomoci?	
Wait a minute, please.	Počkejte, prosím.	
Who?	Kdo?	
What?	Co?	
When?	Kdy?	
What time is it?	Kolik je hodin?	
Monday	Pondělí	
Tuesday	Úterý	
Wednesday	Středa	
Thursday	Čtvrtek	
Friday	Pátek	
Saturday	Sobota	
Sunday	Neděle	
·	Otevřeno	
Open Closed	Zavřeno	
No entry	Vstup zakázán	
Smoking prohibited	Kouření zakázáno	

Woman / Women	Žena / Ženy
Man / Men	Muž / Muži
Name	Jméno
Adress	Adresa
Date of birth	Datum narození
Documents	Dokumenty
Ticket (bus/train e.t.c.)	Jízdenka
BASIC N	IUMBERS
1	Jedna
2	Dvě
3	Tři
4	Čtyři
5	Pět
6	Šest
7	Sedm
8	0sm
9	Devět
10	Deset
100	Sto
1 000	Tisíc
GETTING A	CQUAINTED
What's your name?	Jak se jmenujete?
My name is	Jmenuji se
Where are you from?	Odkud jste?
I'm from	Jsem z
Are you from Prague?	Jste z Prahy?
ORIEN	TATION
Left	Vlevo
Right	Napravo
Straight on	Rovně
Where is?	Kde je?
Station	Nádraží
Airport	Letiště
Underground/Subway	Metro
Tourist information	Turistické informace
Square	Náměstí

Pharmacy	Lékárna
Hospital	Nemocnice
Emergency service	Pohotovost
Police Station	Policejní stanice
Street	Ulice
Grocery store	Potraviny
Toilets	Toalety
Post Office	Pošta
Bank	Banka
Exchange Office	Směnárna
Bus stop	Stanice
How far is it?	Jak je to daleko?
IN SHOPS AND	RESTAURANTS
How much is it?	Kolik to stojí?
Write the price	Napište mi cenu,
for me please.	prosím.
Price	Cena
I´d like to pay please.	Zaplatím
I like that.	To se mi líbí
I don´t like that.	To se mi nelíbí
Small	Malý
Big	Velký
	,
Expensive	Drahý

Cheap	Levný
Discount	Sleva
Can I try it?	Mohu to zkusit?
TOAST	
Cheers!	Na zdraví!



Dva (Two)



SERVICES SERVICES 110 111



TH PRAGUE CITY

NH PRAGUE CITY HOTEL

Mozartova 261/1 150 00 Prague 5 Tel. +420 257 153 111

nhpraguecity@nh-hotels.com www.nh-hotels.com

The 4-star NH Prague City hotel is a prime destination for corporate and leisure travelers thanks to its location close to the airport as well as the city center.

The hotel offers 308 rooms, highly functional facilities for conferences as well as social events of any kind, modern restaurants and bars, fitness with wellness center and secure garage.



il giardino toscano

RISTORANTE IL GIARDINO

NH Collection Prague

U Mrázovky 1566, 150 00 Prague 5 Tel. +420 257 154 262 info@ristoranteilgiardino.cz

www.ristoranteilgiardino.cz

Italian restaurant with its cuisine focused on the region of Tuscany is located in the NH Collection Prague hotel.

Modern stylish interior and an outdoor terrace offerina beautiful view of the city. Your exquisite dining experience will be enriched with a ride by a unique cable car bringing you to the restaurant from the NH Prague City hotel building.

Lunch time: 11:30 - 15:00 Dine & wine: 18:00 - 23:00





PIVOVAR PLZEŇSKÝ PRAZDROJ U Prazdroie 64/7 301 00 Plzeň +420 377 062 888

www.prazdrojvisit.cz

... Meet the legend of Pilsner Urquell...

...the beer that inspired more than two-thirds of all the world's beers, still known today as pils, pilsner, pilsener. In Praque, it is tapped in approximately 200 establishments awarded the prestigious "Star of Brewers". The current list can be found at www.prazdroi.cz/nase-pivo/hvezda-sladku





PIVOVAR VELKÉ POPOVICE Ringhofferova 1 251 69 Velké Popovice +420 323 683 425 www.kozel.cz

The picturesque brewery Velké Popovice is located less than 30 km from Prague. It was founded by František Ringhoffer in 1871. The brewery offers tours or experience programs. **Beer** can be found in many of Prague's establishments, many of which bear the "Star of Brewers" label. The current list of such award-winning establishments:

www.kozel.cz/hvezda-sladku





BOAT RENTAL

Prague Smíchov Tel.: +420 739 000 022 puicovnalodicek@gmail.com www.boat-trips.cz

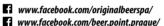
Hire a boat in Praaue...

...as easy as it could be! Pedal boats, Fishing Boats, Motor Boats or Party Raft with a grill are always ready for your call,









ORIGINAL BEER SPA PRAGUE Žitná 5869; Rybná 3; Vladislavova 1477/20

BEER POINT PRAGUE

Praha 1 Praha 1 beerpointpraque@seznam.cz www.beerspa.com www.beerpointprague.com





Mezibranská 19

IDEAL BEER DAY IN PRAGUE THE BEST BEER EXPERIENCE IN PRAGUE.

Do you want to indulge in a unique beer experience you won't find anywhere else? Then we have the perfect offer for you for a day spent in establishments that are worth it!





Veleslavínova 3, Prague 1 Tel.: +420 222 312 296 praha1@thepub.cz

> Hálkova 6, Prague 2 Tel.: +420 222 940 414 praha2@thepub.cz www.thepub.cz

The PUB offers you the unique opportunity to tap your own unpasteurized Pilsner Urquell beer at self-service beer tables. Originality, entertainment and excellent food in all 6 locations in Praque.

More information at www.thepub.cz.





www.labodequitadelmedio.cz



LA BODEGUITA DEL MEDIO Kaprova 5, Prague 1 Tel.: +420 724 461 678 +420 224 813 922 bodequita@bodequita.cz

- The best Caribbean cocktails in Prague
- Traditional Cuban food
- · Original Cuban cigars
- · Live music and dancing every day



Opening hours: Sunday - Wednesday: 11:00 am to 02:00 am Thursday - Saturday 11:00 am to 04:00 am

SERVICES SERVICES 113 112





THE BERNARD FAMILY BREWERY 396 01 Humpolec www.bernard.cz



The year 1991 is the beginning of a new chapter for this brewery in the town of Humpolec, which literally rose from the ashes in the hands of its new owners. They began by brewing a great, honest beer. Without pasteurization, from the purest water from deep wells, from their own malt and yeast. Their beers have won countless awards at home and abroad and are exported to 30 countries around the world.

www.facebook.com/bernard.cz





BREWERY U SUPA Celetná 22, Praha 1 info@pivovarusupa.cz www.pivovarusupa.cz : pivovarusupa pivovarusupa



The oldest brewery and pub in Praque, with its roots going all the way back to the 15th century. It's located in the oldest and busiest street of the Old Town, roughly in the middle of the Royal Route, where Charles University is located, in the former malt house and brewery that supplied beer to all of Praque. Today you can enjoy modern Czech cuisine and honest Czech beer. The flagship beer of the U Supa Brewery is SUP 12°, aka King of Prague.



DOX CENTRE OF CONTEMPORARY ART

The largest centre presenting art, architecture and design in the Czech Republic.

A former factory in Prague's Holešovice district with a massive airship on the roof.

ADDRESS

Poupětova 1, Prague 7 www.dox.cz







HURRICANE FACTORY PRAGUE Tupolevova 736 199 00 Prag 9 - Letňany Tel.: +420 273 132 056 +420 739 473 321 recepce@hurricanefactory.com www.hurricanefactory.com



The HURRICANE FACTORY Prague is the only wind tunnel in the Czech Republic. In a glass flight chamber with a diameter 4.3 m and total height of an incredible 14 meters, air flows at speeds up to 270 km/h, which is the speed of true hurricane. Flying in the wind tunnel is intended for all physically healthy people from 5 years of age.



Open: The museum is open every day except Monday from 10.00 AM to 6 PM. Admission is free of charge. To get to the museum take bus No. 133, 175, 207 from metro station Florenc (line B and C), stop U Památníku.

MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE PRAGUE The Army Museum Žižkov U Památníku 2



VOJENSKÝ

HISTORICKÝ

VOJENSKÝ **H**ISTORICKÝ

ÚSTAV PRAHA

ÚSTAV PRAHA

Prague 3 – Žižkov Tel.: +420 973 204 924 www.vhu.cz

The exposition of the Museum is divided into seven main parts, according to the individual historical periods that map the military history of the Czech territory and Czech statehood.

In total, there are over seven thousand exhibits from the collection of the Military Historical Institute Prague. The exhibits are placed in almost three hundred showcases, but also in the free space of the exhibition



Open: Year round: Tuesday - Sunday 9.00 - 17.00. Guided school programs from Tuesday till Friday. Transportation: Metro station Karlovo náměstí (Palackého náměstí direction): Tram no. 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 14, 16, 22, 24, Karlovo náměstí station; Tram no. 5. 17. Jiráskovo náměstí station.



The Memorial is located underground in the Orthodox Cathedral of St. Cyril and Methodius in Resslova Street. Seven Czechoslovakian soldiers under cover found a hiding place in the crypt after the assassination of Reinhard Heydrich, which Jan Kubiš and Josef Gabčík executed on 27th of May 1942 in a road junction near Kobylisy. Both of them were amona those seven men. The museum and memorial in the crypt became a dignified and piety place, which keeps the memory of seven Czechoslovakian paratroopers and their brave fight against

great outnumbered German nazi forces. It happened on the 18th of June 1942.



MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE PRAGUE

MILITARY HISTORY INSTITUTE PRAGUE

The National Memorial to the Heroes of

the Hevdrich Terror

www.vhu.cz

Resslova 9a, Prague 2

Tel.: +420 222 540 718

The Aviation Museum Kbelv Mladoboleslavská ul., Prague 9 - Kbelv Tel.: +420 973 207 500 www.vhu.cz



Open: The museum is open in the summer season, i.e. from May till October, every day except Monday from 10.00 AM to 6 PM. Admission is free of charge. To get to the museum take bus No. 185, 259, 280, 302, 375, 376 – 10 minutes from Letňany underground station, stop Letecké museum station

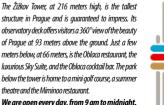
It is one of the largest air museums in Europe. The collections contain 275 aircrafts, 85 of which are exhibited in four indoor halls, 25 are displayed in the open air, 155 are stored in depositories, and 10 planes, fully operational, are still in service. Many aircraft are unique in the world. The exposition is closely related to the history of Czechoslovak and Czech aviation, especially its military branch. Several other types of foreign important aircraft are also exhibited for comparison, together with numerous aircraft engines, parts of airframes on and other relics related to the history of Czechoslovak and Czech aviation.



structure in Prague and is quaranteed to impress. Its observatory deck offers visitors a 360° view of the beauty of Prague at 93 meters above the ground. Just a few meters below, at 66 meters, is the Oblaca restaurant, the luxurious Sky Suite, and the Oblaca cocktail bar. The park below the tower is home to a mini golf course, a summer theatre and the Miminoo restaurant. We are open every day, from 9 am to midnight.

Žižkovská televizní věž - Tower Park Prague

TOWERPARK PRAGUE







114 SERVICES SERVICES 115



Open: Mon – Sun 10 am – 6 pm



HISTORICAL BUILDING
OF THE NATIONAL MUSEUM
Václavské náměstí 68
Prague 1
www.nm.cz

Be enchanted by this neo-Renaissance building, built in 1891 to a design by the architect Josef Schulz.

In addition to the impressive interiors and the unique view of Prague from it's cupola, you'll find the natural history exhibitions Miracles of Evolution and Windows into Prehistory, or the historical exhibition History. These are always complemented by several current exhibitions.



Open: Mon – Sun 10 am – 6 pm



NEW BUILDING OF THE
NATIONAL MUSEUM
Vinohradská 1
Prague 1
www.nm.cz

This architecturally unique building, which the National Museum took over from Radio Free Europe in 2009, now creates a unique museum facility along with the adjacent Historical Building. In addition to exhibitions, one can visit the connecting gallery with a unique multimedia exhibition.



Open: Mon, Wed – Sun 10 am – 6 pm



OF MUSIC Karmelitská 2/4 Prague 1 www.nm.cz

CZECH MUSEUM

The musical exhibition of the National Museum is located in the former Baroque St. Mary Magdalene Church. View musical instruments, learn how they are played and discover the impact of music on humans and society.



Open: Tue 10 am – 6 pm; Wed 9 am – 6 pm; Thu – Sun 10 am – 6 pm



<u>NÁPRSTEK MUSEUM</u>
<u>OF ASIAN, AFRICAN</u>
<u>AND AMERICAN CULTURES</u>
Betlémské náměstí 1
Prague 1
www.nm.cz

The only museum in the Czech Republic dedicated solely to the legacy of the non-European civilisations. It was founded by Vojta Náprstek, a Czech patriot, politician, patron and enthusiastic promoter of new ideas. Its exhibitions and displays present the ethnographic collections of Vojta Náprstek and other Czech explorers.



Open: Tue — Sun 10 am — 6 pm



ETHNOGRAPHIC MUSEUM OF THE NATIONAL MUSEUM Kinského zahrada 98 Prague 5 www.nm.cz

The reconstructed Empire-style summer residence is home to the permanent ethnographic exhibition of the National Museum, focused on the folk culture of the Czech Republic. Here, you can admire costumes, furniture, ceramics, articles of normal everyday use and individual types of handicrafts.



November – March: Thu – Sun 10 am – 6 pm **April – October:** Wed – Sun 10 am – 6 pm



THE NATIONAL MEMORIAL

ON THE VÍTKOV HILL

U Památníku 1900

Prague 3

WWW.nm.cz

The monumental building designed by J. Zázvorka was built in the 1930s. Following reconstruction, the National Monument was reopened in 2009 as a contemporary history museum with an exhibition presenting the major milestones in Czech history during the 20th century. An integral part of the Monument is the roof terrace with a captivating view of Praque and its surroundings.







GALERIE KUBISTA Dům U Černé Matky Boží Ovocný trh 19 110 00 Prague 1 Tel.: +420 224 236 378 kubista@kubista.cz www.kubista.cz

- Unique Gallery shop in the centre of Prague
- Applied art replicas and originals from the first half of the 20th century
- Cubist boxes, coffee sets, vases and furniture, jewellery
- $\hbox{\bf \cdot } {\it Collection of posters and postcards with Cubist architecture}$





RETRO MUSEUM PRAGUE nám. Republiky 656/8 110 00 Praha 1

Kotva Shopping Center — 4th floor + **420 702 130 101**

www.retromuzeumpraha.cz

www.retromuzeumpraha.cz

Experience the 70s and 80s in Czechoslovakia.

Examples of fashion, living, eating, leisure, as well as communist propaganda and the functioning of dissent. Unique exhibition in OD Kotva.

Open daily 9:00 - 20:00

116 SERVICES PRAGUE – CENTRE 1 : 16 000 117



RESTAURANT MALOSTRANSKÁ BESEDA Malostranské náměstí 35/21

Malostranské náměstí 35/21 Praha 1 – Malá Strana www.malostranska-beseda.cz

The friendly ambience and the Czech cuisine evoke a home-like atmosphere. The restaurant also serves perfectly treated Pilsner Urquell tank beer. 42 seats at tables + 18 seats on bar stools + 48 seats in the front garden.

Open daily: 11:00-23:00



RESTAURANT TŘÍ GRÁCIE (THREE GRACES)
Novotného lávka 200/3, 110 00 Praha 1
+420 778 961 971; info@trigracie.cz
www.trigracie.cz

The legendary Three Graces (Tři Grácie) Wine Bar hosted the prestigious Great Tastings of Moravian wines from the 1970s until 2010. After a recent renovation, the Three Graces is back in all its glory and once again offers its warm embrace, unique atmosphere, and breathtaking views.

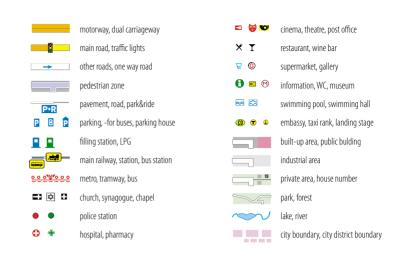
Open daily: 11:00-23:00

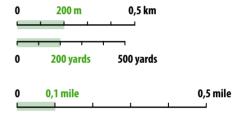


IMAGE THEATRE

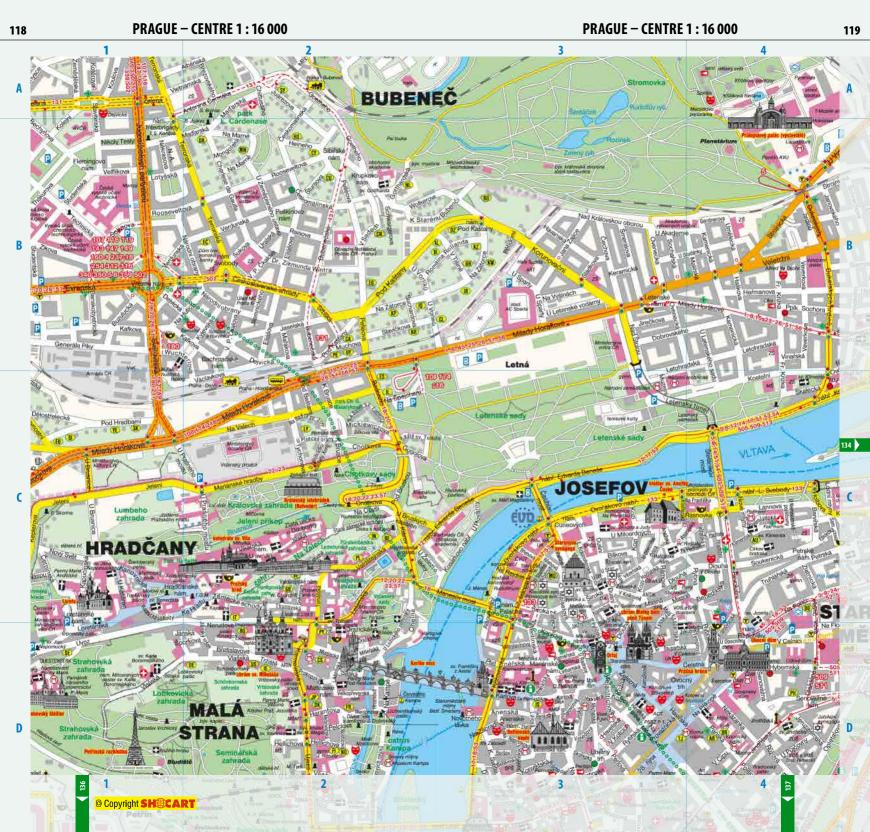
Národní 25, Praha 1 image@imagetheatre.cz tel: 732 156 343, 222 314 448 www.imagetheatre.cz

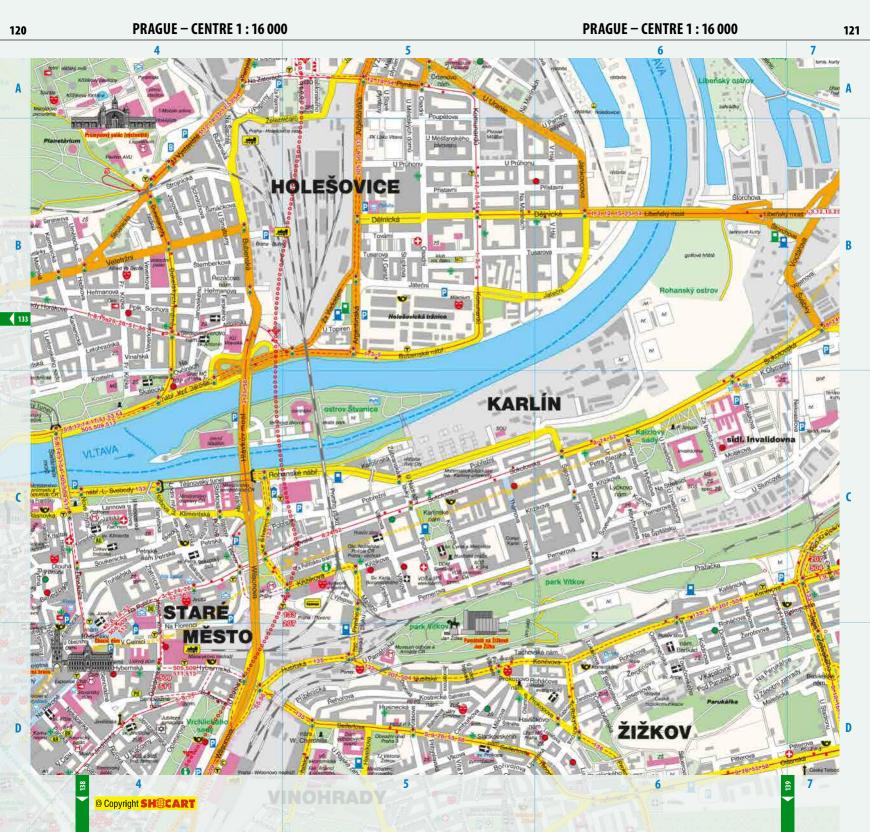
Image Theatre has been a permanent platform member of a unique Czech genre of black theatre. It combines precise technique of black theatre, dance and pantomime in its own, unique way. During its more than 27 years long existence it has entertained millions of viewers on its Prague stages and with the same success performed thousands of shows at international festivals and tours throughout the world.



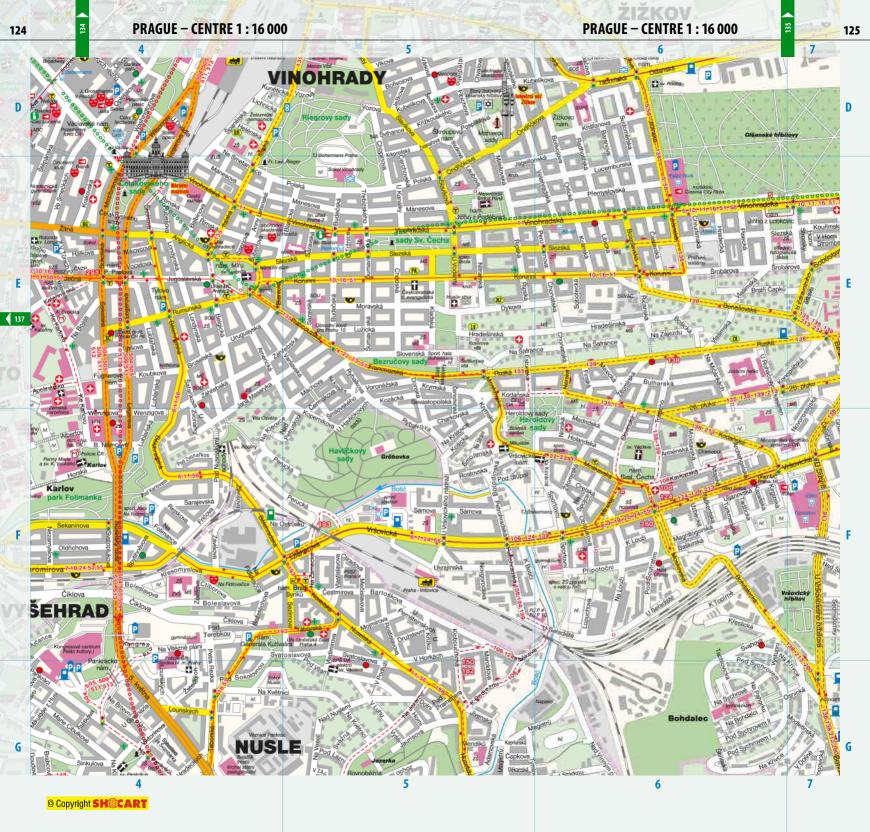












A			Budečská	E 5	Fr. Křížka	C 4	J LČ ()
Adamovská Albánská		G 5 A 2		E 6 C 1	Francouzská Fráni Šrámka	E 5 F 1	J. Červeného D 2 Jablonského A 5
Albertov	F 3 –			B 1	Fričova	F 4	Jagellonská E 5
Alšovo nábř.		C 3	C		Fügnerovo nám.	E 4	Jáchymova C 3
Altajská		F6		D 4	G		Jakubská D 4
Americká Anenská		E 4 D 3		C 2 D 5	Generála Píky Gerstnerova	B 1 B 4	Jalovcová D 3 Jana Masaryka E 4
Anenské nám.		D 3		F 4	Glinkova	B 1	Jana Zajíce B 3
Anežská		(3	Ctiradova	F 5	Goetheho	A 2 – B 2	Jana Želivského D 7
Anglická		E 4	Cukrovarnická	C 1	Gogolova	C 2	Janáčkovo nábř. E 2
Anny Letenské	_	E 4	Čallanališka	D. F.	Gorazdova	E 3	Jankovcova A 5 – B 6
Antonína Cermák Antonínská	a	A 2 B 4		D 5 G 5	Gotthardská Grafická	B 2 E 1	Janovského B 4 Jánská D 2
Apolinářská	E 4 –			E6	Gruzínská	F 7	Jánský vršek D 2
Arbesovo nám.		E 2		B 3	Gymnasijní	B 1	Jaromírova F 4
Argentinská	A 5 –			C 3	H		Jaselská B 2
Archangelská		F 6		E 4	Hájkova	C 6 E 4	Jateční B 5 – B 6
Arménská Astlova		F 2	Celjabinská Čerchovská	F 7 E 5	Hálkova Harantova	D 2	Jaurisova G 5 Ječná E 3 – E 4
Atletická		E1	Čermákova	E 5	Haškova	B 4	Jednořadá A 2
В			Černá	E 3	Haštalská	C 3 – C 4	Jelení C 1
B. Němcové		F 4		D 6	Haštalské nám.	C 3	Jenštejnská E 3
Badeniho		C 2		C 1	Havanská	B 3	Jeronýmova D 5
Bachmačské nám Balbínova	١.	B 2 E 4		E 5	Havelkova Havelská ulička	D 5 D 3	Jeruzalémská D 4 Jeseniova D 6
Banskobystrická		B 1		D 6	Havelská	D 3	Jezdecká E 1
Baranova		D 6		B 2	Havířská	D 3	Ježkova D 5
Bartolomějská		D 3	Československé armády		Havlíčkova	C 4	Jičínská D 6 – E 6
Bartoškova		F 5	Čestmírova	F 5	Havlíčkovo nám.	D 5	Jilemnického B 2
Barvířská Basilejské nám.		C 4 D 7	Čiklova Čínská A 1 –	F 4	Heineho Helénská	B 2 D 4	Jilská D 3 Jindřicha Plachty E 2
Baškirská		F 6	D A I –	A Z	Hellichova	D 4 D 2	Jindřicha Plachty E 2 Jindřišská D 4
Bechyňova		B 1		G 4	Helmova	C 4	Jiráskovo nám. E 3
Bělehradská	E 4 –	F 4	Dalimilova	D 5	Heroldovy sady	F 5	Jiráskův most E 3
Belgická		E 4	Dejvická B1 –		Heřmanova	B 4	Jirečkova B 3
Bělocerkevská		E 7		G 5	Hládkov	C 1	Jirsíkova C 5
Benátská Banadiktaká		E 3 C 4	Dělnická B5 –	В 6 С 1	Hlávkův most Hlavova	C 4 F 3	Jiřská C 2 Jivenská G 5
Benediktská Benešovská		E 6	Dělostřelecká Dienzenhoferovy sady		Hlavsova	F 3	Jivenská G 5 Josefská D 2
Besední		D 2		D1	Holandská	F 6	Juárezova A 2
Betlémská		D 3	Dittrichova	E 3	Holbova	Ć 4	Jugoslávská E 4
Betlémské nám.		D 3		D 3	Holečkova	E1-E2	Jugoslávských partyzánů B 1
Bieblova		F 2		D 1	Holešovické nábř.		Jungmannova D 3
Bílá Bílkova		B 1 C 3	Dlážděná Dlouhá C3 –	D 4	Holubova Horní Stromky	G 1 E 7	Jungmannovo nám. D 3
Biskupcova		(7		B 3	Horní	G 5	K Botiči F 5
Biskupská		C 4		G 2	Horská	F3-F4	K Brusce C 2
Biskupský dvůr		C 4		G 5	Hořejší nábř.	F 2	K Brusce C 2
Blahníkova		D 5	Domažlická	D 6			
					Hostivítova	F 3	K Haštalu C 4
Blahoslavova	ГА	D 6	Donátova	F 1	Hradčanské nám.	F 3 C 1	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6
Blanická	E 4 –	D 6 E 5	Donátova Donská	F 1 E 5	Hradčanské nám. Hradební	F 3 C 1 C 4	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5
Blanická Blodkova	E 4 –	D 6	Donátova Donská Doudova	F 1 E 5 G 4	Hradčanské nám. Hradební Hradecká	F 3 C 1 C 4 E 6	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5 K Olympiku B 6
Blanická	E 4 –	D 6 E 5 D 5	Donátova Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra	F 1 E 5	Hradčanské nám. Hradební	F 3 C 1 C 4	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5
Blanická Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam	ıberka	D 6 E 5 D 5 F 6 G 7 G 4	Donátova Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického	F1 E5 G4 B2 D2	Hradčanské nám. Hradební Hradecká Hradeckých Hradešínská Hroznová	F 3 C 1 C 4 E 6 G 4 E 5 – E 6 D 2	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5 K Olympiku B 6 K Podjezdu G 5 K Rotundě F 3 K Starému Bubenči B 3
Blanická Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam Boleslavova		D 6 E 5 D 5 F 6 G 7 G 4 E 6	Donátova Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova	F1 E5 G4 B2 D2 D2 E2	Hradčanské nám. Hradební Hradecká Hradeckých Hradešínská Hroznová Husinecká	F 3 C 1 C 4 E 6 G 4 E 5 – E 6 D 2 D 5	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5 K Olympiku B 6 K Podjezdu G 5 K Rotundě F 3 K Starému Bubenči B 3 K Topírně F 6
Blanická Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam Boleslavova Bolzanova	ıberka	D 6 E 5 D 5 F 6 G 7 G 4 E 6 D 4	Donátova Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti	F 1 E 5 G 4 B 2 D 2 D 2 E 2 G 5	Hradčanské nám. Hradební Hradecká Hradeckých Hradešínská Hroznová Husinecká Husitská	F3 C1 C4 E6 G4 E5-E6 D2 D5	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundě F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Topírně F6 K Vodojemu F1
Blanická Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam Boleslavova Bolzanova Bondyho	ıberka	D 6 E 5 D 5 F 6 G 7 G 4 E 6 D 4 A 5	Donátova Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družstevní ochoz	F 1 E 5 G 4 B 2 D 2 D 2 E 2 G 5 G 5	Hradčanské nám. Hradební Hradecká Hradeckých Hradešínská Hroznová Husinecká Husitská Husova	F3 C1 C4 E6 G4 E5-E6 D2 D5 D5	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5 K Olympiku B 6 K Podjezdu G 5 K Rotundė F 3 K Starėmu Bubenči B 3 K Topírně F 6 K Vodojemu F 1 K Závěrce G 2
Blanická Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam Boleslavova Bolzanova	ıberka	D 6 E 5 D 5 F 6 G 7 G 4 E 6 D 4	Donátova Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní ochoz	F 1 E 5 G 4 B 2 D 2 D 2 E 2 G 5	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradeckých Hradecšínská Hroznová Husinecká Husitská Husova Hybernská	F3 C1 C4 E6 G4 E5-E6 D2 D5	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5 K Olympiku B 6 K Podjezdu G 5 K Rotundě F 3 K Starému Bubenči B 3 K Topírně F 6 K Vodojemu F 1 K Závěrce G 2 K. Světlé D 3
Blanická Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohlsalva ze Švam Boleslavova Bolzanova Bondyho Borodinská	ıberka	D 6 E 5 D 5 F 6 G 7 G 4 E 6 D 4 A 5 F 5 D 3	Donátova Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drttinova Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Dřevná	F1 E5 G4 B2 D2 D2 E2 G5 G5 F5	Hradčanské nám. Hradební Hradecká Hradeckých Hradešínská Hroznová Husinecká Husitská Husova	F3 C1 C4 E6 G4 E5-E6 D2 D5 D5 D3 D4	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5 K Olympiku B 6 K Podjezdu G 5 K Rotundě F 3 K Starému Bubenči B 3 K Topírně F 6 K Vodojemu F 1 K Závěrce G 2 K. Světlé D 3
Blanická Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam Boleslavova Bolzanova Bondyho Borodinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 E 5 F 6 G 7 G 4 E 6 D 4 A 5 F 5 D 3 D 6 E 6	Donátova Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Dřevná Dukelských hrdinů Duškova	F 1 E 5 G 4 B 2 D 2 D 2 E 2 G 5 G 5 F 5 E 3 B 4 E 1	Hradčanské nám. Hradební Hradecká Hradeckých Hradešínská Hroznová Husinecká Husinecká Husova Hybernská Hybešova Ch Chaloupeckého	F3 C1 C4 E6 G4 E5-E6 D2 D5 D5 D3 D4 C6	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5 K Olympiku B 6 K Podjezdu G 5 K Rotundě F 3 K Starému Bubenčí B 3 K Topírně F 6 K Vodojemu F 1 K Závěrce G 2 K. Světlé D 3 Kadeřávkovská B 1 Kafkova B 1 – B 2 Kaizlovy sady C 6
Blanická Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam Boleslavova Bolzanova Bondyho Borodinská Boršov Bořívojova Bošická Botičská	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 E 5 F 6 G 7 G 4 E 6 D 4 A 5 F 5 D 6 E 6 F 5	Donátova Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Dřevná Dukelských hrdinů Duškova Dušní	F1 E5 G4 B2 D2 D2 E2 G5 G5 F5 E3 B4 E1 C3	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradeckých Hradecká Hradesínská Hroznová Husinecká Husova Hybernská Hyberoská Hyberoská Hyberoská Hyberoská Hyberoská Hyberoská Hyberoská Hyberoská Hyberoská Hyberoská Hyberoská	F3 C1 C4 E6 G4 E5-E6 D2 D5 D5 D3 D4 C6	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundě F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Topírně F6 K Vodojemu F1 K Závěrce G2 K. Světlé D3 Kađerávkovská B1 Kafkova B1—B2 Kaizlovy sady C6
Blanická Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam Boleslavova Bolzanova Bondyho Bordomiská Boršov Bořívojova Bošícká Botičská Bozděchova	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 -E 5 -D 5 -F 6 -G 7 -G 4 -E 6 -D 4 -A 5 -F 5 -D 3 -D 6 -E 6 -F 3 -F 2	Donáka Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Devistevní Duškých hrdinů Duškova Dušní Dvořákovo nábř.	F 1 E 5 G 4 B 2 D 2 D 2 E 2 G 5 G 5 F 5 E 3 B 4 E 1 C 3	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradeckých Hradeckých Hradesínská Hroznová Husinecká Husova Hybersova Ch Chaloupeckého Charkovská Charkovská Chardese de Gaull	F3 C1 C4 E6 G4 E5-E6 D2 D5 D5 D3 D4 C6	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5 K Olympiku B 6 K Podjezdu G 5 K Rotundě F 3 K Starému Bubenči B 3 K Topírně F 6 K Vodojemu F 1 K Závěrce G 2 K. Světlé D 3 Kadeřávkovská B 1 – B 2 Kaizlovy sady Kališnická C 6 Kamenická B 4
Blanická Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švarr Boleslavova Bolzanova Boradinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická Botičská Botičská Bozděchova Božetěchova	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 -E 5 -D 5 -F 6 -G 7 -G 4 -E 6 -D 4 -A 5 -F 5 -D 3 -D 6 -F 6 -F 7	Donátova Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Orboz Družstevní Dřevná Dukelských hrdinů Duškova Dušní Dvořákovo nábř. Dykova	F1 E5 G4 B2 D2 D2 E2 G5 G5 F5 E3 B4 E1 C3	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradecká Hradecká Hradecká Hroznová Husinecká Husitská Husova Hybernská Hybešova Ch Charloupeckého Charkovská Charlese de Gaull Charvátova	F3 C1 C4 E6 G4 E5-E6 D2 D5 D3 D4 C6	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundě F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Topírně F6 K Vodojemu F1 K Závěrce G2 K. Světlé D3 Kadeřávkovská B1 Kařkova B1-B2 Kaižlovy sady C6 Kališnická B4 Kamzíková B4
Blanická Blodkova Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam Boleslavova Bolzanova Bondyho Borodinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická Botičská Botděchova Božetěchova Božetěchova Božkova	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 -E 5 -D 5 -F 6 -G 7 -G 4 -E 6 -D 4 -A 5 -F 5 -D 3 -D 6 -E 6 -F 3 -F 2	Donátova Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Dřevná Dukelských hrdinů Duškova Dušní Dvořákovo nábř. Dykova E	F 1 E 5 G 4 B 2 D 2 D 2 E 2 G 5 G 5 F 5 E 3 B 4 E 1 C 3	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradeckých Hradeckých Hradesínská Hroznová Husinecká Husova Hybersova Ch Chaloupeckého Charkovská Charkovská Chardese de Gaull	F3 C1 C4 E6 G4 E5-E6 D2 D5 D5 D3 D4 C6	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundě F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Topírně F6 K Vodojemu F1 K Závěrce G2 K. Světlé D3 Kadeřávkovská B1 Kafkova B1-B2 Kaizlovy sady C6 Kamenická B4 Kamzíková D3 Kanovnická C1
Blanická Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švarr Boleslavova Bolzanova Boradinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická Botičská Botičská Bozděchova Božetěchova	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 -E 5 -E 6	Donátova Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Dřevná Dukelských hrdinů Duškova Dušní Dvořákovo nábř. Dykova E	F 1 E 5 G 4 B 2 D 2 D 2 E 2 G 5 G 5 F 5 E 3 B 4 E 1 C 3 C 3 E 5	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradecká Hradecká Hradecká Hradecká Hroznová Husinecká Husitská Husitská Hybernská Hyberova Ch Charkovská Charlese de Gaull Charvátova Chelčického Chittussiho Chittussiho Chilumova	F3 C1 E6 G4 E5 – E6 D2 D5 D5 D5 D3 D4 C6	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundė F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Starému Bubenči F6 K Vodojemu F1 K Závěrce G2 K. Světlé D3 Kadeřávkovská B1 Kafkova B1—B2 Kažkova G6 Kališnická C6 Kamenická B4 Kamzíková D3 Kanovnická C1 Kapitulská G5
Blanická Blodkova Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam Boleslavova Bolzanova Bondyho Borodinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická Botičská Botděchova Božetěchova Božetěchova Božetěchova Brabcova Bratova Bratova Bratnova Bratnova	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 E 5 5 G 6 7 G 6 6 E 6 4 F 7 D 6 6 F 7 D 6 6 F 8 7 F 8 8 F 8 9 F 8 9	Donátova Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnesti Družnesti Družstevní Dřevná Dukelských hrdinů Duškova Dušní Dvořákovo nábř. Dykova E E. Krásnohorské El. Peškové	F1 E5 G4 B2 D2 D2 E5 G5 F5 E3 B4 C3 C3 E5 C3 E5 B2	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradeckých Hradeckých Hradesínská Hroznová Husinecká Husova Hybernská Hyberoská Charkovská Charkovská Chartovatova Chelčíckého Chittussiho Chlumova Chodská	F 3 C 1	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundě F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Topírně F6 K Vodojemu F1 K Závěrce G2 K. Světlé D3 Kadeřávkovská B1 Kafkova B1-B2 Kaizlovy sady C6 Kamenická B4 Kamzíková D3 Kanovnická C1 Kapitulská G5 Kaprova D3 Kapucínská C5 Kaprova
Blanická Blodkova Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam Boleslavova Bolzanova Bordyho Bordýho Bordýho Bořívojova Bošická Botičská Botičská Bozděchova Božetěchova Božlevova Bratří Čapků Braunova Braunova Braunova	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 E 5 5 F 6 7 G 6 6 D 4 5 D 6 6 F 7 8 8 1 B G 6 E 6 2 E 7 8 8 1 B G 6 E 6 2 E 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	Donátova Donská Donská Donská Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Dřevná Dušnós Dvánosti Dvánosti Dvánosti Dvánosti Dřevná Dvánosti Dvánosti Dvánosti Dvánosti Dvánosti Dvánosti Dvánosti Dvánosti Dvánosti E. Krásnohorské El. Peškové Elišova Erbenova	F1 E5 G4 B2 D2 D2 E5 G5 F5 E3 B61 C3 E5 C3 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradeckých Hradeckých Hradeskinská Hroznová Husinscká Husova Hybernská Hybešova Ch Chaloupeckého Charkovská Charlese de Gaull Charvátova Chelčického Chittussího Chulmova Chopinova	F 3 C 1	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5 K Olympiku B 6 K Podjezdu G 5 K Rotundě F 3 K Starému Bubenči B 3 K Topírně F 6 K Vodojemu F 1 K Závěrce G 2 K. Světlé D 3 Kadeřávkovská B 1 – B 2 Kaizlovy sady C 6 Kamenická C 6 Kamenická B 4 Kamzíková D 3 Kanovnická C 1 Kapitulská G 5 Kaprova D 3 Kapucínská C 5 Kaprova C 1 K Karla Engliše F 2
Blanická Blodkova Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švarr Boleslavova Bolzanova Boradnova Borodinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická Botičská Bozděchova Božetéchova Božetéchova Božetechova Bratnova Bratnova Bratní Čapků Braunova Bratnická Brožíkova Bratnická	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 E 5 D 5 F 6 G 7 G 4 E 6 G 0 D 4 D 5 F 5 D 3 G 6 F 5 D 5 G 7 F 6 F 6 F 7 D 7 G 7 F 6 F 7 D 7 G 7 F 7 G 7 F 7 G 7 F 7 G	Donátova Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Dřevná Dukelských hrdinů Duškova Dušní Dvořákovo nábř. Dykova E E. Krásnohorské EI. Peškové Eliášova Erbenova Estonská	F1 E5 G4 B2 DD2 EG5 G5 FE3 B4 E1 C3 EE C3 EE 2 EE EE EE EE	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradecká Hradecká Hradecká Hradecká Hroznová Husinecká Husitská Husitská Hybernská Hyberova Ch Charkovská Charlese de Gaull Charkovská Charlese de Gaull Charkovská Chelčického Chittussiho Chlumova Chodská Chopinova Choryatská	F 3 C 1	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundė F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Starému Bubenči F6 K Vodojemu F1 K Závěrce G2 K. Světlé D3 Kadeřávkovská B1 Kařkova B1-B2 Kaizlovy sady C6 Kališnická C6 Kamenická B4 Kamzíková D3 Kanovnická C1 Kapitulská G5 Kaprova D3 Kapucínská C1 Karlinské nám. C5
Blanická Blodkova Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švarr Boleslavova Bolzanova Bondyho Borodinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická Botičská Botičská Bozděchova Božetěchova Božetechova Brabcova Bratrí Čapků Braunova Brožíkova	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 E 5 F 6 G 6 G 4 E 6 D A 6 F 5 D D 6 E 6 F 7 F 8 F 8 F 8 F 8 F 8 F 8 F 8 F 8 F 8 F 8	Donátova Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnesti Družstevní Dřevná Dukelských hrdinů Duškova Dušní Dvořákovo nábř. Dykova E E. Krásnohorské EI. Peškové Elidšova Erbenova Estonská Evropská	F1 E5 G4 B2 D2 D2 E5 G5 F5 E3 B61 C3 E5 C3 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradeckých Hradeckých Hradesínská Hroznová Husinecká Husova Hybernská Hyberoská Charkovská Charkovská Charkovská Charkovská Charkovská Choltitussiho Chlumova Chodská Chopinova Chotkova Chotkova	F 3 C 1 4 E 6 G 6 G 4 C D 2 D 5 D 3 D 4 C 6 C D 1 F 5 D 3 D 6 A 2 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundě F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Topírně F6 K Vodojemu F1 K Závěrce G2 K. Světlé D3 Kadeřávkovská B1 Kafkova B1-B2 Kaizlovy sady C6 Kamenická B4 Kamzíková D3 Kanovnická C1 Kapitulská G5 Kaprova D3 Kapucínská C1 Kaplanická C1 Kapitulská G5 Kaprova D3 Kapucínská C1 Karloka C1 Karloka C2 Karlínské nám. C5 Karlova D3
Blanická Blodkova Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švarr Boleslavova Bolzanova Boradnova Borodinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická Botičská Bozděchova Božetéchova Božetéchova Božetechova Bratnova Bratnova Bratní Čapků Braunova Bratnická Brožíkova Bratnická	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 E 5 D 5 F 6 G 7 G 4 E 6 G 0 D 4 D 5 F 5 D 3 G 6 F 5 D 5 G 7 F 6 F 6 F 7 D 7 G 7 D 8 F 6 F 7 D 8 F 6 F 7 D 8 F 7 D 8 F 7 D 8 F 7 D 8 F 7 D 8 D 8 D 8 D 8 D 8 D 8 D 8 D 8 D 8 D 8	Donátova Donská Donská Donská Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Dřevná Dušní Dušní Dvořákovo nábř. Dykova E E. Krásnohorské EI. Peškové Eliášova Erbenova Estonská Evropská F	F1 E5 G4 B2 DD2 EG5 G5 FE3 B4 E1 C3 EE C3 EE 2 EE EE EE EE	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradecká Hradecká Hradecká Hradecká Hroznová Husinecká Husitská Husitská Hybernská Hyberova Ch Charkovská Charlese de Gaull Charkovská Charlese de Gaull Charkovská Chelčického Chittussiho Chlumova Chodská Chopinova Choryatská	F 3 C 1	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundě F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Topírně F6 K Vodojemu F1 K Závěrce G2 K Světlé D3 Kadeřávkovská B1 Kařkova B1-B2 Kaizlovy sady C6 Kališnická C6 Kamenická B4 Kamzíková D3 Kanovnická C1 Kapitulská G5 Kaprova D3 Kapucínská C1 Karla Engliše F2 Karlínské nám. C5 Karlova D3 Karlovo nám. E3 Karmelitská D2
Blanická Blodkova Blodkova Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švam Boleslavova Bolzanova Bolzanova Bordynho Borodinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická Botičská Botičská Botěčechova Božetěchova Božetěchova Bratří Čapků Braunova Bratří Čapků Braunova Brožíkova Brtnická Bruselská Břetová Břetislavova Břetislavova Břetislavova	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 6 7	Donátova Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Dřevná Dukelských hrdinů Duškova Dušní Dvořákova nábř. Dykova E E E. Krásnohorské EI. Peškové Elišóva Erbenova Estonská Evropská F F Farského Fibichova	F1 E5 G4 DD2 DD2 E2 E65 G65 F53 E84 EC3 C3 EE5 B1 B4 DD5	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradeckých Hradeckých Hradesínská Hroznová Husinscká Husova Hybernská Hybešova Ch Charkovská Charkovská Charkovská Charkovská Chelčického Chittussiho Chlumova Chodská Chopinova Chortavská Chotkova Chotkova Chotkova Chotkova	F 3 C 1 4 E 6 G 6 G 4 G 5 D 5 D 3 D 4 C 6 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F 6 K Ochozu G 5 K Olympiku B 6 K Podjezdu G 5 K Rotundě F 3 K Starému Bubenči B 3 K Topírně F 6 K Vodojemu F 1 K Závěrce G 2 K. Světlé D 3 Kadeřávovská B 1 Kafkova B 1 – B 2 Kaizlovy sady C 6 Kamenická B 4 Kamzíková D 3 Kanovnická C 1 Kapitulská G 5 Kaprova D 3 Kapucínská C 1 Karlínské nám. C 5 Karlovo nám. E 3 Karlmova D 3 Karlovo nám. E 3 Karmelitská D 2 Karlinská D 3 Karlovo nám. E 3 Karmelitská D 2 Karlinská D 3
Blanická Blodkova Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švarr Boleslavova Bolzanova Bondyho Borodinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická Botičská Botičská Botáchova Božetěchova Božetěchova Bratiř Čapků Braunova Bratiř Čapků Braunova Bratiř Šapků Bratincká Bruselská Břetislavova Břetislavova Břetislavova Břetislavova Břetislavova Březinova Březinova Březinova Březovského	ıberka F 4 –	D E 5 5 F G 7 G 4 6 E D D F 6 G 7 G 4 6 E D D D D E 6 3 E F F F F B 1 4 E G E G E C D C G A 2	Donátova Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družnosti Družnosti Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Dřevná Dušní Dušní Dušní Dvořákovo nábř. Dykova E E. Krásnohorské EI. Peškové Eliášova Erbenova Estonská Evropská F Farského Fibichova Finská	F1 E5 B2 D2 D2 E65 F5 B4 E1 C3 E5 C3 E5 C4 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E6 E5 E6 E6 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradeckých Hradeckých Hradeckých Hradesínská Hroznová Husinscká Husistká Husistká Husistká Hybešova Ch Chaloupeckého Charkovská Charlese de Gaull Charvátova Chelčického Chittussiho Chlumova Chodská Chopinova Chortkova Cho	F 3 C 1 4 E 6 G 6 G 4 G D 5 D 3 D 4 C 6 D 5 D 3 D 4 C 6 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundė F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Stoprinė F6 K Vodojemu F1 K Závěrce G2 K. Světlé D3 Kadeřávkovská B1 Kafkova B1 — B2 Kažlovy sady C6 Kališnická C6 Kamenická B4 Kamzíková D3 Kanovnická C1 Kapitulská G5 Kaprova D3 Kapucínská C1 Karlova C5 Karlova D3 Kapucínská C1 Karla Engliše F2 Karlinské nám. C5 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D2 Karlova D2 Karlova D2 Karlova D2 Karlova D2 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D4 Karlova D4 Karlova D5 Karlova D2 Karlova D5 Karlova D5 Karlova D6 Karlova D7 Karlova D7 Karlova D7 Karlova D6 Karlova D7 Karlova D6 Karlova D7 Karlova D7 Karlova D7 Karlova D7 Karlova D8 Karlova D
Blanická Blodkova Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švarr Boleslavova Bolzanova Boradnova Borodinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická Bořišov Božická Botičská Bozděchova Božetěchova Božetěchova Božetěchova Bratri Čapků Braunova Bratri Čapků Braunova Brtrická Bruselská Břiehová Břetislavova Břetislavova Březinova Březinova	ıberka F 4 –	D 6 6 E 5 D F 6 G 7 G G 4 6 E D A 5 F 5 D D G 6 E F 5 Z F F 4 B D A 5 E G A 5 E G A 5 E G A 5 E G A 6 C B A 6 C A	Donátova Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnesti Družstevní Orievná Dukelských hrdinů Duškova Dušní Dvořákovo nábř. Dykova E E. Krásnohorské EI. Peškové Eliášova Erbenova Estonská Evropská F F Farského Fibíchova Finská	F1 E5 B2 B2 D2 E65 F5 E3 B4 E63 E65 E65 E65 E65 E65 E65 E65 E65 E65 E65	Hradéanské nám. Hradecká Hradeckých Hradeckých Hradesínská Hroznová Husinecká Husova Hybernská Hyberská Hyberská Charkovská Charkovská Charlese de Gaull Charvátova Chelčíckého Chittussiho Chlumova Chordská Chopinova Chortavská Chor	F 3 C 1 4 E 6 G 6 G 6 G 7 D 2 D 3 D 4 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G 7 G	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundě F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Topírně F6 K Vodojemu F1 K Závěrce G2 K. Světlé D3 Kaderávkovská B1 Kafkova B1-B2 Kaizlovy sady C6 Kališnická C6 Kamenická B4 Kamzíková D3 Kanovnická C1 Kapitulská G5 Kaprova D3 Kapucínská C1 Karla Engliše F2 Karlínské nám. C5 Karlova D3 Karlovo nám. E3 Karlovo nám
Blanická Blodkova Blodkova Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohdalecká Bohuslava ze Švarr Boleslavova Bolzanova Bondyho Borodinská Boršov Bořivojova Bošická Botičská Botičská Botáchova Božetěchova Božetěchova Bratiř Čapků Braunova Bratiř Čapků Braunova Bratiř Šapků Bratincká Bruselská Břetislavova Břetislavova Břetislavova Břetislavova Břetislavova Březinova Březinova Březinova Březovského	ıberka F 4 –	D E 5 5 F G 7 G 4 6 E D D F 6 G 7 G 4 6 E D D D D E 6 3 E F F F F B 1 4 E G E G E C D C G A 2	Donátova Donská Donská Doudova Dr. Zikmunda Wintra Dražického nám. Dražického Drtinova Družnosti Družstevní ochoz Družstevní Dřevná Dukelských hrdinů Duškova Dušní Dvořákova nábř. Dykova E E E. Krásnohorské EI. Peškové Eliášova Erbenova Estonská Evropská F F Farského Fibichova Finská	F1 E5 B2 D2 D2 E65 F5 B4 E1 C3 E5 C3 E5 C4 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E6 E5 E6 E6 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7 E7	Hradčanské nám. Hradecká Hradeckých Hradeckých Hradeckých Hradesínská Hroznová Husinscká Husistká Husistká Husistká Hybešova Ch Chaloupeckého Charkovská Charlese de Gaull Charvátova Chelčického Chittussiho Chlumova Chodská Chopinova Chortkova Cho	F 3 C 1 4 E 6 G 6 G 4 G D 5 D 3 D 4 C 6 D 5 D 3 D 4 C 6 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D	K Haštalu C 4 K Louži F6 K Ochozu G5 K Olympiku B6 K Podjezdu G5 K Rotundė F3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Starému Bubenči B3 K Stoprinė F6 K Vodojemu F1 K Závěrce G2 K. Světlé D3 Kadeřávkovská B1 Kafkova B1 — B2 Kažlovy sady C6 Kališnická C6 Kamenická B4 Kamzíková D3 Kanovnická C1 Kapitulská G5 Kaprova D3 Kapucínská C1 Karlova C5 Karlova D3 Kapucínská C1 Karla Engliše F2 Karlinské nám. C5 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D2 Karlova D2 Karlova D2 Karlova D2 Karlova D2 Karlova D3 Karlova D3 Karlova D4 Karlova D4 Karlova D5 Karlova D2 Karlova D5 Karlova D5 Karlova D6 Karlova D7 Karlova D7 Karlova D7 Karlova D6 Karlova D7 Karlova D6 Karlova D7 Karlova D7 Karlova D7 Karlova D7 Karlova D8 Karlova D

Ke Hradu		1 . 1/ /			
	C 2	Letenské nám.	B 3	Milady Horákové B3 – C2	Na Moráni E 3
Ke Karlovu	E 4 – F 4	Letenský tunel	C 4	Milešovská E 5	Na Můstku D 3
Ke Koulce	F 2	Letohradská B 3	– B 4	Milíčova D 5	Na Náspu C 1
Ke Štvanici	C 4	Levá	G 3	Minská F 6	Na Neklance G 2
Keplerova	(1	Libeňský most	B 6	Míšeňská D 2	Na Odbočce F 1
	B 3		E 6		
Keramická		Libická			Na Ohradě C 7
Kesnerka	G 2	Libušina	F 3	Mlýnská A 2	Na Opyši C 2
Kirgizská	F 6	Lidická	E 2	Modletínská G 7	Na Ořechovce C 1
Kladská	E 5	Lichnická	D 4	Mojmírova F 5	Na Ostrůvku F 5
Klárov	C 2	Liliová	D 3	Molákova C 6	Na Ovčinách B 4
Klášterská	(3	Linhartská	D 3	Moldavská F 6	Na Pahorku G 6
Klicperova	F 2	Lipanská	D 6	Mongolská B 2	Na Pankráci G 4
Klimentská	C 4	Lípová	E 3	Moravská E 5	Na Parukářce D 6
Kloboučnická	F 5	Lodecká	C 4	Morstadtova D 1	Na Pavím vrchu F 2
Kmochova	E 1	Lodní mlýny	C 4	Moskevská E 5 – F 6	Na Perštýně D 3
Kodaňská	E5-F6	Lomnického	G 4	most Legií D 3	Na Pláni F 1 – F 2
Koldínova	D 6	Londýnská	E 4	Mostecká D 2	Na Plzeňce F 2
Kolejní	B 1	Lopatecká	G 4	Mošnova E 1	Na Podkovce G 3
Kolínská	E 6	Lopuchová	F 6	Motoristická E 1	Na Popelce F 1
Kollárova	C 5	Loretánská	D 1	Moulíkova G 2	Na Poříčí C 4
Komenského nár	m. D6	Loretánské nám.	C 1	Mozartova E 1	Na Poříčním právu E 3
Komunardů	B 5	Lotyšská	B 1	Mrázovka E 2 – F 1	Na Provaznici F 1
Konečná	F 1		G 4		
		Lounských			
Koněvova	C 6 – D 6		– F 4	Muzejní C 3	Na Rejdišti C 3
Koněvova	D 6	Lucemburská	E 6	Mylnerovka A 1	Na Rybníčku E 4
Kongresová	F 4	Lukášova	D 6	Myslbekova C 1	Na Skalce F 2
Konopišťská	E 7	Lumírova	F 3	Mýslíkova E 3	Na Slupi F 3
Konviktská	D 3	Lupáčova	D 6	N	Na Smetance E 4
	F 5		E 5		
Koperníkova		Lužická			
Korunní	E 5 – E 6	Lyčkovo nám.	C 6	Na Baště sv. Jiří C 2	Na Stráni F 5
Korunovační	B 3	M		Na Baště sv. Ludmily C 2	Na Struze D 3
Korybutova	C 6	M. Rettigové	D 3	Na Baště sv. Tomáše C 2	Na Střelnici C 6
Kořénského	E 2	M. J. Lermontova	A 1	Na Bělidle E 2	Na Sychrově G 6
Kosárkovo nábř.	(3		– B 2	Na Bitevní pláni G 4	Na Šafránce E 5 – E 6
Kostečná	(3	Madridská	F 6	Na Bohdalci G 6	
Kostelní	C 4		– G 6	Na Bojišti E 4	Na Şpejcharu C 2
Kostnické nám.	D 5	Magnitogorská	F 6	Na Brabenci G 2	Na Špitálsku C 6
Košická	F 5	Mahenova	E 1	Na Březince F 1	Na Šťáhlavce A 1
Kotěrova	A 1	Mahlerovy sady	D 5	Na Bučance F 4	Na Švihance D 5
Kotevní	F 2	Máchova	E 5	Na Celné E 2	Na Topolce G 3
Koubkova	E 4	Maiselova	C 3	Na Cihlářce F 1	Na Václavce F 1
			F1		
Koulka	G 2	Malá Houdova			
Koulova	A 1	Malá Klášterní	C 3	Na Černém vrchu F 1	Na Valentince F 2
Kouřimská	E 7	Malá plynární	A 5	Na Děkance F 3	Na Věnečku F 1
Kováků	F 2	Malá Štěpánská	E 3	Na Dionysce A 1	Na Veselí G 5
Kozácká	E 5	Malá Štupartská	D 3	Na Dolinách G 3 – G 4	Na Vítězné pláni F 4
Kozi	(3	Malá Xaveriova	F 1	Na Doubkové F 2	Na Výšinách B 3
Kožná	D 3	Malá	C 1	Na Fidlovačce F 4	Na Výtoni F 3
Krakovská	E 4	Malátova	E 2	Na Florenci D 4	Na Zábradlí D 3
Králodvorská	D 4	Malé nám.	D 3		
Krásova	D 5	Malifica		Na Folimance F 4	Na Zájezdu E 6
V-1X-1-2	ע ט	Malého	C 5	Na Folimance F 4 Na Františku C 4	Na Zajezdu E 6 Na Zámecké F 5
Krkonosska				Na Františku C 4	Na Zámecké F 5
Krkonošská Krocínova	D 5	Malešická	D 6	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2
Krocínova	D 5 D 3	Malešická Malířská	D 6 B 4	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zátorách A 4
Krocínova Kroftova	D 5 D 3 E 2	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nábř.	D 6 B 4 D 2	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 – B 3
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám.	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 – B 3 Na Zbořenci E 3
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Kroupova	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltézské nám.	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hrebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 – B 3 Na Zbořenci E 3 Na Zderaze E 3
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Kroupova Krupkovo nám.	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 B 2	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltézské nám. Mánesova E 4	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2 Na Jezerce G 5	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 – B 3 Na Zbořenci E 3 Na Zderaze E 3 Na Zlatnici G 3
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Kroupova	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltézské nám.	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hrebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 – B 3 Na Zbořenci E 3 Na Zderaze E 3
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 B 2 E 5 – F 2	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltézské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1	Na Zámecké F5 Na Zatlance F2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátore B2 — B3 Na Zbořenci E3 Na Zderaze E3 Na Zlatnici G3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C3
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 B 2 E 5 – F 2 E 3	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltézské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 C 2	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 – B 3 Na Zbořenci E 3 Na Zderaze E 3 Na Zlatnici G 3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C 3 nábř. Kpt. Jaroše C 4
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 B 2 E 5 – F 2 E 3 F 6	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltézské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám.	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 -E 5 C 3 C 2 D 3	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4	Na Zámecké F.5 Na Zatlance F.2 Na Zátorcé A.4 Na Zátorce B.2 – B.3 Na Zbořenci E.3 Na Zderaze E.3 Na Zlatnici G.3 nábř. Edwarda Beneše C.3 nábř. Kpt. Jaroše C.4 nábř. L. Svobody C.4
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova	D5 D3 E2 F3 G2 B2 E5-F2 E3 F6 F4	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltézské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 -E 5 C 3 C 2 D 3 G 4	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4 Na Klikovce G 4	Na Zámecké F5 Na Zatlance F2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátorce B2—B3 Na Zbořenci E3 Na Zderaze E3 Na Zlatnici G3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C3 nábř. Kpt. Jaroše C4 Nábřežní E2
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova	D5 D3 E2 F3 G2 B2 E5-F2 E3 F6 F4 D6	Malešická Malifská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltězské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesúv most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 C 2 D 3 G 4 G 5	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hutlich B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4 Na Klikovce G 4 Na Korince B 1	Na Zámecké F5 Na Zatlance F2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 — B 3 Na Zbořenci E3 Na Zderaze E3 Na Zlatnici G3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C3 nábř. L Svobody C4 Nábřežní E2 Nad Bertramkou F1
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova	D5 D3 E2 F3 G2 B2 E5-F2 E3 F6 F4	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malostranské nám. Maltezské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Maroldova	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 C 2 D 3 G 4 G 5 D 3	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4 Na Klikovce G 4 Na Klofnce B 1 Na Kolejním statku G 5	Na Zámecké F5 Na Zatlance F2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátorac B2 — B3 Na Zbořenci E3 Na Zderaze E3 Na Zlatnici G3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C3 nábř. Kpt. Jaroše C4 Nábřežní C2 Nabřežní E2
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova	D5 D3 E2 F3 G2 B2 E5-F2 E3 F6 F4 D6	Malešická Malifská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltězské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesúv most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 C 2 D 3 G 4 G 5	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4 Na Klikovce G 4 Na Kocínce B 1	Na Zámecké F5 Na Zatlance F2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 — B 3 Na Zbořenci E3 Na Zderaze E3 Na Zlatnici G3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C3 nábř. L Svobody C4 Nábřežní E2 Nad Bertramkou F1
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křišťanova	D5 D3 E2 F3 G2 B2 E5-F2 E3 F6 F4 D6 C5-C6	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltesské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Martinská Mařískova	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 C 2 D 3 G 4 G 5 D 3	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4 Na Klikovce G 4 Na Klikovce B 1 Na Kolejním statku G 5	Na Zámecké F.5 Na Zatlance F.2 Na Zátorcé A.4 Na Zátorce B.2 – B.3 Na Zbořenci E.3 Na Zderaze E.3 Na Zlatnici G.3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C.3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C.4 nábř. L. Svobody C.4 Nábřežní E.2 Nad Bertramkou F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křišťanova Křížkovského Křížová	D5 D3 E2 F3 G2 B2 E5-F2 E3 F6 F4 D6 C5-C6 D5 G2	Malešická Malifská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltežské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesov most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Martinská Marákova Marákova	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 C 2 D 3 G 4 G 5 D 3 B 2 E 3	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hrebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4 Na Klikovce G 4 Na Kolejním statku G 5 Na Košince A 7 Na Kotlářce B 1	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zátorách A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 – B 3 Na Zbořenci E 3 Na Zderaze E 3 Na Zlatnici G 3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C 4 nábř. L. Svobody C 4 Nábřežní E 2 Nad Bertramkou F 1 Nad Husovými sady F 1 Nad Kesnerkou G 2 Nad Koulkou G 2
Krocínova Kroftova Krokova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křižkova Křížkovského Křížová	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 B 2 E 5 – F 2 E 3 F 6 F 4 D 6 C 5 – C 6 D 5 G 2 D 3	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malezské nám. Maltezské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroddova Martínská Mařákova Masarykovo nábř.	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 C 5 C 3 C 2 D 3 G 4 G 5 D 3 B 2 E 3 C 3	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4 Na Klikovce G 4 Na Koifnce B 1 Na Koejním statku G 5 Na Kodšínce B 1 Na Kotlářce B 1 Na Kovárně F 6	Na Zámecké F.5 Na Zatlance F.2 Na Zátorce B.2 — B.3 Na Zótorce B.2 — B.3 Na Zótorce B.3 Na Zótorce B.3 Na Zótorce B.3 Na Zotarace B.3 Na Zlatnici G.3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C.3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C.4 nábř. L. Svobody C.4 Nábřežní E.2 Nad Bertramkou F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady G.2 Nad Královskou oborou B.3
Krocínova Krottova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křižkovo Křížková Křížková Křížková Křížkovícká Kubelíkova	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 B 2 E 5 - F 2 E 3 F 6 F 4 D 6 C 5 - C 6 D 5 G 2 D 3 D 5 - D 6	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nábř. Malostranské nám. Maltesské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské hradby Mariánské hrádm. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Maratinská Mařákova Masarykovo nábř. Masná Matoušova	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 E 5 C 3 C 4 G 5 D 3 B 2 E 3 C 3 E 2	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hróbci F 3 Na Hrébenkách E 1 Na Hutléch B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Klikovce F 4 Na Kolejním statku G 5 Na Kosínce B 1 Na Kotlářce B 1 Na Kotlářce B 1 Na Kovárně F 6 Na Kozačce E 5	Na Zámecké F5 Na Zatlance F2 Na Zatlance F2 Na Zátorce B2 — B3 Na Zbořenci E3 Na Zderaze E3 Na Zlatnici G3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C3 nábř. Kpt. Jaroše C4 nábř. L. Svobody C4 Nábřežní E2 Nad Bertramkou F1 Nad Husovými sady F1 Nad Kesnerkou G2 Nad Koulkou G2 Nad Královskou oborou B3 Nad Laurovou F1
Krocínova Krottova Krotova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křesnická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křišťanova Křížkovského Křížovského Křížovnická Kubelíkova Kubova	D5 D3 E2 F3 G2 B2 E5-F2 E3 F6 F4 D5-G2 D5 G2 D5-G2	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malostranské nám. Maltězské nám. Mařesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Martinská Mařákova Marakova Masarykovo nábř. Masná Matouova Matouova	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 G 4 G 5 D 3 B 2 E 3 C 3 E 2 F 5	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hrěbenkách E 1 Na Hutlén B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4 Na Klikovce G 4 Na Kolejním statku G 5 Na Košínce A 7 Na Košínce B 1 Na Kovárně F 6 Na Kozačce E 5 Na Královce F 5	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zátorce A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 – B 3 Na Zbořenci E 3 Na Zderaze E 3 Na Zlatnici G 3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C 4 nábř. L. Svobody C 4 Nábřežní E 2 Nad Bertramkou F 1 Nad Husovými sady F 1 Nad Kesnerkou G 2 Nad Královskou oborou B 3 Nad Laurovou F 1 Nad Mažovskou F 1
Krocínova Krottova Krotova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křižkova Křížkova Křížková Křížková Křížková Kubelíkova Kubova Kunětická	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 F 5 F 2 E 3 F 6 D 6 C 5 C 6 D 3 D 5 C 6 D 4	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malostranské nám. Maltezské nám. Maltezské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesűv most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Mardidova Maratínská Mařákova Masarykovo nábř. Masná Matoušova Melantrichova	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 G 4 G 5 D 3 B 2 E 3 C 3 E 2 F 5 D 3	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Juzerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4 Na Klikovce G 4 Na Kolejním statku G 5 Na Košince B 1 Na Košince B 1 Na Kovárně F 6 Na Královce F 5 Na Křiovc G 6 – G 7	Na Zámecké F.5 Na Zatlance F.2 Na Zátorcé A.4 Na Zátorce B.2 — B.3 Na Zbořenci E.3 Na Zderaze E.3 Na Zlatnici G.3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C.4 nábř. L. Svobody C.4 Nábřežní E.2 Nad Bertramkou F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Kesnerkou G.2 Nad Koulkou G.2 Nad Koulkou F.1 Nad Majovskou oborova B.3 Nad Laurovou F.1 Nad Mážovkou F.5
Krocínova Krottova Krokova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křižíkova Křižíkova Křižovái Kubelikova Kubelikova Kubetická Kutvirtova	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 E 5 - F 2 E 3 F 6 F 4 D 6 C 5 - C 6 D 5 G 2 3 D 5 - D 6 C 6 D 4 G 1	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malostranské nám. Maltesské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské hradby Mariánské hradby Mariánská mám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Mararykovo nábř. Masná Matoušova Mečislavova Melantrichova Mělnická	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 C 2 D 3 G 4 G 5 D 3 B 2 E 3 C 3 E 2 F 5 D 3 D 2	Na Františku	Na Zámecké F5 Na Zatlance F2 Na Zátorce B2 — B3 Na Zátorce B2 — B3 Na Zbořenci E3 Na Zderaze E3 Na Zlatnici G3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C3 nábř. L. Svobody C4 nábř. L. Svobody C4 Nábřežní E2 Nad Bertramkou F1 Nad Husovými sady F1 Nad Kesnerkou G2 Nad Královskou oborou B3 Nad Laurovou F1 Nad Mrázovkou F1 Nad Mrázovkou F1 Nad Mrázovkou F1 Nad Mrázovkou F1 Nad Muslemi G5 Nad Otcárnou C1
Krocínova Krottova Krotova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křižkova Křížkova Křížková Křížková Křížková Kubelíkova Kubova Kunětická	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 F 5 F 2 E 3 F 6 D 6 C 5 C 6 D 3 D 5 C 6 D 4	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malostranské nám. Maltezské nám. Maltezské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesűv most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Mardidova Maratínská Mařákova Masarykovo nábř. Masná Matoušova Melantrichova	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 G 4 G 5 D 3 B 2 E 3 C 3 E 2 F 5 D 3	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Juzerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4 Na Klikovce G 4 Na Kolejním statku G 5 Na Košince B 1 Na Košince B 1 Na Kovárně F 6 Na Královce F 5 Na Křiovc G 6 – G 7	Na Zámecké F.5 Na Zatlance F.2 Na Zátorcé A.4 Na Zátorce B.2 — B.3 Na Zbořenci E.3 Na Zderaze E.3 Na Zlatnici G.3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C.4 nábř. L. Svobody C.4 Nábřežní E.2 Nad Bertramkou F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Kesnerkou G.2 Nad Koulkou G.2 Nad Koulkou F.1 Nad Majovskou oborova B.3 Nad Laurovou F.1 Nad Mážovkou F.5
Krocínova Krottova Krokova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křižíkova Křižíkova Křižovái Kubelikova Kubelikova Kubetická Kutvirtova	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 E 5 - F 2 E 3 F 6 F 4 D 6 C 5 - C 6 D 5 G 2 3 D 5 - D 6 C 6 D 4 G 1	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malostranské nám. Maltesské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské hradby Mariánské hradby Mariánská mám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Mararykovo nábř. Masná Matoušova Mečislavova Melantrichova Mělnická	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 C 2 D 3 G 4 G 5 D 3 E 2 E 3 C 3 E 2 F 5 D 3 D 2 E 4	Na Františku	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zátorce A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 – B 3 Na Zbořenci E 3 Na Zderaze E 3 Na Zlatnici G 3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C 4 nábř. L. Svobody C 4 Nábřežní E 2 Nad Bertramkou F 1 Nad Husovými sady F 1 Nad Husovými sady F 1 Nad Královskou oborou B 3 Nad Laurovou F 1 Nad Mrázovkou F 1 Nad Mrázovkou F 1 Nad Muslemi G 5 Nad Octárnou C 1 Nad Petruskou F 5
Krocínova Krottova Krottova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křižkova Křižkova Křižkova Křižkova Křižkova Křižková Kubelíkova Kubelíkova Kubelíkova Kupelíkova	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 E 5 F 2 E 3 F 6 F 4 D 5 G 2 D 3 D 5 D 6 C 6 D 4 G 1 B 2	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malotezské nám. Maltezské nám. Maltezské nám. Maresova E 4 Mánesov E 4 Mánesov Karinské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Maránské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Maratínská Mařákova Masarykovo nábř. Másná Matoušova Mečislavova Melantrichova Mělnická Mendíků	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 - E 5 C 3 C 3 B 2 E 3 C 3 E 2 F 5 D 3 D 2 E 4 G 5	Na Františku C 4 Na Hrádku E 3 Na Hrobci F 3 Na Hřebenkách E 1 Na Hubálce C 1 Na Hutích B 2 Na Jezerce G 5 Na Julisce A 1 Na Kampě D 2 Na Kleovce F 4 Na Klikovce G 4 Na Koifnce B 1 Na Koejním statku G 5 Na Košince A 7 Na Kotlářce B 1 Na Kovárně F 6 Na Kozačce E 5 Na Královce F 5 Na Královce F 5 Na Královce G 6 6 7 Na Květníci G 4 6 6 5 Na Kvintusce A 1 Na Laurové G 2	Na Zámecké F.5 Na Zatlance F.2 Na Zátorcé A.4 Na Zátorce B.2 — B.3 Na Zbořenci E.3 Na Zderaze E.3 Na Zlatnici G.3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C.3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C.4 nábř. L. Svobody C.4 Nábřežní E.2 Nad Bertramkou F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Kesnerkou G.2 Nad Korlovskou oborovu B.3 Nad Laurovou B.3 Nad Laurovou F.1 Nad Myázovkou F.1 Nad Myázovkou F.1 Nad Nuslemi G.5 Nad Octárnou C.1 Nad Petruskou F.5 Nad Octárnou C.1 Nad Petruskou F.5
Krocínova Krottova Krottova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křižíkova Křížkova Křížková Křižovinická Kubelíkova Kubeva Kutvirtova Kyjevská Ladova	D 5 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malostranské nám. Maltézské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské hradby Mariánské hám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Maratinská Mařákova Masarykovo nábř. Masná Matoušova Mečislavova Melantrichova Mělnická Melounová Mendířků Mexická	D 6 B 4 D 2 C D 2 - E 5 G 4 G 5 D 3 E 5 D 3 E 5 D 2 E 6 E 6	Na Františku	Na Zámecké F5 Na Zatlance F2 Na Zátorce B2 — B3 Na Zátorce B2 — B3 Na Zbořenci E3 Na Zderaze E3 Na Zlatnici G3 nábř. Kdvarda Beneše C4 nábř. L. Svobody C4 nábř. L. Svobody C4 Nábřežní E2 Nad Bertramkou F1 Nad Husovými sady F1 Nad Kesnerkou G2 Nad Královskou oborou B3 Nad Laurovou F1 Nad Mrázovkou F1 Nad Muslemi G5 Nad Octárnou C1 Nad Petruskou F5 Nad Patroškou F1 — F2
Krocínova Krottova Krottova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křišťanova Křížkova Křížkovského Křížovnická Kubelíkova Kuhova Kutvirtova Kyjevská L Ladova Lannova	D 5 D 2 E 5 E 2 E 5 E 2 E 5 E 2 D 3 D 5 D 6 C 6 D 4 G 1 E 2 E 5 E 2 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malostranské nám. Maltézské nám. Maresova E 4 Mánesova E 4 Mánesúr most Mariánské hradby Mariánské hrámby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Martinská Mařákova Martinská Mařákova Mesarykovo nábř. Masná Matoušova Meloutova Melantrichova Mělnická Melounová Mendíků Medoirová Mendíků	D 6 B 4 D 2 C D 2 - E 5 C 2 D 3 G 4 G 5 D 3 E 2 F 5 D 2 E 4 G 5 E 4	Na Františku	Na Zámecké F.5 Na Zatlance F.2 Na Zátorce B.2 – B.3 Na Zótorce B.2 – B.3 Na Zótorce E.3 Nabř. L. Svobody C.4 Nábřežní E.2 Nad Kottarose F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Kesnerkou G.2 Nad Královskou oborou B.3 Nad Laurovou F.1 Nad Mrázovkou F.1 Nad Muslemi G.5 Nad Octárnou C.1 Nad Petruskou F.5 Nad Popelkou F.1 Nad Santoškou F.1 – F.2
Krocínova Krottova Krottova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křižkova Křižkova Křížkova Křížkova Křížkovická Kubelíkova Kubelíkova Kubelíkova Kupětická Kutvirtova Kyjevská L Ladova Lannova Laubova	D 5 D 3 E 2 F 3 G 2 E 5 F 5 E 6 F 4 D 5 G 2 D 3 D 5 D 6 C 6 D 4 G 1 B 2 F 3 C 4 E 5	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malotezské nám. Maltezské nám. Maltezské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Maratinská Mařákova Masarykovo nábř. Masná Matoušova Mečislavova Melounová Melounová Mendíků Mexická Mezibranská Mickiewiczova	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 C 5 C 6 C 7 C 8 C 8 C 8 C 8 C 8 C 8 C 8 C 8 C 8 C 8	Na Františku	Na Zámecké F.5 Na Zatlance F.2 Na Zátorce A.4 Na Zátorce B.2 — B.3 Na Zbořenci E.3 Na Zderaze E.3 Na Zlatnici G.3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C.3 nábř. Kpt. Jaroše C.4 nábř. L. Svobody C.4 Nabřežní E.2 Nad Bertramkou F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Kesnerkou G.2 Nad Korlukou G.2 Nad Korlukou F.1 Nad Mušemi G.5 Nad Octárnou C.1 Nad Nušlemi G.5 Nad Octárnou F.1 Nad Popelkou F.1 Nad Popelkou F.5 Nad Opelkou F.1 Nad Santoškou F.1 — F.2 Nad Slávií F.7 Nad Spádem G.4
Krocínova Krottova Krottova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křišťanova Křišťanova Křižkova Křížkovského Křížová Kubelíkova Kubeva Kumětická Kutvirtova Kyjevská L Ladova Lannova Laubova Lazarská	D 5 D 3 D 3 D 5 D 3 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malotesské nám. Maltesské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské hradby Mariánská hradby Mariánská Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Mararykovo nábř. Masná Matoušova Mečislavova Mečislavova Melantrichova Mělnická Melounová Mendíků Mexická Mezidranská Mickiewiczova Michalská	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 C 5 C 6 C 7 C 8 C 8 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9	Na Františku	Na Zámecké F5 Na Zatlance F2 Na Zátorce B2 — B3 Na Zhořenci E3 Na Zhořenci E3 Na Zhatnici G3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C4 nábř. L. Svobody C4 Nábřežní E2 Nad Bertramkou F1 Nad Husovými sady F1 Nad Husovými sady F1 Nad Kesnerkou G2 Nad Královskou oborou B3 NaL Laurovou F1 Nad Mrázovkou F1 Nad Muslemi G5 Nad Octárnou C1 Nad Petruskou F5 Nad Salávií F7 Nad Slávií F7 Nad Spádem G4 Nad Stáviólou B3
Krocínova Krottova Krottova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křižkova Křižkova Křížkova Křížkova Křížkovická Kubelíkova Kubelíkova Kubelíkova Kupětická Kutvirtova Kyjevská L Ladova Lannova Laubova	D 5 D 2 E 5 E 5 E 2 E 5 E 6 D 5 D 6 C 6 D 5 C 6 D 4 G 1 B 2 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malotezské nám. Maltezské nám. Maltezské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Maratinská Mařákova Masarykovo nábř. Masná Matoušova Mečislavova Melounová Melounová Mendíků Mexická Mezibranská Mickiewiczova	D6 B4 C2 D2 -E5 C3 C2 D3 G4 D3 B2 E3 C3 E2 F5 D3 D2 E4 C2 D3 E4 C2 D3 E4	Na Františku	Na Zámecké F.5 Na Zatlance F.2 Na Zátlarce F.2 Na Zátorce B.2 – B.3 Na Zótorce B.2 – B.3 Na Zótorce E.3 Na Zótorce E.3 Na Zídarde E.3 Nabř. L. Svobody C.4 Nábřežní E.2 Nad Kridovsávo F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Královskou oborou B.3 Nad Laurovou F.1 Nad Mrázovkou F.1 Nad Muslemi G.5 Nad Octárnou C.1 Nad Petruskou F.5 Nad Popelkou F.1 Nad Spádem F.1 Nad Spádem G.4 Nad Špádem G.4 Nad Špádem G.4 Nad Štolou B.3 Nad Váčlavkou B.3
Krocínova Krottova Krottova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křišťanova Křišťanova Křižkova Křížkovského Křížová Kubelíkova Kubeva Kumětická Kutvirtova Kyjevská L Ladova Lannova Laubova Lazarská	D 5 D 3 D 3 D 5 D 3 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malotesské nám. Maltesské nám. Mánesova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské hradby Mariánské hradby Mariánská hradby Mariánská Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Mararykovo nábř. Masná Matoušova Mečislavova Mečislavova Melantrichova Mělnická Melounová Mendíků Mexická Mezidranská Mickiewiczova Michalská	D 6 B 4 D 2 C 2 D 2 C 5 C 6 C 7 C 8 C 8 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9 C 9	Na Františku	Na Zámecké F5 Na Zatlance F2 Na Zátorce B2 — B3 Na Zhořenci E3 Na Zhořenci E3 Na Zhatnici G3 nábř. Edvarda Beneše C4 nábř. L. Svobody C4 Nábřežní E2 Nad Bertramkou F1 Nad Husovými sady F1 Nad Husovými sady F1 Nad Kesnerkou G2 Nad Královskou oborou B3 NaL Laurovou F1 Nad Mrázovkou F1 Nad Muslemi G5 Nad Octárnou C1 Nad Petruskou F5 Nad Salávií F7 Nad Slávií F7 Nad Spádem G4 Nad Stáviólou B3
Krocínova Krottova Krottova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křižkova Křižkova Křižkova Křižkova Křižkova Křižová Kubelíkova Kubelíkova Kubelíkova Kupetická Kutvirtova Kyjevská L Ladova Lannova Laubova Lazarská Lázeršká	D 5 D 2 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Mależské nám. Malteżské nám. Maresova E 4 Mánesův most Mariánské námy. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Maránské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Marákova Masarykovo nábř. Másná Matoušova Mečislavova Melantrichova Mělnická Mendíků Mexická Mezibranská Mickiewiczova Mickalská Mikovcova Mikulandská	D6 B4 C2 D2 E5 C3 C2 D3 G4 G5 D3 E2 E3 C2 D3 E4 G5 D3 E4 G5 E6 C2 D3 E4 G5 E64 C2 D3 E4	Na Františku	Na Zámecké F 5 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zatlance F 2 Na Zátorce A 4 Na Zátorce B 2 – B 3 Na Zbořenci E 3 Na Zlatnici G 3 nábř. Kyt. Jaroše C 4 nábř. L. Svobody C 4 nábř. L. Svobody F 1 Nad Bertramkou F 1 Nad Husovými sady F 1 Nad Kesnerkou G 2 Nad Koulkou G 2 Nad Koulkou G 2 Nad Královskou oborou B 3 Nad Laurovou F 1 Nad Mušemi G 5 Nad Octárnou C 1 Nad Petruskou F 5 Nad Octárnou C 1 Nad Petruskou F 5 Nad Octárnou F 1 Nad Naslemi G 5 Nad Octárnou F 1 Nad Santoškou F 1
Krocínova Krottova Krottova Kroupova Krupkovo nám. Krymská Křemencova Křeslická Křesomyslova Křišťanova Křišťanova Křížkova Křížkovského Křížovnická Kubelíkova Kubova Kunětická Kutvirtova Kyjevská L Ladova Laubova Laubova Lazarská Lázeňská	D 5 D 2 E 5 E 5 E 2 E 5 E 6 D 5 D 6 C 6 D 5 C 6 D 4 G 1 B 2 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E 5 E	Malešická Malířská Malostranské nám. Malostranské nám. Maltézské nám. Maresova E 4 Mánesúv most Mariánské hradby Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Mariánské nám. Marie Cibulkové Maroldova Martinská Mařákova Martinská Mařákova Melounovo Melantrichova Mělnická Mevaická Mezioka Mezislavova Melounová Mendíků Mexická Mickiewiczova Michalská Mikovcova	D6 B4 C2 D2 -E5 C3 C2 D3 G4 D3 B2 E3 C3 E2 F5 D3 D2 E4 C2 D3 E4 C2 D3 E4	Na Františku	Na Zámecké F.5 Na Zatlance F.2 Na Zátlarce F.2 Na Zátorce B.2 – B.3 Na Zótorce B.2 – B.3 Na Zótorce E.3 Na Zótorce E.3 Na Zídarde E.3 Nabř. L. Svobody C.4 Nábřežní E.2 Nad Kridovsávo F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Husovými sady F.1 Nad Královskou oborou B.3 Nad Laurovou F.1 Nad Mrázovkou F.1 Nad Muslemi G.5 Nad Octárnou C.1 Nad Petruskou F.5 Nad Popelkou F.1 Nad Spádem F.1 Nad Spádem G.4 Nad Špádem G.4 Nad Špádem G.4 Nad Štolou B.3 Nad Váčlavkou B.3

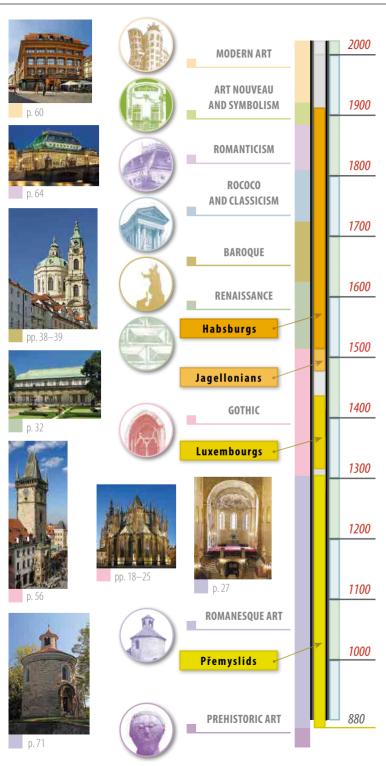
N/I V /	F2 C2	D . / I/		D 1/1		6	
Nádražní	F 2 – G 2	Partyzánská	A 4	Procházkova	G 4	Sevastopolská	E 5
nám. J. Palacha	C 3		C 3 – D 3	Prokopova	D 6	Sezimova	F 5
nám. 14. října	E 2	Patočkova	C 1	Prokopovo nám.	D 5	Schnirchova	B 4
nám. Barikád	D 6	Pavla Švandy ze Se	mčic F 2	Prokopská	D 2	Schwaigerova	B 2
nám. Bratří Synk		Peckova	(5	Provaznická	D 3	Sibiřské nám.	B 2
	u 13				D 3		
nám. Curieových		Pecháčkova	E 2	Průchodní		Sinkulova G 3-	
nám. Fr. Kafky	D 3	Pechlátova	G 1	Prvního pluku	C 5	Skalecká	C 4
nám. Generála Kut		Pelclova	D 2	Přemyslova	F 3	Skořepka	D 3
nám. Hrdinů	G 4	Pelléova	B 2	Přemyslovská	E 6	Sládkova	B 3
nám. I. P. Pavlova	a E4	Perlová	D 3	Příběnická	D 5	Sladkovského nám.	D 5
nám. Interbrigád		Pernerova	C5-C6	Přibyslavská	D 5	Slavíčkova	B 2
nám. Jiřího z Lob		Peroutkova	F1	Příčná	E3-F1	Slavíkova D 5-	
			F 5				
nám. Jiřího z Podě		Perucká		Přípotoční	F 6	Slavojova	F 3
nám. Kinských	E 2	Perunova	E 6	Přístavní	B5 - B6	Slezská E 5-	
nám. Míru	E 4	Pěší	E 1	Přívozní	A 5	Slovenská	E 5
nám. Na Santince	e A1	Pětidomí	B 3	Pštrossova	E 3	Slovinská	F 6
nám. Pod Emauz	v E3	Petra Rezka	G 4	Purkyňova	D 3	Slunná B 1-	
nám. Pod Kaštan		Petra Slezáka	Č 6	Puškinovo nám.	B 2	Smetanovo nábř.	D 3
nám. Republiky	D 4	Petrohradská	F 5	Půtova	C 4	Smolenská	F 5
					(4		
nám. Svat. Cecha		Petrská	C 4	R		Sněmovní	C 2
nám. Svobody	B 2	Petrské nám.	C 4	Radhošťská	D 6	Soběslavova	F 3
nám. U sv. Jiří	C 2	Petřínská	E 2	Radlická	E 2 – G 1	Soběslavská	E 7
nám. W. Churchil	la D5	Pevnostní	C 1	Radnické schody	C 1	Sobotecká	E 6
Náplavní	E 3	Písecká	Ē 6	Raisova	B 2	Sochařská	B 3
Náprstkova	D 3		D6-D7	Rajská	A 5	Sokolovská B 6-	
	B 2		F2		(3		
Národní obrany		Pivovarská		Rámová		Sokolská	E 4
Národní	D 3	Plaská	D 2	Randova	F 1	Soudní G 4-	
Navrátilova	E 3	Platnéřská	D 3	Rašínovo nábř.	E 3	Soukenická	C 4
Nebovidská	D 2	Plavecká	F 3	Rejskova	F 4	Sovova	C 6
Nedvědovo nám.	G 3	Plynární	A 5	Resslova	E 3	Spálená	D 3
Nekázanka	D 4	Plzeňská	E1-E2	Revoluční	C 4	Sportovní	F 6
Neklanova	F 3	Pobřežní	(5	Roháčova	C6-D6	Spytihněvova	F 4
Nekvasilova	C 7	Pod Barvířkou	F 2	Rohanské nábř.	C 5	Srbská	B 2
Nerudova	D 2	Pod Baštami	C 2	Rokycanova	D 6	Staré zámecké schody	C 2
Nezamyslova	F 4	Pod Brentovou	F 2	Romaina Rolland	a B3	Stárkova	C 4
Nikoly Tesly	B 1	Pod Bruskou	C 2	Rooseveltova	B1 - B2	Starokošířská	E 1
Nitranská	E 5	Pod Děvínem	G 2	Rostislavova	F 5	Staroměstské nám.	D 3
Norská	E6-F6	Pod Dráhou	A 5	Rostovská	F 5	Staropramenná	E 2
Nosticova	D 2	Pod Hradbami	(1	Rošických	D 2	Stavitelská	Ā 1
Nové mlýny	C 4	Pod Juliskou	à Í	Rovnoběžná	G 5	Strahovská	D 1
	F5		F4		F 2		
Novgorodská		Pod Karlovem		Rozkošného		Strahovské nádvoří	D 1
Novomlýnská	C 4	Pod Kaštany	B 2	Rubešova	E 4	Strahovský tunel D1-	
Novorossijská	F 7	Pod Kesnerkou	G 2	Rumunská	E 4	Strakonická	F 2
Novotného lávka	D 3	Pod Krejcárkem	C 7	Ruská	E 5 – E 6	Strmá	C 1
Nový Svět	C 1	Pod Lázní	G 5	Růžová	D 4	Strojnická	B 4
Nuselská	F 5 – G 5	Pod Nuselskými so	hody F 4	Rybalkova	E 5 – F 5	Strossmayerovo nám.	B 4
Nuselský most	F 4	Pod Parukářkou	D 6	Rybářská	G 3	Stroupežnického	E 2
0		Pod Pramenem	G 5	Rybná	C 4 – D 4	Stříbrná	D 3
Oblouková	F 6		E3-F3	Rýchtářská	A 1	Studentská	B 1
Odborů	E 3	Pod Sokolovnou	G 4	Rytířská	D 3	Studničkova	F 3
Oldřichova	F 4	Pod Soutratím	F 6	Ď		Stupkova	B 5
Olivova	D 4		Ē1	Ďácnouka	C 4		D 6
		Pod Stadiony		Rásnovka		Sudoměřská	
Olšanská	D 6 – D 7		G 5 – G 6	Rehořova	D 5	Suchardova	B 2
Olšanské nám.	D 6	Pod Stupni	F 5	Retězová	D 3	Sukova	B 2
Olympijská	D 1	Pod Sychrovem I	G 6	Rezáčovo nám.	B 4	Svahová	F 6
Ondříčkova	D 5 – E 5	Pod Sychrovem II	G 6	Reznická	E 3	Svatoplukova	F 4
Opatovická	E 3	Pod Terebkou	F 4	Říčanská	E 6	Svatoslavova	F 5
Opletalova	D 4	Pod Tratí	F 2	Říční	D 2	Svatovítská	B 1
Orebitská	D 5	Pod Větrovem	E 3	Římská	E 4	Svážná	G 5
	F 6		G 5	Řipská	Ē 5		F3
Orelská		Pod Vilami				Svobodova	
Orlická	E 6	Pod Vítkovem	D 5	Ripská	E 5	Svornosti E 2 –	· F Z
Ortenovo nám.	A 5	Pod Vyšehradem	G 3	S		5	
Osadní	A 5 – B 5	Pod Výtopnou	C 5	Sabinova	D 6	Šafaříkova	E 4
Osnická	G 7	Pod Zvonařkou	F 4	Salabova	B 1	Šaldova	C 6
Ostrčilovo nám.	F 3	Podbabská	A 1	Salmovská	E 3	Šárecká	B 1
Ostromečská	D 6	Podolská	G 3	Salvátorská	C 3	Šermířská D1-	
Ostrovní	D 3	Podolské nábř.	F 3	Samcova	C 4	Šeříková	D 2
Ostrovského	F 2	Podolské schody	G 3	Sámova	F 5	Šestidomí	A 1
Otakarova	F 5		E 3		F 4		
		Podskalská		Sarajevská		Ševčíkova	D 5
Ovenecká	B 3	Pohořelec	D 1	Saská	D 2	Šimáčkova	B 4
Ovocný trh	D 3	Politických vězňů		Sauerova	D 6	Široká	C 3
P		Polská	E 5	Sázavská	E 5	Šítkova	E 3
Pajerova	G 2	Popovická	G 7	Sdružení	G 5	Školská	E 3
Palackého most	E 3	Pospíšilova	D 5	Sedmidomky	F 7	Škrétova	E 4
Palackého nám.	E 3	Poupětova	A 5	Seifertova	D 5	Škroupovo nám.	D 5
Palackého	D 3	Povltavská	A 7	Sekaninova	F 4	Šlejnická	A 1
Pankrácké nám.	G 4	Pplk. Sochora	B 4	Seminární	B i	Šmeralova	B 3
Panská	D 4	Pravoúhlá	F1	Seminářská	D 3	Šmilovského	E 5
Papírenská	A 2	Pražačka	C 6	Senovážná	D 4	Šolínova	B 1
Parléřova	D 1	Preslova	E 2		D 4	Španělská	D 4
ı alleluvd	וע	i ieziova	E 2	Senovážné nám.	U 4	apaneiska .	υ4

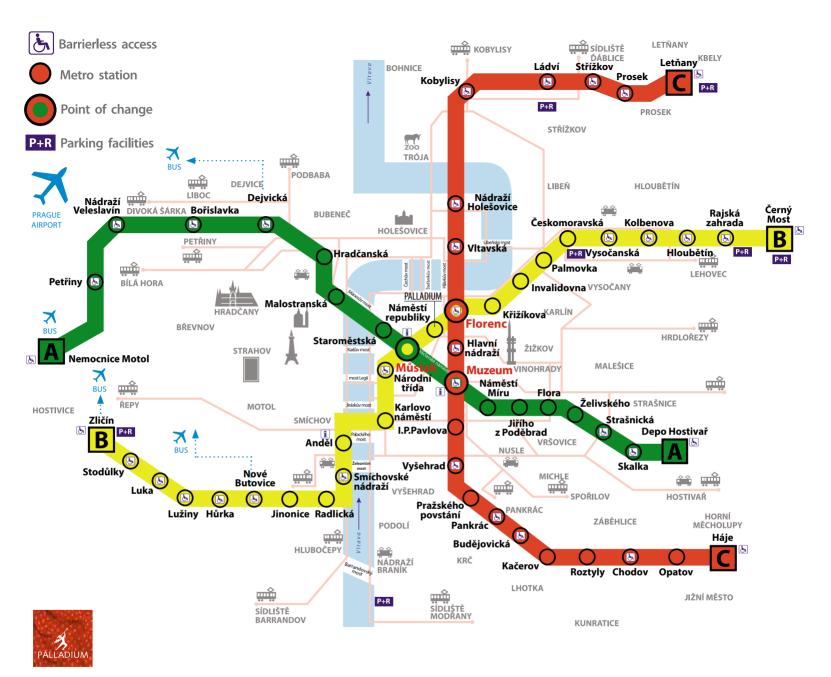
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Sporkova		U Kostela			D 3	Vocelova E 4
Šrobárova		U Královské louky			D 2	Voctářova B 7
Stefánikova		J Křížku		Ukrajinská	F 5	Vodárenská G 3
Stefánikův most		U Laboratoře		Uljanovská	F 6	Vodičkova D 3
Štěpánská E 3	– E 4	U Lanové dráhy	D 2	Umělecká	B 4	Vodní E 2
Šternberkova	B 4	U Letenské voďárny	B 3	Uralská	B 2	Vojenova B 7
Štětkova		U Letenského sadú	B 4	Uruguayská	E 4	Vojtěšská E 3
Štiřínská		U Letohrádku kr. Anny		Urxova	C 6	Voroněžská E 5
Štítného		U Libušiných lázní		,	D 1	Voršilská D 3
Štorchova		U Lužického semináře		Uzbecká	F6	Votočkova F3
				V V	го	
Storkánova		U Malvazinky		•		Vozová D 5
Štulcova		U Městských domů		V Botanice	E 2	Vratislavova F 3
Stupartská		U Měšťanského pivovaru			D 4	Vrázova E 2
Stursova		U Meteoru			D 4	Vrbenského A 4 – A 5
Šubertova	E 4	U Michelského mlýna	G 5	V Dolině	G 7	Vrchlického E 1
Šumavská	E 5	U Milosrdných	C 3	V Háji	B 6	Vršovická F 5 – F 7
Švábky		U Mrázovký		V Háji	B 6	Vršovické nám. F 5
Švédská		U Nádražní lávky		V Horkách	F 5	Všehrdova D 2
T		U Nemocenské pojišť.		V Horní Stromce	E 7	Výchozí G 3
Táboritská		U Nemocnice			D 3	Výmolova G 1
					D 3	
		U Nesypky				
Tádžická		U Nikolajky			D 6	Vyšehradská E3 – F3
Tachlovická		U Obecního domu		V Kolkovně	C 3	Vyšší G 5
Tachovské nám.		U Obecního dvora			D 3	W
Taškentská	F 6	U Palaty	E 1	V Lesíčku	E 2	Washingtonova D 4
Technická	B 1	U Paliárky	E 1	V Luhu	G 5	Wenzigova F 4
Templová			D 5	V Občanském domově	G 5	Wenzigova F 4
		U Papírny		V Pevnosti	F3	Wilsonova C4 – D4
Těšnov		U Parního mlýna			G 5	Wolkerova B 2
Těšnovský tunel		U Pergamenky		V Sadech	B 2	Wuchterlova B 2
Thákurova		U Pernštejnských		V Tišině	B 3	X Vi
Thámova		U Písecké brány		V Tůních	E 4	Xaveriova F 1
Thunovská		J Plátenice			A 5	Xaveriova F 1
Tichá		U Plovárny			G 5	Z
Tolstého	F 6	U Plynárny	G 6	V Závětří	A 5	Za Císařským mlýnem A 2
Tomáškova	E 1	U Podolského sanatoria	G 3	V. Huga	E 2	Za Elektrárnou A 3 – A 4
Tomášská	C 2	U Prašného mostu	C 2	V. P. Čkalova	B 2	Za Haštalem C 4
Tomkova		J Průhonu		Václavkova	C 2	Za Invalidovnou C 6
Tovačovského		U Půjčovny		Václavská	E3	Za Papírnou A 4
Tovární		U Radnice			D 4	Za Poříčskou bránou C 5
Trocnovská		U Rajské zahrady			(2	Za Sedmidomky F 7
Trojanova		U Roháčových kasáren		Valdštejnské nám.	C 2	
Trojická		U Sanopzu			D 3	Za Ženskými domovy F 2
Truhlářská		U Santošky			D 1	Zábranská C 5
Tržiště		U Seřadiště		Varhulíkové	A 5	Záhořanského E 3
Třebízského	E 5	U Slavie	F 7	Varšavská	E 5	Záhřebská E4 – E5
Tunel Mrázovka	F 2	U Slovanské pojišťovny	G 5	Ve Smečkách	E 4	Zámecká C 2
Turistická		U Sluncové C 6 –			A 2	Zámecké schody C 2
Turkmenská		U Smaltovny			G 3	Zapova E1
		U Smíchovského hřb.			G 5	Zásmucká E 7
					D 3	
Tychonova						
Tylovo nám.		U Sparty		Velehradská	E 6	Závišova F 4
Týmlova		U Stadionu			D 3	Zborovská D 2 – E 2
Týn				Veletržní	B 4	Zelená A 1
Týnská ulička	D 3	I Ctará cakalovny	E 5			
		J Staré sokolovny		Velflíkova	B 1	Zelenky-Hajského C 6
Týnská	C 3	U Staré školy	C 3	Velkopřevorské nám.	B 1 D 2	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1
	C 3		C 3	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská	B 1 D 2 B 1	Zelenky-Hajského C 6
Týnská	C 3 E 4	U Staré školy	C 3	Velkopřevorské nám.	B 1 D 2 B 1	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1
Týnská Tyršova U	C 3 E 4	U Staré školy U Starého hřbitova U Starého židovského	C 3	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 –	B 1 D 2 B 1	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1
Týnská Tyršova U U Akademie	C 3 E 4	U Staré školy U Starého hřbitova U Starého židovského hřbitova	C3 C3	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2
Týnská Tyršova U U Akademie U Blaženky	C 3 E 4 B 3 F 1	U Staré školy U Starého hřbitova U Starého židovského hřbitova U Studánky	C 3 C 3 G 2 B 4	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá D 3
Týnská Tyršova U U Akademie U Blaženky U Božích bojovníků	C 3 E 4 B 3 F 1 D 5	U Staré školy U Starého hřbitova U Starého židovského hřbitova U Studánky U Sv. Ducha	C3 C3 G2 B4 C3	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vietnamská	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zikova C 2 Zlatá ulíčka u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá 2 D 3 Zlatnická C 4
Týnská Tyršova U U Akademie U Blaženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren	C 3 E 4 B 3 F 1 D 5 C 2	U Staré školy U Starého hřbitova U Starého židovského hřbitova U Studánky U Sv. Ducha U Šalamounky	C3 C3 G2 B4 C3 F1	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vietnamská Vikářská	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá D 3 Zlatnická C 4 Zoubkova F 2
Týnská Tyršova U U Akademie U Blaženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Brusnice	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1	J Staré školy J Starého hřbitova J Starého židovského hřbitova J Studánky J Sv. Ducha J Šalamounky J Topíren	C 3 C 3 G 2 B 4 C 3 F 1 B 5	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeřská Vietnamská Vikářská Viktorinova	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2 G 4	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá D 3 Zlatnická C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2
Týnská Tyršova U Akademie U Blaženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Brusnice U Bulhara	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4	U Staré školy U Starého hřbitova U Starého židovského hřbitova U Studánky U Sv. Ducha U Šalamounky U Topíren U Trojice	C 3 C 3 G 2 B 4 C 3 F 1 B 5 E 1	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská B 1 – Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vietnamská Vikářská Viktorinova Vinařického	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2 G 4 F 3	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá C 3 Zlatí C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonářova D 5
Týnská Tyršova U U Akademie U Blaženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Brusnice U Bulhara U Českých loděnic	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4 A6	U Staré školy U Starého hřbitova U Starého židovského hřbitova U Studánky U Sv. Ducha U Šalamounky U Topíren U Trojice	C3 C3 G2 B4 C3 F1 B5 E1 E5	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská B 1 – Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vietnamská Vikářská Viktorinova Vinaříského Vinaříské	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2 G 4 F 3 B 4	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá Ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá C 2 Zubatého E 2 Zuonařova B 5 Ž
Týnská Tyršova U U Akademie U Blaženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Brusnice U Bulhara U Českých loděnic U Divadla	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4 A6 D4	U Staré školy U Starého hřbitova U Starého židovského hřbitova U Studánky U Sv. Ducha U Salamounky U Topíren U Trojice U Tržnice U Trýrše	C3 G2 B4 C3 F1 B5 E1 E5	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vietnamská Viktřářská Viktorinova Vinaříkého Vinnářská Viničná	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2 G 4 F 3 B 4 E 3	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Žikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá úlička ú Daliborky C 2 Zlatá úlička C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Ž Žatecká C 3
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U Blaženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Bulhara U Českých loděnic U D Divadla U Dobřenských	C 3 E 4 B 3 F 1 D 5 C 2 C 1 D 4 A 6 D 4 D 3	J Staré Skoly J Starého hřbitova J Starého řidovského hřbitova J Studánky J Sv. Ducha J Salamounky J Topíren J Trojice J Tyrše J Vyrše J Uyrše	C3 G2 B4 C3 F1 B5 E1 E5 E1	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vikářská Vikářská Vikářská Vinařská Vinařská Vinařská Viničná Viničná	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2 G 4 F 3 B 4 E 3 E 4	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Žatecká C 3 Žateckých G 4
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U U U U Baženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Brusnice U Bulhara U Českých loděnic U Divádla U Dobřenských U Družstva Řepo	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4 A6 D4 D3 G5	U Staré školy U Starého hřbitova U Starého řidovského hřbitova U Studánky U Stv. Ducha U Šalamounky U Topiren U Trojice U Tryřise U Tvanie U Vodárny	C3 C3 G2 B4 C3 F1 B5 E1 E5 E1 A5	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vietnamská Viktřářská Viktorinova Vinaříkého Vinnářská Viničná	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2 G 4 F 3 B 4 E 3 E 4	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zendrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá C 2 Zubatícká C 4 Zubatého E 2 Zubatého E 2 Zateckých G 4 Železná D 3
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U Blaženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Bulhara U Českých loděnic U D Divadla U Dobřenských	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4 A6 D4 D3 G5	J Staré školy J Staré školy J Starého hřbitova J Starého řidovského hřbitova J Studánky J Studánky J Salamounky J Topiren J Trojice J Trziice J Tyrže J Utranie	C3 C3 G2 B4 C3 F1 B5 E1 E5 E1 A5	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vezeňská Vičenámská Viktorinova Vinnaříckého Vinnářská Viničná Vinohradská Vinohradská	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2 G 4 F 3 B 4 E 3 E 4	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Žatecká C 3 Žateckých G 4
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U U U U Baženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Brusnice U Bulhara U Českých loděnic U Divádla U Dobřenských U Družstva Řepo	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4 A6 D4 D3 G5 G5	U Staré Školy U Starého hřbitova U Starého hřbitova U Starého židovského hřbitova U Studánky U Stv. Ducha U Šalamounky U Topíren U Tržnice U Tržnice U Uranie U Vodárny U Vodárny	C3 C3 G2 B4 C3 F1 B5 E1 E5 E1 A5	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vičetnamská Viktorinova Vinařického Vinnářská Vinidrádská Vinidrádská Vinohradská E 5 – Víta Nejedlého	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2 G 4 F 3 B 4 E 3 E 4	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zendrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá C 2 Zubatícká C 4 Zubatého E 2 Zubatého E 2 Zateckých G 4 Železná D 3
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U Baženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Bruských kasáren U Bulhara U Ceských loděnic U Divadla U Dobřenských U Družstva Řepo U Družstva Život U Družstva U Družstva	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4 A6 D4 D3 G5 G5	J Staré Skoly J Starého hřbitova J Starého řidovského hřbitova J Studánky J Sv. Ducha J Salamounky J Topíren J Trojice J Tržnice J Tržnice J Vodárny J Vody J Vodíků	C3 C3 G2 B4 C3 F1 B5 E1 E5 E1 A5 E5 B5	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vikářská Vikářská Vikářská Vinařská Vinnářská Vinnóhradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vita Nejedlého Vitěžná	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2 G 4 F 3 B 4 E 3 E 4 E 6 D 5	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Žatecká C 3 Žateckých G 4 Železná D 3 Železničářů B 4 Zerotínova D 6
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U U U U U Akademie U Blaženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Brusnice U Bulhara U Českých loděnic U Divadla U Dobřenských U Družstva Řepo U Družstva U U C U Družstva U U C U C U C U C U C U C U C C C C C	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4 A6 D4 D3 G5 G5 A4	U Staré školy U Staré školy U Starého hřibitova U Starého řidovského hřbitova U Studánky U Studánky U Topice U Trojice U Trziice U Tyrše U Uvanie U Vodárny U Vorlíků U Vorlíků U Vorsovického hřbitova	C3 C3 G2 B4 C3 F1 B5 E1 E5 E1 E5 E1 A5 E5 F7	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vezeňská Vičenámská Viktorinova Vinnaříckého Vinnaříckého Vinniráká Viničná Viničná Viničná Vitopradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vito Nejedlého Vítězná Vítězné Vítězné	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2 G 4 F 3 B 4 E 5 D 5 D 2 B 1	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zenegrova A 1 Žikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá C 0 D 3 Zlatnická C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Ž Žatecká C 3 Žateckých G 4 Železničářů B 4 Žerotinova D 6
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U Baženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Brusníce U Bulhara U Ceských loděnic U Divadla U Dobřenských U Družstva Řepo U Družstva Život U Družstva U Elektrárny U Garáží	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4 A6 D4 D3 G5 G5 G5 A4 B5	J Staré Školy J Starého hřbitova J Starého hřbitova J Starého židovského hřbitova J Studánky J Sv. Ducha J Salamounky J Topiren J Trojice J Trznice J Trznice J Vranie J Vodárny J Vodfy J Vršovického nřbitova J Vršovického nádraží	C3 C3 G2 B4 C3 F1 B5 E1 E5 E1 A5 E85 B2 F7 F5	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Vervarská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vikářská Vikářská Viktorinova Vinařská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Viřás Pejedlého Vítězné nám. Vítkova	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A 2 C 2 G 4 F 3 E 4 E 5 D 2 B 1 C 5	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Žikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá úlička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá úlička C 4 Zoubkova C 5 Žubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Železná C 3 Železná D 3 Železníčářů B 4 Žerotínova D 6 Žitná E 3 – E 4 Žitomírská E 6 – F 6
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U Baženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Bruských kasáren U Bulhara U Ceských loděnic U Divadla U Dobřenských U Družstva Řepo U Družstva Život U Družstva U Elektrárny U Garáží U Gymnázia	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4 A6 D4 D3 G5 G5 G5	J Staré Školy J Starého hřbitova J Starého řidovského hřbitova J Studánky J Sv. Ducha J Salamounky J Topíren U Trojice U Tržnice U Tržnice U Vodárny U Vody U Vorlíků U Vršovického hřbitova U Vršovického nádraží U Výstavišté	C3 C3 G2 B4 C3 F1 B5 E1 E5 E1 AE5 BA5 BA5 BB4	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vikářská Vikářská Viktorinova Vinařického Vinařská Vinicha Vinicha Vinicha Vinohradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vita Nejedlého Vitězna Vitězna Vitězná Vitkova Vladimírova	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C 3 A C 2 G 4 F 3 B 4 E 6 D 5 D 5 F 5	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zenegrova A 1 Žikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá C 0 D 3 Zlatnická C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Ž Žatecká C 3 Žateckých G 4 Železničářů B 4 Žerotinova D 6
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U U U U U Akademie U Baženky U Baženky U Bruských kasáren U Brusnice U U Bulhara U Českých loděnic U Divadla U Dobřenských U Družstva U Družstva U Elektrárny U Garáží U Gymnázia U Havlíčkových sadů	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4 A6 D4 D3 G5 G5 A4 B5	J Staré školy J Staré školy J Starého hřibitova J Starého řidovského hřbitova J Studánky J Studánky J Studánky J Topice J Trojice J Trznice J Trznice J Trznice J Vodárny J Vodárny J Vodárny J Vorlíků J Vršovického hřbitova J Vršsovického nádraží J Zásobní zahrady	C3 C3 G2 B4 C3 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5 E5	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vičenámská Viktorinova Vinaříckého Vinaříckého Vinaříská Viničná Viničná Vitorinoradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vito Nejedlého Vítězné Vítězné Vítězné Vítězné Vitalmírova Vladislavova	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B C 3 C C 2 G 4 F 3 B 4 E 6 D 5 D 2 B C 5 D 5 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7 D 7	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Žikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá úlička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá úlička C 4 Zoubkova C 5 Žubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Železná C 3 Železná D 3 Železníčářů B 4 Žerotínova D 6 Žitná E 3 – E 4 Žitomírská E 6 – F 6
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U Baženky U Božích bojovníků U Bruských kasáren U Brusníce U Bulhara U Ceských loděnic U Divadla U Dobřenských U Družstva P Družstva U Družstva U Družstva U Elektrárny U Garáži U Havlíčkových sadů U Invalidovny	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 D4 A6 D4 D3 G5 G5 G4 B5	J Staré školy J Starého hřbitova J Starého hřbitova J Starého židovského hřbitova J Studánky J Sv. Ducha J Salamounky J Topíren J Trojice J Trajice J Trajice J Uranie J Vodárny J Vodý J Vorlíků J Vrševického nřbitova J Vršovického nádraží J Výstaviště J U Zásobní zahrady J Záravotního ústavu	C3 C3 G2 BC3 FF5 E51 E51 E55 EA55 EA55 EA55 EA55 EA55 E	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Vervatká Veverkova Vězeřská Vitěrská Vitkářská Vitkářská Vitkořnova Vinařská Vinohradská Vinohr	B 1 D 2 B 1 B 2 B 4 C A 2 G 4 F 3 B 4 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 D 5 F 5 D 7 F 5 F 7 F 7 F 7 F 7 F 7 F 7 F 7 F 7 F 7 F 7	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Žikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá úlička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá úlička C 4 Zoubkova C 5 Žubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Železná C 3 Železná D 3 Železníčářů B 4 Žerotínova D 6 Žitná E 3 – E 4 Žitomírská E 6 – F 6
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 D4 A6 D4 G5 G5 G5 G4 F5 G3	J Staré Skoly J Starého hřbitova J Starého řidovského hřbitova J Starého židovského hřbitova J Sv. Ducha J Salamounky J Topiren U Trojice U Tržnice U Tržnice U Vranie U Vodárny U Vody U Vorlíků U Vršovického hřbitova U Vršovického nádraží U Výstaviště J Zásobní zahrady J Zdravotního ústavu U Zeměpisného ústavu	C3 C3 G2 BC3 F5 BE1 EE5 EE5 AE5 FF5 BD67 BD67 BB2	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vičenámská Viktorinova Vinařská Vininařického Vinařská Vinicná Vinicná Vinicná Vinicná Vinicná Vitězná Vitězn	B 1 D 2 B 1 2 B 2 3 C A 2 2 G 4 3 E E 6 D D 2 D B 1 C F 5 D B 5 F E 6	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Žatecká C 3 Žateckých G 4 Železniá D 3 Železničíů B 4 Žerotinova D 6 Žitná E 3 – E 4 Žittomírská E 6 – F 6 Žižkovo nám.
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C1 D4 A6 D4 D3 G5 G5 A4 B5 C6 G5 G5	U Staré školy U Staré školy U Starého hřibitova U Starého řidovského hřbitova U Studánky U Studánky U Topice U Tryřice U Trznice U Trznice U Trznice U Trznice U Trznice U Vrodárny U Vodárny U Vodárny U Vodárny U Vrodíků U Vřstavičkého hřbitova U Vřstaviště U Zásobní zahrady U Zdeměpisného ústavu U Zleměpisného úštavu U Zleměpisného úštavu U Zleně studně	C3 GB43 FF5 EE5 EE5 EE5 BFF5 BD67 EBC2	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vezeňská Vičenánská Viktorinova Vinaříckého Vinaříckého Vinaříská Viničná Viničná Vitorinoradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vito Nejedlého Vítězné Vítězné Vítězné Vítězné Vidalinírova Vladislavova Vladislavova Vlastislavova Vlašísská D 1 –	B 1 D 2 D B 1 B B B A B C A A C 2 A C A C A C A C A C A C A C C A C C A C C A C C C F C B C C C F C C C C C C C C C C	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zenegrova A 1 Žikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Ž Žatecká C 3 Žateckých G 4 Železná D 3 Železničářů B 4 Žerotinova D 6 Žitná E 3 – E 4 Žitomírská E 6 – F 6 Žižkovo nám. D 6
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U U U U U U U	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C2 C1 D4 D3 G5 G5 G4 F5 G3 G5 G5 G5 G5 G5 G5 G5 G5 G5 G5 G5 G5 G5	J Staré Školy J Starého hřbitova J Starého hřbitova J Starého řidovského hřbitova J Studánky J Sv. Ducha J Salamounky J Topíren J Trojice J Tránice J Tránice J Tránice J Vranie J Vodárny J Vody J Vorlíků J Vršovického nřbitova J Vršovického nádraží J Výstaviště J Zásvobní zahrady J Zdravotního ústavu J Zeměpisného ústavu J Zeněpisného ústavu	C3 GB4 C5 GB4 C6 GB4 GB7	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Vervarská Veverkova Vězeřská Vikeriská Vikářská Viktorinova Vinařská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vitězná Vitězná Vitězná Vitězná Vitězná Vladislavova Vladislavova Vlašíská D 1 – Vlkova	B1D2BB2BB4C3BBCGG4FBB4BEBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Žikova B 1 Zikova C 2 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá ulička C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Železná C 3 Žateckých G 4 Železní G 4 Železní B 4 Žerotňrova D 6 Žitná E 3 – E 4 Žitomírská E 6 – F 6 Žižkovo nám. D 6
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U U U U U U U	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C1 D4 D4 D3 G5 G5 A4 F5 G6 G5 G5 C1	J Staréh Skoly J Starého hřbitova J Starého řidovského hřbitova J Studánky J Sv. Ducha J Salamounky J Topíren J Trojice J Tránice J Tránice J Tránice J Vodárny J Vody J Vršovického hřbitova J Z Spránice J Zásobní zahrady J Zdravotního ústavu J Zlaré studně J Zlavonařky J Zelezné lávky	C3 G2 BBC3 F1 BBE1 BBE1 BBE1 BBE1 BBE7 BBC6 BBC7 BBC6 BBC7 BBC7 BBC7 BBC7 BBC	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Verdunská B 1 – Veverkova Vězeňská Vičenámská Vikářská Vikářská Vikářská Vinohradská Vita Nějediého Vitázná Vita Nějediého Vitázná Vita Vita Vita Vita Vita Vita Vita Vita	B1 D2 BB2 BB4 C3 AC2 GG4 FB4 BE5 BE5 BE5 BE5 BE5 BE5 BE5 BE5 BE5 BE5	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Zikova B 1 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Žatecká C 3 Žateckých G 4 Železniá B 4 Žerotínova D 6 Žitná E 3 – E 4 Žitomírská E 6 – F 6 Žižkovo nám. C 3 Zel. P 6 Zel. P 7
Týnská Tyršova U U U U U U U U U U U U U	C3 E4 B3 F1 D5 C1 D4 D4 D3 G5 G5 A4 F5 G3 G5 C1	J Staré Školy J Starého hřbitova J Starého hřbitova J Starého řidovského hřbitova J Studánky J Sv. Ducha J Salamounky J Topíren J Trojice J Tránice J Tránice J Tránice J Vranie J Vodárny J Vody J Vorlíků J Vršovického nřbitova J Vršovického nádraží J Výstaviště J Zásvobní zahrady J Zdravotního ústavu J Zeměpisného ústavu J Zeněpisného ústavu	C3 G2 BBC3 F1 BBE1 BBE1 BBE5 BBE7 BBC6 BBC7 BBC6 BBC7 BBC6 BBC7 BBC6 BBC7 BBC7	Velkopřevorské nám. Velvarská Vervarská Veverkova Vězeřská Vikeriská Vikářská Viktorinova Vinařská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vinohradská Vitězná Vitězná Vitězná Vitězná Vitězná Vladislavova Vladislavova Vlašíská D 1 – Vlkova	B1D2BB2BB4C3BBCGG4FBB4BEBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB	Zelenky-Hajského C 6 Zemědělská A 1 Zengrova A 1 Žikova B 1 Zikova C 2 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá ulička u Daliborky C 2 Zlatá ulička C 4 Zoubkova F 2 Zubatého E 2 Zvonařova D 5 Železná C 3 Žateckých G 4 Železní G 4 Železní B 4 Žerotňrova D 6 Žitná E 3 – E 4 Žitomírská E 6 – F 6 Žižkovo nám. D 6





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